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Children? East European Women Say 'Not Now'

By John Pomfret Washington Post Service

WARSAW — With a high-paying job at a multinational corporation, lots of travel, her own house and two cars.

Agnieszka is an advertisement for the good life in Eastern Europe as governments move toward a free market.

Agnieszka's high-flying life appears to bave little in common with the arduous existence of loans Stoenescu. a Romanian who works on a farm on the outskirts of Bucharest. Since Romania's revolution in 1989, Mrs. Stoenescu and her family have seen subsidies for farmers, evaporate with inflation. Late last year their televisioo set

broke, and there's no money to buy a new one.

But Agnieszka, 36, who spoke on condition that her full name not be used, and Mrs. Stoenescu, 29, share one thing. Neither wants children, at least now.

Throughout Eastern Europe, women are having fewer babies than ever before. Last year the fertility rate for Eastern Europe plummeted to the lowest point this

According to the latest UN population survey, many countries, including Hungary, Bulgaria and Romania, are losing population, oot only because of emigration but also because of smaller families.

"Nothing of this oature has ever been seen in Europe, even during wartime conditions," said Miroslav Macura, chief of the Population Activities Unit for Europe at the United Nations, who is completing a report oo the

The reasons for Eastern Europe's "baby bust" are as varied as the roads taken by the 95.7 million people of this region after their revolutions of 1989.

In Hungary and the Czech Republic, two of the richer nations in the region, couples increasingly have Western attitudes toward childbirth and marriage. Fertility rates, which started falling in the 1980s, were down to 1.8 per woman for the Czech Republic and 1.7 for Hungary in

1994, and the drop has been accompanied by a decline in

In the Czech Republic, the number of abortions has dropped 48 percent since 1989 as more couples use modern contraceptive techniques. The fertility rate measures the average number of children born to women of child-rearing age; a rate of 2.1 will maintain a country's

The number of marriages is also down. Ferenc Kamaras, a Hungarian demographer, has charted a buge rise in the number of unmarried couples living together in Hungary, double that of 1980 and three times the number in the 1970s, paralleling trends in the West.

"No one is getting married anymore," he said.

In Romania and Bulgaria, bowever, the fall in fertility rates to 1.5 from more than 2 before 1989 seems to be a

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Balladur Runs With a Vow To Limit His Own Term

By Craig R. Whitney
New York Times Service

PARIS - France's presidential election campaign got into high gear Monday with the conservative frootrunner, Prime Minister Edouard Balladur, promising to cut taxes and un-

employment. Mr. Balladur, 65, said that if elected he would probably propose setting a limit of one seven-year term on the presidency, his own included, and submit the measure to a popular refer-

endum within six months.

"For 20 years, it is true, our country has been in a crisis," be said. "France has to change, with the support of the people, and change more deeply." François Mitterrand, the Socialist incumbent, has held the presidency for

nearly 14 years.

In an hourlong presentation of campaign promises Monday, Mr. Balladur never actually used the word "malaise," but painted a picture of a country "dehumanized" by unemployment, housing shortages, and other stresses of modern life and said that he, an aloof technocrat who looks like a banker, could restore hope and self-

confidence.

The French will cast votes for him or one of the other expected dozen or so candidates April 23, and if no one wins more than 50 percent of the vote then, they will choose between the two leading candidates May 7. Public opinion polls predict that Mr. Balla-dur will be the winner in both rounds.

In his speech, Mr. Balladur reaffirmed his support for a common European currency by 1997, the earliest possible date, but did not say how he would reduce France's 300-billionfranc (\$56-billion) budget deficit to

help meet European Union qualifica-tions to establish such a currency.

He also outlined proposals to re-duce social security contributions that French companies pay on workers' salaries, which can be as much as an additional 62 percent of gross pay. Mr. Balladur said he would cut employers' health insurance contribustep he said would create at least 500,000 jobs.

Similar ideas for cutting government-mandated contributions bave been suggested by his leading conservative rival for the presidency, Mayor Jacques Chirac of Paris.

The Socialist candidate, Lionel Jospin, has also said that reducing France's high unemployment rate -12.6 percent last month - was the

See FRANCE, Page 6



Edouard Balladur presenting his campaign themes on Monday.

Commanders On Both Sides Accept Truce In Chechnya

More Talks Scheduled As Yeltsin Prepares to Address the Parliament

By Steven Erlanger
New York Times Service

MOSCOW - The Russian and Chechen commanders agreed Monday on a cease-fire in Chechnya and on an exchange

More negotiations were scheduled for Wednesday, the day before the Russian president, Boris N. Yeltsin, is to make an important speech to a joint session of Par-

The overall Russian commander, Anatoli Kulikov, an Interior Ministry general, met for five hours Monday with the Chechen chief of staff, General Aslan Maskhadov, at the airport in the town of Sleptsovsk, in the region of Ingushetia.

The Russian Army commander, General Anatoli Kvashnin, and the Ingush vice president, Boris Agapov, also attended the

There was no indication of how long the cease-fire might last or how extensive it might be. As a gesture, the Itar-Tass news agency reported, General Kulikov ordered an immediate halt to the use of heavy artillery by Russian forces in Chechnya. There was no immediate indication that

Russian bombing raids would stop.

"During the first stage of negotiations an agreement was reached on a munual cease-fire concerning heavy weapons," the Russian Government Press Service confirmed Sunday implying that further talks.

Russian Government Press Service confirmed Sunday, implying that further talks would try to broaden the truce.

"The sun is showing us that it is time to start sowing." General Kulikov told Russian television, referring to a still-distant spring. But he seemed to imply that the time for wreaking destruction may be past, and that Russia felt strong enough now to enter real peace talks with the feisty Chechens, who have put up fierce resistance to chens, who have put up fierce resistance to more than 40,000 Russian troops trying to crush a three-year Chechen claim to inde-

A Defense Ministry spokesman said, The first steps have been made toward achieving mutual understanding.

Mr. Yeltsin is preparing a major report about Chechnya that be is to deliver Thursday to a joint session of Parliament. He has announced that the operation in Chechnya was moving into a new phase. and it is likely that he wants a cease-fire in

effect when he gives his speech.
The United States and other Western countries have been urging Mr. Yeltsin to move to negotiations in Chechnya rather than suffer a prolonged partisan war. The Americans have pushed him to make an offer to the Chechen side, diplomats said.

In the speech, Mr. Yeltsin is expected to make a "critical assessment of the military approach" to Chechnya, Kremlin officials told the Russian news agency Interfax, which may mean trouble for the beleaguered defense minister, Pavel S. Grachev, and the security minister, Valentin N. Sto-

Mr. Yeltsin is also expected to repeat his commitment to economic reform and announce measures to help curb inflation, Kremlin officials say, another indication that Mr. Yeltsin is trying to move beyond the Chechnya fiasco and reassure the West

The West and its fiduciary agent, the International Monetary Fund, are contemplating a vital \$6.25 billion loan to Russia, but they want to be assured that Moscow intends a serious program of economic stabilization and sharply lower inflation, which reached a yearlong high of 17.8 percent in January.

The Parliament, for instance, recently passed a near tripling of the minimum wage, on which many pension and other welfare payments are based and which would blow a bole in the budget. Mr. Yeltsin may announce that he will veto the

At the cease-fire talks, the Chechen commander, General Maskhadov, stressed that he had been empowered by the Chechen leader, Dzhokar Dudayev, to discuss "exclusively military issues" such as a pris-

See CHECHNYA, Page 7

REACHING OUT — The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, Sadako Ogata of Japan, being greeted Monday by Rwandan refugees in Zaire.

Mexican President's Party Concedes Its Worst Defeat

By Tod Robberson Washington Post Service

MEXICO CITY - President Ernesto Zedillo Ponce de Leon's governing party on Monday conceded its most serious defeat ever in an election as voters in central Jalisco state elected opposition candidates to the governorship and the mayor's office in Guadalajara, Mexico's second-largest

Political analysts said the results of the elections Sanday, which appeared to give the conservative opposition National Action Party an 18 percentage-point margin over Mr. Zedillo's Institutional Revolutionary Party, was a clear message of dis-satisfaction with the president's handling of a seven-week economic crisis prompted by 40 percent devaluation of the peso.

In Guadalajara, the party's gubernato-rial candidate, Eugenio Ruiz Orozco, said that the vote count was "not going favorably for us," and acknowledged that his party's defeat was "very clear."

The Institutional Revolutionary Party

has not lost a gubernatorial election in Jalisco since its founding in 1928. "Voters here are just like voters any-

where else — they vote with their pocket books," said Denise Dresser, a Mexican political scientists. "They asked Zedillo to fulfill his pledges of 'peace, stability and well-being for your family,' and he has failed to deliver on all three accounts."

Party strategists said they had boped to get a last-minute bounce at the polls from Mr. Zedillo's decision last week to send the military into southern Chiapas state to end a 13-month rebellion there by the Zapatista National Liberation Army.

Instead, the strategy may have backfired as Zapatista supporters continue to flock by the thousands around the country to

anti-war demonstrations, including one here Saturday attended by about 100,000

In addition, the Dec. 20 peso devaluation "was the last straw" for voters, said one National Actioo candidate, Cesar Coll, who claimed victory late Sunday in the Guadalajara mayor's race. "Mexico is showing the world it is evolving away from this party of dictatorship we have had until

The presidency declined to comment on the elections. At the same time, it has

See MEXICO, Page 7

AGENDA

Dutch Protesters Try to Block Plane plane, from Coventry, in the British, Midlands, was carrying 90 animals. AMSTERDAM (Reuters) - The

Dutch police arrested five animal rights activists on Monday who tried to obstruct a plane carrying British calves that was landing at Amsterdam's Schi-phol airport, the Dutch ANP news agency reported.

The five activists were Dutch members of an international group called "People for the Ethical Treatment of Animals," the Dutch agency said. The 2 Killings in Algiers

ALGIERS (AFP) - An Algerian

student leader was murdered Monday in Algiers, state television reported, following the slaying of the director of the Algerian National Theater on Monday. Earlier article, Page 2.

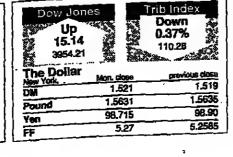
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Toyota Bites Into Lunch Breaks The 15-Minute Answer to Critics of Long Days

TOKYO - Toyota Motor Corp. said Monday it would cut the length of the working day at its plants in May because of public pressure to reduce Japan's long working hours. But it said the time lost would come out of employees' lunch

A spokesman said that Toyota would cut yearly working hours at its factories to 1,891 from 1,952, but that the reduction would not affect production because the lost 15 minutes per day would come from shorter lunch breaks. The standard hunch break in Japan is an hour.

He said the company was reacting to criticism that Japan's working hours were too long compared with other countries. The number of workers affected by the changes will be about 25,000 of Toyota's total work force of 70,000. The company said the unions had agreed to the changes.

Toyota said it would also carry out a new system of shifts; the latest shift will end at 1:00 A.M. instead of at 6:00 A.M. Toyota, which recently reported a nine-fold surge in operating profit for the first profit increase in five years, is planning to streamline operations and expand econo-

The Canadian Mounties Go After the Image Busters

By Charles Trueheart Washington Post Service

TORONTO - With apologies to the beaver, no Canadian symbol bestrides the world so formidably as the Mountie, the red-serge-suited, wide-brim-hatted, high-boot-shod constable of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

But international renown for civilized crime-fighting, helped along by a dandy ontfit, has come at a price to the noble Mountie. To the dismay of the force, the distinctive caricature can be found on dolls, teddy bears, T-shirts, ashtrays, beer mugs, key chains and bibs, and "to a large extent in ways not compatible with our image," said Constable Tim Cogan.

As of April 1, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police will attempt to restrict the use of its "official marks" and image by licensing approved merchandisers of Mountie paraphernalia. In exchange for a 10 percent royalty, the entrepreneurs will have exclusive use of the image or official Mountie logo in dozens of product categories.

"If we let it go loose in the marketplace," Constable

Cogan said, "the image will be destroyed."

The revenue will be paid to the Mounted Police Foundation to support community policing, drug awareness programs and public relations activities such as the annual Musical Ride tour, one of the few remaining occasions when the Mounted Police are still mounted. The modern, vehicle-driving incarnation of the Mounties combines functions of the FBI and the CIA in the United States, and also serves as the provincial police everywhere but in Ontario and Quebec.

The Mounted Police asserted that the trademark pro-

tection would extend to the United States, comparing the licensing program to those successfully and profit-ably enforced by professional sports franchises, the Olympic Games and the Walt Disney Co., which Constable Cogan said "police themselves."

The person the Mounties always have in mind when

they refer to egregiously improper uses of their image is a professional wrestler from Quebec named Jacques Rougeau, who has performed — brutally and underhandedly, unlike a real Mountie - in an irregular scarlet tunic with gold buttons. That was before Mounted Police lawyers reportedly persuaded him to change his act. A British beer manufacturer recently launched an adcampaign featuring a character called "Malcolm the Mountie." A letter from Mounted Police headquarters

was enough to stop that campaign. Then there was a boomlet to name Vancouver's new professional basket-ball team the Mounties, but negotiations between the force and the franchise fell apart. Among the stumbling blocks: The Mounted Police were chary of lending their name to an organization with inevitable financial links to the tobacco and beer industries.

No Mounties were visible, unless in mufti, during a recent visit to Toronto's Adults Only Video, an empori-um recently described in the New Yorker as "Satan's Blockbuster." But a sales clerk confirmed that the store carried several Mountie-oriented videos. The packaging of one in stock, "The Mountie," promised scenes of women wearing unbuttoned red tunics, high boots, and

"That's completely unacceptable," Constable Cogan

God, Genocide and the Fashions of Popular History

By Philip Gourevitch

ASHINGTON - The ticket line outside the Holocaust Memorial Museum here forms two hours Waiting amid the crowd, I try to read a

magazine, but a photograph stops me: bodies swirling in water, dead bodies, bloated and colorless, bodies so numerous that they jam against each other and clog the stream.

The caption explains that these are the

corpses of victims of the tribal genocide in

Looking up, I see a group of museum staffers arriving for work. On their maroon blazers, several wear the

lapel buttons that sell for a dollar each in the museum bookstore, buttons printed with the slogans "Remember" and "Never Again."

I put away my magazine and go to the museum cafe for coffee. There, I meet Virginia Slemker of Dayton, Ohio, and her sister, Sue Thornbro of Sterling, Virginia.

The women, both in their 50s, tell me they

share a long-standing interest in the Holo-caust, a chapter of history, they explain, that is full of associations in the contemporary

"Abortion comes into mind for me," Miss Slemker says, "because there are so many that are being killed and, I think, because of the innocence of the victims.

Miss Thornbro agrees. Like the Germans who allowed the Holocaust to happen, she says, today's Americans "doo't want to go and see and know what's happening in the

The sisters describe themselves as Protestants who believe that the Bible is the literal truth, so I raise the question that has provoked intense theological debate in the past half century: Where was God during the Holocaust?

"I've thought about that," Miss Slemker says. "You can't have a Santa Claus attitude toward God, He allows everything. He allows the tragedy and He allows the mountaintons. He was there. And some did come through, and that was him, too. I don't know why. Ask God. Interview God."

'Sin brought it into the world," Miss Thornbro says. 'It was Adam who made the choice, and history will repeat itself. In America, we've been having religious freedom since we started, and oow if you're a Christian, you're persecuted."

"You have a picture of Christ on your desk in the workplace," Miss Slemker says, "you can get a lawsuit."

N the museum's permanent exhibition, I stand beside a video monitor displaying ghastly images of Jews brutalized and dismembered by Nazi doctors.

"Pretty oeat, huh?" f hear a teeoager say to his friend, "I mean, really sick." Emerging from the gallery, I meet Michael

Sien, a 69-year-old retired dry cleaner from Cranbury, New Jersey, who is a survivor of the Warsaw ghetto and of four Nazi concen-"The experience is torture," he says, "be-

cause I went through all these things.

In the ghetto, his father was shot before his eyes. His mother and sister were killed at Treblinka. His wife, Ruth, who is with him at the museum, was hidden as a child by Polish farmers

"So I live through it again," Mr. Sien tells me. "And it burts."

Mr. Sien's intimacy with the history displayed here is unimaginable for most visitors, the majority of wbom are oot Jewish and are too young to remember the events of midcen-

In visitor-comment books outside the exhibition, one reads statements such as "This was great" and "We really enjoyed learning about all of the horrible things that happened

in Nazi Germany."
Near these books, I find a group of 13- and 14-year-olds from Watertown, Massachusetts, on their eighth-grade class trip to Washington. Their first reactions to the museum are single words: "Awesome ... Intense ... Creepy ... Interesting ... Graphic ... Cool."
"The pictures are disgusting — it wasn't a joke," Robin Shea says. "But it seems like a

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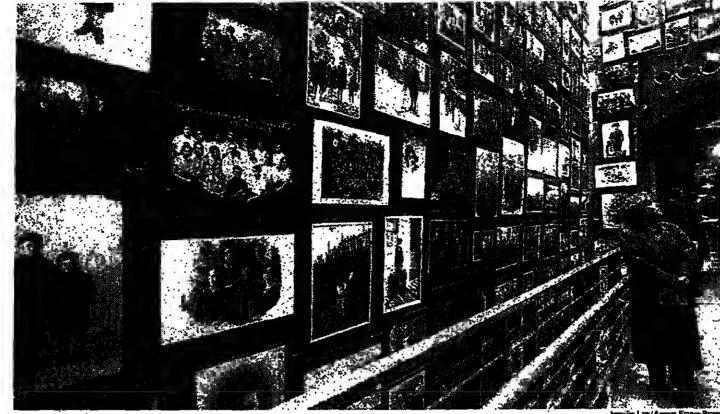
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A visitor viewing pictures of Jewish life in the Polish town of Ejszyszki at the Holocaust Memorial Museum in Washington.

long time ago because it was all black and white. It was a long time ago because, like, oow we all get along together."

Rebecca Neel says: "It makes worries like

what you wear today seem so stupid." The Watertown kids have a busy schedule in Washington — the Smithsonian, Arlington National Cemetery, Ford's Theater, the presi-

dential monuments, the FBI building.

Announcing this itinerary, one of the students, Peter Vitello, remarks that the Holocaust Museum seems "out of place in Wash-

ington."
"Yeah." Miss Neel says, "everything else is patriotic, but this sort of subtly says war is stupid, so it's sort of subtly against the rest of Washington and also fits in. It was fun."

INCE its opening in April 1993, 3.5 million people have come to the Holocaust Museum, more than twice the expected oumber.

Despite complaints of overcrowding, a survey found that 94 percent of the visitors describe their experience as "extremely favorable" or "very favorable," an approval rating most museum administrators can only dream-

But what does it mean to have a "favorable" encounter with this chronicle of abso-

At a time when those who carry the memory of the extermination of European Jewry are passing into history, the museum was built so that visitors would continue, in the words of its motto, to "bear witness" to the horrors of the Nazi past.

The museum's overwhelming popularity testifies, however, to the great difference between bearing direct witness to history and bearing witness to the documentary representation of historical events at a half-century's

People, after all, are oot lining up each day to gain firsthand experience of the Rwandan genocide or the "ethnic cleansing" in Bosnia.

Rather, as Nona Reiss, a 47-year-old homemaker from New City, New York, says: "We know about the atrocities that happen in the world right oow. And what are we doing? Sitting in a museum."

The children from the Vision Christian Academy, an apostolic church school in Baltimore, knew oothing about the Holocaust before they came to the museum, and none knew any Jews.

These black fourth- and fifth-graders have just spent an hour in "Daniel's Story," an exhibit that tells the fictional story of a Jewish boy's ordeal during the Holocaust. They say it

was a disturbing experience, that it made them sad, scared and sometimes anary.

Early on in "Daniel's Story," the firstperson voice-over says: "Have you ever been
punished for something you didn't do? We

The 8- and 9-year-olds from Baltimore tell me they identify with Daniel because they know what it's like to be forced to clean up their rooms or to have someone threaten to steal their bicycles. They cannot really imagine the extremity of the Holocaust, which is so beyond their own experience, and their grasp

of the history is uncertain at best. "The Germans thought they bad the right just to take over the country because the Jews were different," Marquita Cole says. "They were jealous because the Jews were almost

ruling the country."

Like Virginia Slemker and Sue Thornbro, these children all say they believe in God, and again I ask bow God could have allowed so many people to be killed so unjustly.

"They didn't pray," Antwaun Dillard de-

"But many did pray," I say. "Right to their deaths.

"Then they weren't believing." Marquita

"Maybe," Chanel Steele suggests, "they did something wrong and they didn't repent."

"It's a 'jealous God,' " Antwaun says, quoting Exodus. "Terrible. He's jealous because people worship golden calves, idols."

The children recognize the injustice in "Daniel's Story," but they explain it away by presuming that the Jews were misguided in

As their teacher, Deitre Lynn Allen, puts it: "I believe that the Jews are God's chosen people. But they don't recognize that Jesus Christ is the messiah, that He came already. If they had, I think the Lord could have beard their prayers a lot more. In a way, they were praying to a God that they don't really

Miss Allen has told me that her school's trip to the Holocaust Museum is part of a multicultural diversity program" to study other cultures and teach tolerance.

But how, I ask ber, can you teach tolerance if you teach that the tenets of another religioo are wrong?

"It's similar to when we teach about Native Americans," she says. "Since we are a Christian school, we recommend that the children pray that the people of that country would come to know Jesus Christ, and that they pray

VERYONE I spoke with at the mu-seum said they liked the place — everyone but a New Zealander who called it "one-sided Jewish propaganda," and even be seemed pleased that the museum was there to confirm his prejudices.

In my encounters, and in the comment books, I found that visitors often said they would oever forget the museum.

It occurred to me that the Holocaust maxim, "Remember," may be acquiring a new meaning with the passage of time. What we cannot remember directly, we must imagine through representation, and our response is less immediately to the event than to the medium that has conveyed it to us.

It is not the Holocaust that is suddenly such a huge popular draw, but the Holocaust Museum and the Holocaust movie,

The creators of these artifacts, and many who celebrate them, tend to indulge in vainglorious rhetoric, claiming that an affirmative public response to representations of the Holocaust places today's secondhand witnesses firmly on the right side in the struggle of good

My cooversations in Washington suggest that the public may not be so easily led. The world is too much with us for anyone to conclude that genocide can be confined to a

tions talked more of the present than of the past, and their diverse reactions reflect the beliefs and attitudes they brought to the museum as much as anything they discovered within its walls. At different moments in time, particular

The visitors I spoke with about the exhibi-

historical events and personalities come to exert a special fascination oo the public imagination.

Today, the Holocaust is invoked, but nobody speaks much of Napoleon. Few read Gibbon's "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire." References to the Roaring '20s, so popular in the hungry '80s, are rarely heard, and the ghost of Richard Nixoo has come in from the cold.

Such fashions in popular history invariably tell us more about our own times than about the piece of the past that is suddenly turned to

As Americans observe the bloody unravel-ings of the post-Cold War world, the Holo-caust Museum provides a rhetorical exercise in bearing witness to dehumanization and mass murder from a seemingly safe distance.

Mandela's Wife Creates Waves for The Ship of State

By Paul Taylor
Washington Pass Service

JOHANNESBURG Nearly three years after they separated, Nelsoo and Winnie Mandela continue to have their problems. Political, not marital.

Mrs. Mandela has emerged as the loose cannon in her es-

tranged husband's cabinet. Her ootspokenness, questiooable ousiness dealings and aotocratic leadership style have lately drawn a multitude of critics among them, the president him-

On Monday, under duress, Mrs. Mandela sent Mr. Mandela a letter in which she pledged her continued loyalty to the government and sought to "clarify" a speech she gave last week assailing the govern-ment for what she said was its failure to address the racial in-

equities created by apartheid. According to government sources, the speech outraged several cabinet members and induced Mr. Mandela to deliver an ultimatum through an emissary that his estranged wife cither retract her comments or resign her post as deputy minister of arts, culture, science and

technology.

The letter is unlikely to lay to rest the disputes swirling about Mrs. Mandela.

First, it was not a retraction. Second, she still must deal with the resignations this past weekend of 11 executive members of the African National Congress Women's League, which she

The dissidents, including the treasurer, Adelaide Tambo widow of the former ANC president. Oliver Tambo - accused Mrs. Mandela of "bad leadership, undemocratic practices and unaccountability."
For all Mrs. Mandela's cur-

rent troubles, few pobtical analysts treat her as anything but a formidable political force, perhaps even a future president. She has been down before, as

when she was convicted of assaulting and kidnapping a Soweto youth (the assault charge was later overturned). Her husband, under intense political pressure from within

the ANC, separated from her in

But she has always been pop-7 ular with the masses and she has always bounced back, winning ? the presidency of the ANC a Women's League a year and a .:

half ago.
Analysis say Mr. Mandela, who remains cordial with his estranged wife, appointed her to a cabinet position on the the ory that it was safer to have her inside the tent.

In her letter Monday, Mrs. Mandela told her busband that she had oot intended to insult or embarrass the government.

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"I was merely trying to assure the masses that the government and ANC are aware of and concerned about the flaws" that the government must deal with, she

In a development unrelated to Mrs. Mandela's problems, another high-profile anti-apartheid leader, Allan A. Boesak, withdrew Monday as South Africa's ambassador-designate to the United Nations in Geneva to defend himself against allegations that he made personal use of foreign donor aid to a buman-rights group he led.

When the allegations surfaced in December, there were widespread calls for Mr. Boesak's appointment to be pulled.

But Mr. Mandeia, who has

long admired Mr. Boesak's energetic and flamboyant leadership style, held off as he waited for the results of several inqui-

Last week, an investigation on behalf of the Danish donor organization DanChurch Aid alleged that Mr. Boesak had misused up to \$300,000 to pay, for his wedding, his vacations, his house and his wife's business debts.

It was alleged that only 25; percent of the money given to.

Mr. Boesak's Foundation for Peace and Justice had found its way to the intended beneficia-

In withdrawing, Mr. Boesak. denied any impropriety. He complained last week that he was a victim of racism because. the DanChurch inquiry had. been conducted by a leam of white lawyers and the beauty mes water three are a father and

TRAVEL UPDATE COLOR OF SOURCE

Alitalia Workers Plan More Strikes

ROME (AP) - The government succeeded in persuading air traffic controllers to suspend a 24-hour strike planned for Wednesday, But Alitalia Airlines flight attendants went on strike Monday, pilots were scheduled to strike until noon Tuesday and some attendants from another union called a walkout for Friday.

Alitalia said 410 of 630 flights scheduled for Monday and before nooo Tuesday either took off or would be guaranteed. The financially ailing carrier and unions are at loggerheads. Flight crews are upset at Alitalia's leasing of aircraft and outside crews from Australia as part of a cost-cutting drive on unprofitable routes. Alitalia wants the unions to agree to more flexibility in .

In addition, pilots are seeking an annual raise of 24 million lire (\$15,000), a demand rejected by Alitalia. The air traffic controllers had called the walkout to press demands for a new contract. The old one expired on Dec. 31, 1993.

Protest Blockades Sydney's Airport

SYDNEY (AFP) — Travel for thousands of airline passengers was disrupted Monday when about 1,500 residents of a dozen suburbs blockaded Sydney Airport's terminal for domestic flights in their second protest against aircraft ooise.

Airlines said four flights were canceled, 13 rescheduled and others delayed to minimize the impact of the blockade, which was

held during the airport's busiest hours of the week, from 6:30 to 9 A.M. Monday. The airport cootinued to operate, and passengers determined to catch their flights had to walk through picket lines Piccadilly Circus is to get the first indoor Segaworld urban theme

park outside Japan, the property developer behind the project said Monday. Set in the West End theater and restaurant district of London, Segaworld will offer six "high-tech interactive ride" attractions exclusive to the Japanese video-game giant. (Reuters) Turkey has recorded a tenfold rise in malaria since 1990, the

Anatolian News Agency said. "The oumber of malaria patients in, Turkey has risen to over 84,000," Health Minister Dogan Baran

Fog in Bosporus Strait Creates a Shipping Jam About 90 ships were waiting

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ISTANBUL — Nearly 200 at the southern cotrance to the ships were waiting Monday to waterway linking the Black Sea pass through the Bosporus and the Sea of Marmara, and Strait after dense fog in Turkey more than t00 were at the shut down the vital shipping northern entrance, a Turkish maritime official said.

TO CUT THROUGH THE HASSLES OF USING A FOREIGN PHONE, CUT ALONG THE DOTTED LINE.

Director of Algeria's Theater Is Slain

ALGIERS - Gunmen shot and killed on Monday the di-Theater, the latest victim since a picion fell on fundamentalist Muslim fundamentalist insurgency began three years ago, officials said.

The director, Azeddine Medjoubi, was shot several times oear the theater in central Al-

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ture Ministry officials said. militants.

An estimated 30,000 people a day after a deadline for all have been killed in the insurgency, which broke out after the presidential balloting. military-backed government canceled January 1992 parliamentary elections that the 1slamie Salvation Froot was ex-

pected to win. Militants have targeted gov- gal opposition parties. ernment officials as well as journalists and intellectuals in their campaign to bring down

On Suoday, opposition par-ties appealed to the government

drafted by the opposition last There was oo immediate month, and said they had rerector of the Algerian National claim of responsibility, but sus- jected government plans for a presidential election this year. The opposition appeal came

> legal parties to accept plans for President Liamine Zeroual bas so far rejected the peace plan, which was put forward in

Rome last month by the banned Salvatioo Froot and leading le-The plan calls for negotia-tions with the government, as published Feb. 14, 1989, which well as the release of political

prisoners and the eventual lift-

an Union renewed its appeal Monday for Iranian leaders to lift the fatwa, or religious edict, pending against the British writer Salman Rushdie. The call came on the eve of the sixth anniversary of the death seotence prooococed against him by the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

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The Uoioo reaffirmed its called oo Muslims to kill Mr. Rushdie for his book "The Satanic Verses," considered blasphemous by many Muslims,

EU Demands End

To Rushdie Edict

Agence France-Presse

BRUSSELS - The Europe-

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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1995

THE AMERICAS . Senate Republicans Temper Clinton's Vision for Bench

By Joan Biskupic Washington Past Service

WASHINGTON -R. Samuel Paz is the kind of person President Bill Clinton promised to put on the bench. A respected Los Angeles lawyer, he was one of the first Mexican American nominated for a federal judgeship in California. Mr. Paz had survived the scrutiny of the FBf and was rated qualified by the American Bar Association.

But after Republicans took control of the Senate, criticism of Mr. Paz from police groups and conservative organizations, for his longtime representation of people alleging police brutality, acquired greater weight. Last month, Mr. Clinton withdrew his support of Mr. Puz.

The same thing happened to Judith McConnell, a Superior Court judge in San Diego whom conservatives attacked for a 1987 ruling giving custody of a teenager to his recently deceased

Senator

Suspected

Of Illegal

Jobs Deals

By Pierre Thomas

WASHINGTON --- A feder-

al grand jury is investigating whether Senator Bob Pack-

wood illegally solicited jobs from fobbyists for his former

wife so he could reduce his ali-

amony payments, sources famil-

More than a year after the Justice Department began in-

vestigating the Republican sen-

ator from Oregon, its public in-tegrity section has moved to get

answers to questions that

emerged from a Senate ethics

committee probe of allegations

of sexual and official miscon-

One of Mr. Packwood's law-

yers, Bob Muse, said that the

allegations were not new and

that the senator had cooperated with law enforcement officials.

Mr. Packwood, who recently

became chairman of the Senate

Finance Committee, has denied

seeking the job offers for his

Senate rules and U.S. law

generally prohibit members

from using their office for per-

The ethics committee had fo-

cused on Mr. Packwood's diaries while investigating whether

he made unwanted sexual advances to more than two dozen women over a 25-year period. Justice Department officials subpoensed the diaries and other evidence 15 months ago after

learning that the ethics inquiry

Georgie Packwood said in a 1993 interview that she was

gie Packwood.

nese corporations.

duct by Mr. Packwood.

iar with the probe say.

White House officials told Senator Barbara Boxer, Democrat of California, who had recommended Mr. Paz and Judge McConnell to district courts, that the Republican-controlled Sen-ate was 100 great an obstacle for the

The administration also has increased its apprehension over a liberal lawyer. Peter Edelman, who had been promised a seat on the District of Columbia Circuit Court of Appeals but was never formally nominated. A deal may be struck to give the law professor, who is currently serving as counsel to Health and Human Services Secretary Donna E. Shalala, a trial court judgeship rather than the more influential appeals court

Some Democratic senators and liberal interest groups say Mr. Clinton may be backing down too easily on judges and waiving his chance to reshape a bench dominated by appointees of Presidents Ronald Reagan and George Bush. But administration officials say that while Mr. Clinton does not want to waste precious political capital in fights that cannot be won, he is not capitulating.

"The nomination and confirmation of judges is a political process," said a White House law-yer, Abner J. Mikva. If it turns out that objections are raised, he said, it mean that nominees for people who are nominated," will not get hearings, "or that we will end up with a fight that looks like it won't go anywhere." Then, he said, the administration will turn to

Mr. Reagan and Mr. Bush continually went to the mat on judicial nominations. They incited conflict with the Senate, but they ensured a deep conservative imprint on the bench.

Even before the November elections, the White House had shunned an ideological emphasis. Mr. Chinton's stress has been on diversity.

More than half of the 129 judges he has appointed to the beach are women or racial minorities.

But now some of those selections — as the cases of Mr. Paz and Judge McConnell demonstrate - may be hedged.

"We're giving up on fights too early," said Senator Paul Simon, Democrat of Illinois and member of the Senate Judiciary Committee."I think it is important that we stand up and fight'

Because Republican presidents had 12 years of judicial appointments, even after Mr. Clinton's two years in office about 60 percent of the federal judges are Republican appointees. Many

of them cut strong conservative profiles.

Senator Patrick J. Leaby, Democrat of Vermont and member of the Judiciary Committee, noted that the president has about one more year to make nominations. Anticipation of a presidential election usually cuts short an administration's ability to get names through the Senate.

Simpson Glimpses His Old Life as Jury Tours Home



Mr. Simpson walking with Robert Kardashian, a friend, center, and Johnnie L. Cochran Jr., his lead attorney, during the jury tour of his Los Angeles estate. Mr. Simpson felt when he returned to his

By Andrea Ford Las Angeles Times Service

LOS ANGELES - After spending eight months confined to a windowless space not much larger than the shoe closet in his own

bedroom, O. J. Simpson went home.

Under a gloriously sunny blue sky, be stood Sunday in the front yard of his Brentwood estate, chatting with the plainclothes sheriff's deputies who never left his side, and he ate a brown-bag lunch under a clump of trees in the yard as sea gulls winged circles

Before he was taken back to his cell at the Los Angeles County jail, Mr. Simpson, 47, did what many take for granted: He walked into his house.

He last saw the residence on June 17, when he was being led away under arrest, accused of stabbing to death his former wife, Nicole Brown Simpson, 35, and her friend, Ronald L. Goldman, 25, five days earlier. Since then, he has been held at the Men's Central Jail in downtown Los Angeles, as far from his ups-cale lifestyle as he could get.

The visit came about because Judge Lance A. Ito took Mr. Simpson's double-murder trial on the road to give jurors a firsthand look at the two places that figure prominently in the prosecution's case: the site of the murders and Mr. Simpson's property.

Mr. Simpson waived his right to tour the condominium in Brentwood, in front of which the bodies of his former wife and Mr. Goldman were found. Mrs. Simpson's family had objected to his entering the premises.

Mr. Simpson sat in the back seat of an mmarked police car on a side street while the judge, jurors and attorneys trooped through the condominium, which is now for sale.

Gina Syslow, a 38-year-old nurse who watched the caravan, tried to imagine how

house. "Must be bizarre for him not to be able to go in and relax," she said.

Mr. Simpson did seem to relax somewhat amid the flowers and shrubbery in his yard as sheriff's deputies, court officers and lawyers

stood nearby.

Asked whether Mr. Simpson expressed any sentiment about the visit, F. Lee Bailey, one of the defense attorneys, said: "He mentioned the fact that be'd just as soon stay there."

As he waited outside, Mr. Simpson could be seen standing in the shade, his gray suit and patterned the a contrast to the casually clad jurors.

Occasionally, over the ivy-covered brick wall that surrounds his property, he made eye contact with reporters, some of whom were standing on tiptoe on the running board of a van trying to get a better look into his yard.

After the jurors toured the two-story, Tudor-style house, Mr. Simpson was allowed inside, escorted by attorneys and sheriff's deputies. Like everyone else, he was forbid-den to touch anything. He walked past, but did not enter, the trophy room where mementoes of his football career are enshrined.

After about eight minutes inside, be emerged, looking subdued and no longer

The group went to a walkway behind the house where, prosecutors contend, a detective found a glove linked to the murder scene. The route took him past the garage, where a life-size statue of Mr. Simpson in full football gear had been covered by a sheet on Judge

Mr. Simpson then walked down his driveway to the sidewalk before returning to the center of the yard, near the children's playground where the defense team says he was chipping golf balls at the time of the June 12

Finally, it was time for Mr. Simpson to

POLITICAL NOTES

A Switch in Tactics on Nominee

WASHINGTON -In a sign of its apprehension over the fate of its surgeon general-designate, Dr. Henry Foster Jr., the White House backed away Monday from a plan to send him to Capitol Hill and instead sent Vice President Al Gore to Tennessee to underscore its support for the nominee

The change followed a meeting in which White House officials decided they should do more to lay the groundwork before sending Dr. Foster to confront his critics.

Meanwhile, both Mr. Gore and the White House spokesman, Michael McCurry, pointed to abortion foes as the reason that the nomination was in peril. "The truth is that

reason that the nomination was in peril. "The truth is that there are extremists within the right-to-life movement who have now hooked Republicans and Congress by the nose and they're dragging them around," Mr. McCurry said.

But even as Mr. Gore appeared with Dr. Foster in a low-income housing complex in Nashville to promote the nominee's work in combatting teenage pregnancy, the White House conceded that it faced a major battle.

The House prester Newt Cingging told an andience

The House speaker, Newt Gingrich, told an andience Monday in his home state, Georgia: "I think he's going to be very hard to confirm. I think it's going to be a very embarrassing set of hearings."

Gingrich for President? Not Yet

SMYRNA, Georgia — Mr. Gingrich said Monday that he would not run for president because he wanted to "focus on what I am doing" in the House. The House speaker said the departure of former Vice President Dan Quayle from the Republican field prompted him to weigh seriously the possi-

bility of entering the race, but that he had decided against it.

Mr. Gingrich said he had considered running but agreed
with those who had urged him to concentrate on getting the Republican "Contract With America" through Congress.

"I think f should stay and focus on what f am doing and get things done," he said. "I hardly need to run for president to get my message out."

(AP)

If at First You Succeed, Try Again

WASHINGTON — Mr. Clinton is making plans to try to
duplicate one of the highlights of his early days in office—the
domestic economic summit meeting in Little Rock, Arkansas,
that are accept the again. that engaged more than 300 Americans in two days of talks with the president-elect about economic concerns. An administration official said the White House was plan-

ning an economic conference with the same people who attended the original one. The forum is tentatively set for late March. The location is undecided, but it is more likely to be Washington than Little Rock.
The first forum brought together a diverse group — from

heads of major corporations to union leaders to owners of small businesses and management specialists.

Democrats Push Health Reform

WASHINGTON — Senate Democrats, saying the bealth-care crisis has not gone away for millions of Americans, appealed Monday to Republicans to work with them on less costly solutions than those Mr. Clinton sought last year.

The Senate minority leader, Thomas A. Daschle of South Dakota, complained that health reform had gotten short the Resultion had been as Conserved Last years.

shrift from the Republican leaders of Congress. Last year's "fight over health reform is history," be said, "but the need for health reform is now more important than ever,"

Quote/ Unquote

Bob Dole, Republican of Kansas and the Senate majority leader, on his campaign for his party's presidential nomination: "I want to be perceived as somebody who has earned the right to do this."

Grand Old Plans Meet Reality

Senate Resisting Budget and Veto Proposals

found a 1989 journal entry al-legedly mentioning a lobbyist.

The federal inquiry centers primarily on Mr. Packwood's relationship with four lobbyists, who allegedly offered jobs to the senator's former wife, Geor-gic Packwood.

House. Then they passed the balanced budget amendment. Then came restrictions on un-

funded mandates.
Then last week, the Republicans rammed through the most interested in a job offer from Steven R. Saunders, one of the four lobbyists, who repre-House of Representatives a measure that would give the president a line-item veto and sented Japan and major Japa-She said she felt the offer of a began passing bills to crack down on criminals. job escorting the wives of Japa-

weeks may be illusory.

The first sign is that the bal-

become stalled in the Senate. At

the end of last week it was not

clear the Republicans could

muster the two-thirds majority needed for approval unless they

agreed to remove Social Securi-ty retirement benefits from the

amendment, which the House passed easily last month.

Balancing the budget by 2002, as the amendment would

require, would be difficult in the best of circumstances. It

would probably be impossible

over the next seven years.

nese visitors on antique-buying On the surface, it looks as if trips was independent of her the Republicans, controlling former hisband - before they the House for the first time in separated. She added that Mr. 40 years, are having no more trouble with their "Contract Saunders, uneasy about the senator's keen interest in how much she might make, shelved With America" than a shopper crossing items off a grocery list. But the ease of the last seven

During divorce proceedings, Mr. Packwood tried to make almony payments far lower than Georgie Packwood had sought. He cited job offers as evidence of her earning poten-

Ecuador Denies Peruvian Claim Of Downing Jets

The Associated Press - - -QUITO, Ecuador -- The Peruvian president said his forces shot down two Ecuadoran jet fighters, but the Ecuadoran mil-itary command said only that one warplane had been hit by Peruvian anti-aircraft fire.

without counting the nearly \$700 billion by which Social Se-President Alberto Fujimori said Peruvian forces shot down an Israeh-made Kfur fighter and a U.S.-made A-37 jet Sunday as fighting in the undeclared border war between the two countries continued.

The Ecuadoran military said one of its planes that was providing air protection for ground troops in the disputed section of Amazon jungle had been hit but was able to return to its base "without major consequences." ft was the first time an Ecuadoran aircraft had been report-

ed hit in the fighting. Peru claims that it has lost two helicopters and four planes in the fighting Ecuador con-tends that it has shot down four Peruvian helicopters.

Peru says 36 of its soldiers bave died and 60 have been wounded in the fighting. Ecuador says 9 of its soldiers have died and 28 have been wound-

The prospects of giving the By David E. Rosenbaum president a line-item veto, New York Times Service meaning he could revoke specific parts of a spending bill with-WASHINGTON - First, they changed the rules of the out vetoing the entire legisla-House. Then they passed the tion, are also clouded in the Senate, where congressional prerogatives are guarded more jealously than they are in the

But these are matters of principle. Where the contract, the platform on which most Re-

> 'I've said all along this is not written in

Newt Gingrich on the

anced budget amendment, the dealing with policy - particucenterpiece of the contract, has larly tax policy.

With each week, it has become more apparent to many Republicans that they will have to choose between tax cuts and balancing the budget, a goal of the party even if the constitu-tional amendment falls.

In the Senate, at least, the As a practical matter, ex-empting Social Security would probably mean the death of the choice seems to have been made. "I put a lot higher priority on deficit reduction than I do on tax cuts," said Senator Bob Packwood of Oregon, the chair-man of the Finance Committee, which has jurisdiction over tax-

Mr. Packwood said that rather than deal with the meau of tax cuts in the contract, he would like his committee to curity revenues are expected to exceed Social Security spending concentrate on an overhaul of the tax code, a project bound to

Other leading Republican senators who said last week that they gave low priority to tax cuts included Pete V. Domenici, chairman of the Budget Com-

Speaker Newt Gingrich of Georgia and Bill Archer of Tex-as, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, said they planned to continue to press ahead with the tax provisions in the contract. "I don't know of any backing down or backing off at all yet," Mr. Gingrich

But Mr. Archer has already abandoned one rather obscure tax item in the contract: a proposal to give businesses more favorable tax treatment when publicans in the House ran last hovember, may begin to break down is when lawmakers begin dealing with policy—particular to the law and would cost the Treasury nearly \$90 billion in lost ready \$90 bil

And Mr. Gingrich was careful to say this about the contract, of which he was the main author: "I've said all along this is not written in stone."

Mr. Domenici and Represen-tative John R. Kasich, the Ohio Republican who beads the House Budget Committee, made light of a reporter's question at a news conference about when the details of their proposed spending cuts would be

published.

They will be revealed "when we get our budget ready," Mr. Domenici said.

The reporter, sounding exas-perated, tried again: When is

Laughing, Mr. Kasich re-plied: "When it's done. Well, it'll probably be this spring

Away From Politics

• A former Los Angeles police officer, Stacey Koon, imprisoned for the 1991 beating of Rodney King, has raised from \$1 million to \$4.7 million in a direct-mail campaign to pay his legal bills and support his wife and five

· A winter storm in the western United States brought an abrupt balt to unseasonably high temperatures as it dumped up to 5 feet (1.5 meters) of snow in some areas, triggering deadly avalanches and hundreds of car accidents. Avalanches killed a skier in Colorado and another in Utah.

 A wind-driven fire swept through a Philadel-phia row house, killing four children and an elderly woman. Four other people were being treated for injuries.

• A pickup truck veered off twisting Highway 1 north of San Francisco Bay and plunged 300 feet off a chiff near Mount Tamalpais, killing the four people inside.

(AP)

• Five teenagers returning from a church out-ing were killed when their car collided headon with a tractor-trailer on an icy highway near Claude, Texas. The accident brought to seven the number of teenagers who have been killed in the last two weeks in the small town near Amarillo.

• Inmates at a state prison in Winslow, Arizona, barricaded themselves in a kitchen and set fires after a disturbance among 30 to 40 prisoners in the dining hall, the authorities said. The cause of the disturbance was not immediately known.

The PRINT.



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Man Who Gave Tip

On Terror Suspect

Is Said to Be in U.S.

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan -A senior Pakistani official says

that a South African Muslim

man who provided the tip that

led to the arrest last week of the

suspected mastermind of the

World Trade Center bombing

has been flown with his wife

and child from Pakistan to the

United States and placed in a

The official identified the

couple as Ishtiaq and Fehmida Parker, and said they had agreed to be taken to the United

States as part of the deal under which American and Pakistani

agents were led to the rooming house in an Islamabad suburb

Tuesday where they seized the

suspect, Ramzi Ahmed Yousef.

most-wanted list for 23 months.

kistani official, who insisted on

not being identified, could not be confirmed with the U.S. Em-

He had been on the FBI's

The account given by the Pa-

witness protection program.

discuss the case with reporters. All inquiries have been referred

to the State Department in Washington, which said last

week that paying ont a \$2 mil-

lion reward for information

leading to Mr. Youser's arrest

In Washington on Sunday.

spokesmen for the Justice De-

partment and the State Department would not confirm that

Mr. Parker was the informant, nor would they formally ac-knowledge that he had been

brought to the United States.

almost certainly be placed in

protective custody, probably in a safe house where he would be

sible to investigators.

In the days since Mr. You-

sel's arrest and his arrival in New York, U.S. officials have

said the informer was motivated by the reward, although it is

unclear how much of the \$2

million would be paid to Mr. Parker. No decision about the

monetary value of his informa-

tion will be made until after Mr.

Yousef is prosecuted, a process

that will probably take many months. He has pleaded not guilty to charges related to the 1993 Trade Center bombing.

Prosecutors prefer to post-

pone decisions on reward pay-ments because the money could

taint an informer's trial testi-

mony. A promise to pay a wit-

ness a large amount of money

before a trial could be used by

defense lawyers to suggest to a

Some Speak Out

NEW YORK - The use of

paid informants and other

snitches" by federal law en-

forcement has become so wide-

spread that it is distorting the

legal process, according to a re-port in the National Law Jour-

Cash payments to informants increased to \$97 million in

1993, from \$25 million in 1985,

according to records obtained hy the New York weekly

through the Freedom of Infor-

mation Act. Several authorities

quoted by the newspaper in its

Feb. 13 issue deplored the trend

as opening the way to abuse of the legal system.

A former agent with the Drug

Enforcement Administration,

Celerino Castillo, called the sit-

Against Use of

Nevertheless, other law enforcement officials said that a witness like Mr. Parker would

was "under consideration."

COMING HOME - Two U.S. veterans of the Vietnam War, right, watching Monday during a ceremony at the Hanoi airport as a soldier carried a box containing what were believed to be the remains of an American serviceman.

Pakistan Hopes U.S. Takes Note of Its Cooperation

By John F. Burns New York Times Service

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan — After Pakistan's swift deportation of the suspected mastermind of the World Trade Center bombing, the government of Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto is hoping that its action will give a new impetus to Pakistan's bid to improve frayed relations with the United States.

By allowing U.S. agents to join in a raid here Tuesday that caught the suspect, Ramzi Ahmed Yousef, and approving his return to the United States on an American military aircraft eight fours later, "Pakistan has been able to prove our cooperative and friendly atti-tude towards the United States," said Husain Haqqani, an aide to Miss Bhutto

and the government's chief spokesman. For decades, officials here had few reasons to worry about relations with the United States. But a combination of factors in the late 1980s put an end to the era in which Pakistan received favored treatment as Washington's key ally in the region. Those factors included the Soviet military withdrawal from Afghanistan and the subsequent breakup of the Soviet Union, the rise of Pakistan

Guerrillas Shun "

to stop fighting.

offers in the past.

as a major center for heroin trafficking and Islamabad's covert nuclear weapons program.

Now, the hope among top government officials is that the case of Mr. Yousef, in which Miss Bhutto waived procedures that could have delayed the deportation for weeks or months, will stimulate efforts by Pakistan to mend ties with Washington. With Prime Minister Bhntto due in the United States in April for her first official visit since returning to power in an election 17 months ago, Mr. Youser's capture came at an ideal time for the Pakistani govern-

Nearly a week after Mr. Yousef was flown to New York, officials involved in the case remain reluctant to speak openly about it, partly because of concern not to provoke radical Muslim groups that have stirred anti-American passions in the past. So far, the low-key policy appears to have succeeded, with no public demonstrations on the Yousef affair and scant coverage of it in most major

groups like Jamaat-i-Islami, a hard-line
Muslim group with seats in Parliament,
reflected the reluctance of even strongly
anti-American politicians and Muslim
clerics here to be seen supporting what clerics here to be seen supporting what the official described as "the worst kind of terrorist."

The official added: "Who wants to stand up and argue the case of somebody who tried to hlow up a building with thousands of innocent people in

But another reason for the government's reticence has been a concern nnt to invite too close a review of its handling of the deportation. Miss Bhutto set aside procedures that have delayed deportation proceedings for drug traffickers and others wanted in Western countries. And she approved a shortcut in which a midlevel judicial official signed the deportation order, apparently with-out ever seeing Mr. Youser, as the American plane was standing by for the flight to New York.

A Justice Ministry official familiar with the events said that besides Miss

Bangladeshi Women Seek Rights, but...

stan's military intelligence wing.

By acting as she did, Miss Bhutto was following a policy of reaching ont to the United States across a broad front of issues. Since returning to power for her second stint as prime minister, she has abandoned the socialist legacy of her Pakistan People's Party and emphasized economic policies that rely on seiling off nationalized industries and on offering incentives to foreign investors, a turn that has been strongly supported in Washington.

With Clinton administration encour- jury that the witness was lying. agement, U.S. energy companies have announced plans to invest billions of dollars in projects to build coal-fired power plants, which are seen as laying the base for new industrial growth. With prodding from the Washington-based International Monetary Fund, the Pakistani government has renewed efforts to Paid Informants cut the deficit spending that has run up large international debts.

Of more immediate concern to Washington, Miss Bhutto has also ordered a crackdown on some of the drug barons behind the trafficking that sends hundreds of tons of heroin to Europe and the United States each year.

BRIEFLY ASIA

India Seals a State's Ballot Boxes

BOMBAY - Sealed hallot boxes containing votes from Maharashtra, India's richest state, went into storage Monday Maharashtra, India's richest state, went into storage Monday for a month while elections in five other states got under way. An estimated 70 percent of 53 million eligible voters turned out Thursday and Sunday in Maharashtra in polls widely seen as crucial to the survival of the ruling Congress (1) government of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao.

New rules by the Election Commission, an independent

New rules by the Election Commission, an independent body in charge of the nation's voting, have resulted in 270,000 ballot boxes full of votes going into storage at vaults across the state. They will remain there until March 11, when votecounting is scheduled to begin. This is being done in order to ensure that the outcome of elections in Maharashtra does not affect voting patterns in other states," said the chief election commissioner, T.N. Seshan.

The new rules are part of Mr. Seshan's effort to clean up the election process in the world's largest democracy, despite often acrimonious opposition from politicians. (Reuters)

China Greets 1.2 Billionth Citizen

BELIING - China is marking the birth this week of its 1,200,000,000th citizen with a major new crusade against

1,200,000,000th citizen with a major new crusade against multiple-child families in its rural population and among migrant workers, where controls are failing.

China aims to limit the population to 1.3 billion by 2000 by slowing the growth rate to under 10 births per 1,000 of the population. China's ultimate goal is to achieve zero population. tion growth by 2040.

A spokeswoman for the State Family Planning Commis A spokeswoman for the state raining realiting Commission said by telephone that it was not possible to know which baby was citizen number I.2 billion. "There is no difference between the 1,200,000,000th and the 1,200,000,001st." she between the 1,200,000,000th and the 1,200,000,001st." she between the 1,200,000,000th and the 1,200,000,001st."

Seoul and U.S. Move on Exercises

SEOUL - South Korea and the United States are moving ahead with plans for joint military exercises, which North Korea fiercely opposes, a Defense Ministry spokesman said here Monday.

Seoul and Washington, however, might scrap this year's Team Spirit exercises if the North resumes talks on detente with the South, which was required in the nuclear agreement. reached between the Clinton administration and Pyongyang in October, the spokesman said. "There is a possibility the exercises will either be canceled or scaled down if the Northcomplies with terms of the nuclear agreement by resuming dialogue with the South," he said. (Reuters)

VOICES From Asia

Deng Rong, daughter of Deng Xiaoping, during a trip to Washington to promote her biography of her father: "China practices socialism, not capitalism. The question of distribu-tion is always very important, and we should always see to it that there will not be too big a disparity between the rich and

General Nguyen Trong Vinh of Vietnam on a meeting with American veterans in Hanoi to recover the remains of missing U.S. soldiers: "Formerly we were enemies, Now it would be better to be friends."

Chen Xingdong, chief economist for Crosby Securities in Beijing, on the loss of farmland to industrialization: "It's a big challenge. China's losing between 200 and 300,000 hectares of land a year, and there's no way to control it." (Bloomberg)

Language Proposal Racist, Chinese in New Zealand Say

AUCKLAND, New Zealand - A group of Chinese parents is threatening to go to court to block a proposal to bar non-English-speaking children from attending Auckland's schools, Radio New Zealand reported Monday.

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The parents said court action might be the only way to stop a resolution by school principals that the parents said uses immigrant children as "pawns on the political chessboard."

Trade Minister Philip Burdon criticized the resolution, saying that school principals were "playing the racist card."

The president of the Auckland Primary Principals Association,

Alistair Kay, apologized to Asian parents offended by the idea. The association passed what it admitted was a radical solutionto the problem when it suggested last week that schools refuse to admit immigrant children whose English was limited.

The move came after New Zealand's biggest governmentowned primary school, Epsom Normal, announced that new applicants would have to prove that they were competent in English and that they had lived in the area for at least a year.

The area has attracted a high number of mainly wealthy Hong Kong and Taiwanese migrants, and 44 percent of Epsom's stu-. to hlow up bridges, tunnels and dents come from homes where English is a second landmarks in New York City.

dents come from homes where English is a second percent of the children did not know any English. dents come from homes where English is a second language. Ten

TODAY'S

SPECIAL REPORT

ON

EDUCATION

Appears on Pages 11 through 16

Bhntto, no top cahinet minister even One top official, who discussed the knew of Mr. Yousef's arrest, which the case on condition that be not be named, said that the relative quiescence of official said had been coordinated by

Cambodia Appeal

Khmer Rouge warned the govcrament Monday that using cotute the death penalty for alty for rape and killing women

be handed down more quickly Islam.

More alty for rape and killing women

by special tribunals.

More alty for rape and killing women

by special tribunals. crimes against women and chil- for their dowries. ercion to achieve national recdren have come under attack opciliation would fail. from some of the women whom A radio broadcast by the guerrillas said "national recon-

citiation must be conducted this male-dominated society. We are against the death fairly - and not to force a party onto its knees to surrender." penalty on any issue, although we are fighting to stop crimes The broadcast followed remarks late last month by King against women and children," Norodom Sihanouk in which he said Shireen Haq, the head of called on Khmer Rouge rebels Information Minister Icag women in a society where men Mouly issued a cool response to

the Khmer Rouge broadcast, saying that the insurgent leadership had never responded positively to government peace

vere punishments for crimes PHNOM PENH — The DHAKA, Bangladesb — against women and children. It be said, harsher sentences will

> The bill also would give up to the bill is intended to protect in convicted of trafficking in women with the objective of "prostitution, illegal sexual use such crimes." and forced marriage."

Mr. Chowdhury said violence against women and children had increased despite such existing laws as the Women Re-Naripakkha, a womens rights isting laws as the Women Re-organization. "We need to pression Act, the Anti-Dowry

change social attitudes towards Act and the Childrens Act. The increase was caused priare still trying to dominate marily by the trafficking of women and children, he said, as

If Parliament adopts the bill,

life imprisonment for those nals as well as speedy trials, as bill in light of numerous reports in the past capital punishment of abuse of women and children did not have much impact on across Bangladesh.

O Shalish Kendra, called the been campaigning heavily death penalty "an abhorrent against Dr. Nasrin.

really does not solve problems."

attitude to make existing laws dowries. Failure to come up

the writer and feminist who has been accused of blaspbeming Moulana Azizul Haque, a se-

Miss Haq said she was "skep- mor leader of the Cor tical and worried about tribu- Action Council, welcomed the The council, which is made

uation "out of control," with informers being paid two or Sarah Hossain, a top official up of 13 fundamentalist Musin the human rights group Ain lim and rightist groups, has three times as much for information as an agent carns in sal-

way to curb anything."

"It goes against fundamental human rights," she said. "It failing to prosecute violent The practice was defended by the U.S. attorney, Mary Jo White, whose office relied mainly on a secret informant to crimes against woman, many build a case against a group of "What we need is a serious involving rape or murder for Muslim fundamentalists now Home Minister Abdul Matin
Chowdhury has introduced a bill in Parliament calling for se
Wollet and children, he said, as effective," she added. Miss with promised downes has also the bride's family provide a downy to the groom's relations.

Home Minister Abdul Matin
well as from the practice of having the bride's family provide a down to the groom's relations.

Home Minister Abdul Matin
well as from the practice of having the bride's family provide a down to the groom's relations.

Home Minister Abdul Matin
The practice of having the bride's family provide a down to the groom's relations. on trial on charges they plotted

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to realize, but since several months
and especially other our holiday.
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you far the next of my life.
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l'accent tonique.

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we lassed, we connected. Specod
intends should leap in touch Insit me.
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you more than ever and just thank nest year we'll be three. Can we
stand that auch love? With all my
heard gard forever. I les.

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as we make the globe smaller. Our
journy has been tall of blessmay. You
are the custer of my galaxy. Un
amour enveloppe Lous

BETTY, wish you were here in the land BAMBI
Happy Valentine day Bambil
Leerd you of my love and want you
to know that you were, are, and will
always be my ansue valentine
I love you. Your husband,
Jean-Pierre. Any, Brett, and if you too.

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TO M. EARNE "1981 to Puca".

"We must develop and massion the capacity to forgive. He who is devoid of the power to torgive is devoid of the power to love. There is some good in the worst of us and some evil in the best of us. When we discover this, we are less prone to hote, but to love.

INVE.

1946 - 18 make my dispers SHAMY.

U make my bookes SHAKE, U make
my Nikes RUMBLE and my wifes
LEVITATE Across the acoss floor your
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Synds redicts. Old Bether had no measure for the sheckwares that U male Sos mon Volentin, KOMO A.

WHERE EAGLES DARE WE SHALL RY beyond the horizon of our dreams, ferror in frosh, complete in love, individual and together. Our love a for ever and forever is a sring of pre-cross noursels. P/P

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DENESE, it is a long way from here it Ober-Erlenbach, but my thought, are with you. Over 25 years your Valentine, love, Bob.

Celestina. HAPPY VALENTINE'S DAY HONEY! Thenk God. You 8 me today and ALL our transcrows. 24 June cannot corre soon enough? I.V..
CHEKYI, Five years ago, you said yes. 3 lads now, you re the best. Amy, Best, and Kyon too.
My great feetby, flowe you. 50
MY great feetby, flowe you. 50
MY and you ha the only warren.

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GEN - With all my lave an this special day, my heart a yours, it's always been that way. A.

FUNNY VALENTINE'S DAY :-

patta Anne. Le monde soil que le inducació de la metrosa dans le cou, le len burech.

ANDREW - Through good tenes ont bod, you're chears, on my thought and heart. GM.

MARLES I love you more than ever Be my Volentine once more locause.

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EUROPE

As Dresden's Bells Ring, Former Foes Honor the Dead

By Rick Atkinson

BERLIN — Church bells pealed to indict anyone or expects anyone to show remorse or indulge in self-accuacross Dresden on Monday in remembrance of the city's destruction by Allied bombers half a century ago, as former adversaries gathered to realities of firm their postwar reconciliation.

The Duke of Kent, a cousin of Queen Elizabeth, joined German and U.S. officials in laying a wreath at the Heidefriedhof cemetery where many of the city's 35,000 civilian war dead are buried.

President Roman Herzog of Germany, in a speech at the city's Palace of Culture, explicitly rejected the notion that Dresden's destruction had obviated Nazi crimes or that the bombing had converted German culprits into city in ashes.

"As we recall this event today, as so

often before, we have to make some-thing clear first." Mr. Herzog said. "No one present in this room intends

"No one wants to offset the atrocities committed by Germans in the Nazi state," the president added. "We are here first and foremost to mourn, to lament the dead."

The leveling of Dresden — once known as the Florence of the Elbe for its graceful baroque beauty — has long been a symbol of World War II's catastrophic destruction. Three waves of British and U.S. bombers dropped nearly 3,500 tons of explosives and phosphorous on Feb. 13 and 14 in 1945, igniting a firestorm that left the

As with other 50th anniversary ceremonies commemorating wartime

events, this one has provoked somber discussion of guilt and innocence, jus-tice and injustice. Some Germans see the attack on Dresden as comparable to Hiroshima, calling it a gratuitous (Thank Hitler). slaughter of civilians intended to prostrate a nation already on its knees.

German newspaper commentaries Monday tended to deplore the Allied decision to destroy a city with little ue in London to Air Chief Marshal military value as a "false and immor- Arthur (Bomber) Harris, mastermind al" effort to spread fear through the of the raid.

German population, as the Frankfurt
To further the theme of reconciliaer Allgemeine Zeitung put it. But few separated the bombing from the live year. of total war that preceded it.

"Why was Dresden bombed?" the mass eireulation Bild newspaper asked. "The British, it is said, wanted to demonstrate their power to Stalin. This is the perverse logic of war. But this perverse logic began long before the war, when Hitler came to power."

Posters across the city this week made a similar point with a photo-graph showing the city in smoldering ruins and the caption: "Dank Hitler"

Still, Dresden's fate lies very close to the skin in Germany. Queen Elizabeth was jeered on a visit to the city in 1992, shortly after the British unveiled a stat-

tion, British officials presented plans Monday for a gold cross that British donors, including the queen and the government, will provide for the re-built cupola of the Franchirche. The church's 300-foot (90-meter) stone cupola was the most magnificent silhouthe world has gone up in flames, even
ette ou Germany's most magnificent those on the side of reason lose their pola was the most magnificent silhouskyline until the air raids half a century sense of balance. And so Dresden had

In ceremonies Sunday, tens of thou-sands of people filled Dresden's streets to hear a requiem played by bells in 46 churches across the city. Most gathered around the rubble of the Frauenkirche, now being rebuilt at an estimated cost of 400 million Deutsche marks

A private U.S. group has announced the founding of "Friends of Dresden" and an initial pledge of \$100,000 to-ward the Francakirche's reconstruc-

Bishop Joachim Reinelt told a congregation that included Chancellor Helmut Kohl: "After 50 years we still have to understand the causes, purging ourselves to make a fresh start. Once to die."

BRIEFLY EUROPE

Greece Offers a Way Out of Veto

PARIS — Athens seeks only "a few minor changes" to a compromise enabling it to remove its veto of a customs agreement between Turkey and the European Union, a Greek government spokesman said Monday.

The spokesman said the principal demand being made by Greece concerned the opening of negotiations for Cyprus to

join the Union.

Last week, Athens rejected a compromise that said talks about membership for Cyprus "could begin" six months after an EU intergovernmental conference in 1996.

Instead, Greece wants the Union's 15 members to adopt a formula "without reservations or nuances" stating that the membership talks "will begin" six months after the confer-

"This is our main point," the spokesman said.

U.K. Defense Chief Assures Poles

WARSAW - The British defense secretary, Malcolm Rifkind, assured Polish officials Monday of his country's support for an expansion of the North Atlantic Treaty Orga-

nization.

Mr. Rifkind, on a one-day official visit here, met with the acting defense minister, Jerzy Milewski; the chief of the army general staff, General Tadeusz Wilecki, and the prime minister-designate, Jozef Oleksy.

He also was to meet with President Lech Walesa and the

outgoing prime minister, Waldemar Pawlak.

France Presses Audiovisual Quotas

BORDEAUX - France vowed Monday to fight to the finish for tougher limits on the number of Hollywood films shown on European television, warning that the European Union's film industry would otherwise suffer.

France aims to rally culture ministers behind its view that the 15-member Union must protect Western Europe's cultural heritage from drowning in a flood of movie exports from

the United States.

"We will fight right to the end," the French culture minister, Jacques Toubon, told reporters at the start of a two-day meeting here of EU culture ministers.

(Reuters)



European Union events scheduled for Tuesday. BRUSSELS: The ministries of ACP countries meet to pre-

pare Thursday's joint ministerial council between the European Union and the African-Caribbean-Pacific countries. STRASBOURG: The president of the European Commission, Jacques Santer, briefs a plenary session of the European Parliament on the customs union agreement with Turkey. BORDEAUX: An informal meeting of EU ministers of au-

diovisual sector winds up. STRASBOURG: At the European Parliament's plenary session, the Council and the Commission present declarations regarding the customs union with Turkey, the Group of Seven meeting on the information society, and also flood preven-

STRASBOURG: The Commission plans to propose farm prices for the 1995-1996 crop year and to deliberate on the Mercedes-Benz group's acquisition of the German bus manufacturer, Kässbohrer Fahrzeugwerke. A favorable response to the takeover is very likely.

Sources: Agence Europe, AFP.



Workers cleaning up used syringes outside Zurich's abandoned Letten station, which had been a haven for addicts.

Zurich Clears Out Market Catering to Addicts

ZURICH - Officials planned to close station in the Letten district would be this city's market for hard drugs, the largest in Europe, at midnight Monday,

Drug t

By Roger Cohen
New York Times Service

PARIS - The United Na-

the former Yugoslavia charged

the Scrbian commander of a concentration camp in Bosnia with genocide Monday, explic-

itly using a term for the mass killing of Bosnian Muslims that the United States and other

Western governments have

The tribunal indicted Zeliko

Meakic, the overall commander

of the murderous Serbian-run

Omarska camp in northwestern

Bosnia, with "genocide and crimes against humanity." It

also charged 20 other Serbian commanders, guards and visi-

tors at the camp with war

The use of the term genocide for what happened at Omarska, a mine complex that was used

by the Serbs as a concentration

camp between May and August 1992, appeared highly signifi-

sought to avoid.

deadline at the city's abandoned train

Drug use in the district, nicknamed three-years after it was legalized in an "Toxicoland," was legalized in 1992 by effort to control drug abuse. --- officials who wanted to try to control the They said that any drug dealers or drug traffic and prevent addicts from drug addicts who remained beyond the using infected needles.

caine addicts. Swiss and foreigners, congregated at the site.

on the police.

The authorities announced they would close the market after several drug-related murders between dealers and attacks

But the experiment became a victim of its own success as 5,000 heroin and co-

With Britain Looms after a junior government min-

Border-Control Feud

By Tom Buerkle

BRUSSELS -- The European Commission intends to propose legislation to abolish border controls within the European Union this year, a move more likely to increase opposition in Britain than to lift passport controls in the near term, commission sources said

The proposal will be included in the commission's work program for this year, which will be presented by President Jacques Santer to the European Parliament in Strasbourg, France, on Wednesday, sources said.

It is being pushed by Mario Monti, the commissioner in charge of Europe's single market. He told Parliament last month that abolishing controls was his top priority, saying it was essential to fulfill the promise of the Union's existing free movements of goods, services and capital.

"It is impossible to overesti-mate the psychological importance of the free movement of individuals," Mr. Monti said.

But any proposal is almost certain to be vetoed by Britain, where Prime Minister John Major vowed to maintain controls for identity documents.

ister resigned over the issue last

Charles Wardle, an undersecretary of state in the department of trade and industry, said he quit because the government had not committed itself to winning a permanent exemption from the promise of free movement contained in the Maastricht treaty.

"Entry control makes sense for Britain, as an island state, and we have no intention of giving it up," Mr. Major wrote in a letter accepting the resigna-

ed that it would be hard to overcome the objections of Britain, not to mention Denmark and Ireland, who also have stayed outside the so-called Schengen group of EU states that are committed to lifting controls.

Nevertheless, the sources said they hoped that the ending of controls within the Schengen group beginning March 26 would generate public pressure for an EU-wide move.

Starting then, people crossing borders between France, Germany, Belgium, Luxem-bourg, the Netherlands, Spain and Portugal will not be asked

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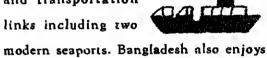
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- BANGLADESH MEANS BUSINESS -

EU Farm Policy Reform. Sprouts Some Successes

BRUSSELS - European Union farm surpluses have shrunk, farmers' incomes are up and a crisis in the group's farm budget has been averted.

The 1992 reform of the Union's Common Agricultural

Policy is working so well. European Commission officials said Monday, that the new farm commissioner, Franz Fischler, will not propose any more major changes in the marketing year that starts July 1.

There's no need for a 'reform of the reform,' " an official

said. "Only technical changes are planned."

Prices of major crops, such as grain and oilseeds, were fixed under the 1992 reform, and milk production quotas will remain unchanged under a deal reached last July. But the Commission will seek a 2 percent cut in the price of

butter to make it more competitive against margarine and other spreads.

EU public grain stocks have plunged to 8.5 million metric tons from about 33 million tons before the reform of the farm

Most farmers, except poultry and pig breeders, had a successful year in 1994, with incomes rising by an average 5.7

percent, after virtually no gains the previous year.

Greek, French, Spanish and Portuguese incomes rose more than 10 percent, and only Italian and Luxembourg farmers Farm spending is forecast to be \$1.2 billion below the 1995 budget limit, and barring major monetary upheavals, will

remain within the 1996 ceiling. Higher world grain prices meant less money was spent subsidizing exports, while a sharp drop in stocks lowered the cost of storing surpluses.

ly the kind of orchestrated project that Serbian leaders have sought to deny and that West-the Bush administration tried to only one of the suspects ern governments have sought to play down what was happening. tions war crimes tribunal for gloss over.

Serb Camp Chief Is Charged With Genocide

More than 10,000 people from northwestern Bosnia, most of them Muslims but also many Croats, are known to have been imprisoned in Omarska, where executions took place on a daily basis and the Serbs successfully eliminated the Muslim elite of surrounding towns, including Pri-

Christian Chartrier, a spokesman for the war crimes tribunal, which is based in The Hague, said the court had decided to indict Mr. Meakie for genocide because his acts met the tribunal's criteria for such a charge: "Killing members of a group or causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of a group with intent to destroy in whole or in part a national, eth-

nic, racial or religious group." When the existence of cant in that it suggested precise- Omarska was revealed in early

As a signatory of the Preven-

tion of Genocide Treaty, the United States might have been compelled to act if it had been officially determined then that genocide was taking place in On Aug. 2, 1992, confronted

by reports and photographs of emaciated inmates of Omarska, the State Department spokesman at the time, Richard A. Boucher, said "abuses and tortures and killings" had taken place at Serbian "detention

But a day later he was contra-dicted by Thomas M. T. Niles, the former assistant secretary of state for European and Canadi-an affairs, who said such reports could not be confirmed.

Thus was a pattern set for contradictory and sometimes evasive statements of policy variously describing the war as a case of Serbian aggression and as a civil war - that was to endure from the Bush administration into the Clinton admin-

The bottom line of this policy has always been that the United States is not ready to fight a war for Bosnia-Herzegovina.

The tribunal said Monday that prisoners in Omarska were "murdered, raped, sexually assaulted, severely beaten and otherwise mistreated." The charges are based on investigations by 20 lawyers and detectives who had traveled to 12

countries. Despite the existence of Serbian concentration camps throughout Bosnia in the first six months of the war, which began in April 1992, the leader of the Bosnian Serbs, Radovan Karadzic, has denied that there

named on Monday, Dusan Ta-dic, is in custody. He was

charged with crimes against humanity, rape, and taking part in group beatings of prisoners at Omarska, several of whom died. Mr. Tadic is in jail in Germa ny and is expected to be handed

over soon to the court in The Hague. His would be the first international war crimes trial since World War II. The other people indicted Monday are all believed to be in

Scrbia or the 70 percent of Bosnia held by the Bosnian Serbs. There is little immediate prospect of bringing them to The Hague since neither Serbia nor the self-styled Bosnian Serbian government has recognized the authority of the tribunal. Trials in absentia are not permitted.

New Effort to Aid Bihac The United Nations will test

an alternative route for aid convoys to northwestern Bosnia, where starvation looms because of acute food shortages, The
Associated Press quoted UN
officials as saying Monday,
Heavy fighting in the Bihac
enclave and intransigence by

besieging forces have prevented the United Nations from sending regular convoys of relief aid to civilians there.

The food sinuation is "ex-tremely critical," said Kris Jan-owski of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees.
"The word starvation is now appropriate," he said.

Representatives of the Bosnian government and rebel Serbs agreed Sunday on opening new routes for humanitarian aid via the Bosnian Serbian stronghold of Banja Luka, southeast of Bihac. The UN refugee agency planned to try sending a convoy via that route Tuesday.

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INTERNATIONAL

The Fits and Starts Of U.S.-China Ties

Relations Face Another Test In Dispute Over Copyrights

By Daniel Williams Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — U.S. policy toward China is often inconsistent and subject to hurches in part because the Clinton administration is averse to setting priorities with a China it regards as unreliable. Washington and Beijing engage in frequent tests of will —

over human rights, trade, arms sales and Taiwan — and each dispute becomes a gauge of the overall health of relations. The latest test begins Tuesday in Beijing with U.S.-China talks over China's lax enforcement of copyright laws. The administration has threatened trade sanc-

tions over the issue, and China says it would retaliate. While each government has been careful to keep bilateral relations out of the deep freeze, neither has been able to reach a level of comfort in its dealings with the other. President Bill Clinton has rejected repeated invitations to visit Beijing, and Vice President Al Gore will not attend an environmental conference there this spring to avoid giving the impression of official warmth, U.S. officials

Dialogue is kept up under a 15-month-old approach called "comprehensive engagement," in which almost any U.S. official in contact with China carries a mixed and sometimes confused menu of missions. For instance, Energy Secretary Hazel R. O'Leary will soon visit China to harvest some contracts

for private U.S. business, but will also take up human rights and arms proliferation, issues usually handled by a secretary

Instituted when relations were arguably at a low point, comprehensive engagement has failed to pull relations out of a

"We decided to talk to China before we were clear about what we had to say," said Harry Har-

NEWS ANALYSIS

ding, a China specialist and dean of George Washington University's school of interna-tional studies. "As a result, it's very easy for the Chinese to misunderstand what the United States is about."

The administration regards it prudent to get a clear idea of who will keep power after the death of Deng Xiaoping, the country's aged and incapacitat-ed leader, before it sets out to devise a broad new relationship with China.

"China wants us to define overarching policy goals, be-neath which lesser problems can be subsumed," a senior policymaker said. "We're not doing that, and that is something they don't find fully satis-

The risk is that relations will get worse while China is in the transitional period. Some observers warn that China is beginning to see Washington as an enemy. Recently, China reversed a long-standing policy of welcoming the American mili-



Towels featuring Walt Disney characters, made in China and meant only for export, being sold at a Beijing street stall.

tary presence in the Pacific as a stabilizing factor, U.S. officials say.

U.S. officials believe that China thinks Mr. Clinton is a pushover because of his retreat tast May from a threat to reduce trade with China cours Railings and China corporate and China corpor last May from a threat to reduce trade with China over Beijing's repressive human rights record. The new talks over copyright enforcement are a way to recover, the officials say.

The national security adviser,

W. Anthony Lake, portrayed the talks as a means of recovering credibility. They were convinced we

were not serious about human rights," he said. They were agreed to abide by. wrong. Human rights did not go

Mr. Lake noted that once the United States threatened sanc-

abroad. China refuses to admit it sold missile parts to Pakistan and has ignored a U.S. offer to lift bans on high-technology sales to China in return for the acknowledgment. Recently, Beijing also refused to receive a delegation of U.S. officials to discuss its adherence to the Missile Control Technology Regime, an accord China has

Beijing and Washington have clashed over Mr. Clinton's decision to upgrade relations with Taiwan, fearing the action will

clare themselves independent from China.

China regards Taiwan as a renegade province and inalienably linked to the mainland. It recently canceled a visit by Transportation Secretary Federico F. Peña to Beijing after
he stopped in Taiwan. Suspicions are heightened over remarks by the House speaker,
Newt Gingrich, Republican of
Georgia, backing Taiwan's effort to join the United Nations.

"The Chinese increasingly
"The Chinese increasingly disturbing and the potential

encourage the Taiwanese to de- deeply resentful of the United States, could be more stridently nationalistic and determined to resist perceived bullying."

Critics say that at the root of the problems are mixed signals from the United States that China must sort through as to

"The Chinese increasingly suspect that the United States is seeking to thwart China's emergence as a great power and keep China weak and divided," said Bonnie Glaser, a crossiliant of sacrifice human rights. Bonnie Glaser, a consultant on Asian affairs. "An economical-ly or militarily powerful China, of human rights."

Fini's Focus In England: Explaining Italy's Right

ROME - Having officially broken with neofascism, the rightist leader Gianfranco Finiis going abroad to try to persuade investors, business lead-ers and power brokers that the right is part of Italy's political

Mr. Fini, the leader of the National Alliance, which was a key partner in Silvio Berlusconi's conservative government last year, was to leave Tuesday for a 48-hour visit to London. He will stop in Paris on his way home.

At a news conference at the Foreign Press Association here Monday, Mr. Fini said he would begin his visit in London by meeting officials of The Times newspaper, then meet with Conservative members of the House of Commons and

Foreign Affairs Committee. After a reception at the Italian Embassy in his honor, he was to have dinner with investors and other business figures.

with members of the House

Last month, Mr. Fini presided over a party congress that officially scaled the transformation of the neofascist Italian Social Movement - a party formed out of Benito Mussolini's political legacy — into the National Alliance, a rightist force eager to return to govern-

Mr. Fini said he was going abroad to meet with "those who still haven't fully understood what the National Alliance is."

Asked about possible protests over his visit, Mr. Fini said, "There are those who say one can't let a neo-Nazi like me speak."

But he said he intended to explain to European public opinion "what the National Alinnce is all about."

When the National Alliance joined Mr. Berlusconi's govern-ment last May, Mr. Fini had already taken pains to distance the group from its neofascist roots. Still, the alliance spentmuch of its tenure in government on the defensive about itsbackground.

Mr. Fini's schedule in London also includes a speech to the Royal Institute of Internaional Affairs.

On Thursday evening, in Paris, he will visit a foreign relations institute.

The Associated Press

PORT MORESBY, Papua New Guinea - Columns of ash have been forced to resign bebegan spewing Munday from cause of charges of corruption one of two volcanoes in the devin financing scandals involving astated town of Rabaul, arousing concerns that another eruption was possible. Rabaul was erument has since barred camdestroyed last year by thou- paign contributions by compasands of tons of rocks and ash, nies.

Soccer Fan's Death Set Back Recovery For Ailing Genoa

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By John Tagliabue

GENOA — The knife that killed a soccer fan before a game here one recent Sunday also wounded the feeling in this down-at-the-heels port city that the worst of a bad decade of so might be behind it.

The violent incident, on Jan. 29 outside the big brick stadium in the Marassi neighborhood, led to a one-day cancellation of virtually all athletic events throughout Italy a

week later.

Genoa is a civil and cosmopolitan place in the northwest where, in 1893, an English ship's doctor named James Richardson Spensley founded Italy's first soccer team. Aldo Spinaelli, 55, now owns the Genoa franchise and a big shipping company that provides him insight into the city's fortines. "Genoa has been recovering," said Mr. Spinelli, in the team's offices along the fashionable Via Roma.

Long the thriving port in Italy's golden triangle with Turing the industrial center, and the financial capital in Milan, Genoa has been feeling optimistic of late, as an Italian export.

When joblessness is as high as in Genoa, people grow up angry. Genoa is like Liverpool - a port city that doesn't work anymore.'

Luca, a soccer club officer

boom helps the harbor gain back cargoes that high labor costs and run-down docks caused it to lose in the 1980s to Marscille, in France, or Livorno, down the Italian coast.

But Italy's economic revival is a fragile one, and many here say the killing reflected social tensions that have been masked by the continuing carousel of governments in Rome.

"Look, social conflict affects all sectors of life —economic, sports, social," Mr. Spinelli said. "How can sports remain isolated? And in Italy, the social barometer is, unfortunately, on storm."

A man who likes to pepper his speech with sports images, he said Genoa's 1980s decline had pushed it toward "disqualification." Genoa, he explained, lost tens of thousands of jobs during a recession in the decade's early years as Italy privatized industries such as the shipbuilding and steelmaking. conglomerates here.

Over the last decade, Genoa's population slumped by 150,000 to below 700,000 as jobs disappeared.

With economic decline came social tension. Each Saturday, ferries from North African countries like Tunisia and Moroc-

co disgorge Africans into Genoa's port in search of work.

And there are drugs. In the summer of 1993, the police struggled for three nights to quell fighting between Italian and African dealers over tim in the old city center.

Young Genoese without jobs frequently gravitate toward anti-establishment clubs like La Zapata, a hangout where vincenze Spagnolo, the 24-year-old stabbing victim, was a

regular.

Other clubs draw soccer fans known as "ultras," who have a reputation for using drugs and alcohol and for being disorderly at games. An 18-year-old Milanese, Simone Barbaglia, has with courder in the stabbing.

been charged with murder in the stabbing.

A battered storefront along the Via Armenia, in a neighbor-

hood of old tenements along the southbound talkoud tracks houses the Ottavio Barbieri Fan Club, an ultras stronghold: named for a 1960s soccer great. "To be an ultra is more than anything a way of this king it o said Enrico Vezza, 19, a club member. "To be free to have our

Graffiti around the neighborhood are a jumble of rightist

and leftist slogans and symbols, red stars next to Fascist. crosses. But Mr. Vezza described the ultras as "apolitical." "Genoa was always red," he said, describing himself, however, as right wing. "You know, the port and the longshoremen. But we never carried this into the stadium."

The club's members do useful things, Mr. Vezza argued. Last year, he said, they collected money to buy a neighborhood ambulance, and gathered food, medicine and toys to send to children in Bosnia-Herzegovina.

The club numbers about 50 members, he said, but perhaps 300 to 400 followers show up for games. It is not violence by his compatnots but big money that is destroying soccer, he said, adding: "They think more about money than about the

One of the club's officers, a 24-year-old who identified himself only as Luca, blamed economic blight for the tension

"When joblessness is as high as in Genoa, people grow up angry," he said. "Genoa is like Liverpool — a port city that doesn't work anymore."

Maurizio Casasco, a medical doctor who is the Genoa team's general manager, talks of a breakdown of values and blames political inlighting in Rome — where a leadership deadlock ties up the functions of government - for a lack of laws to stem the violence.

Television broadcasts from the stadium, Dr. Casasco said, afford the ultras a kind of amplifier for their discontent.

Over the long term, he said, soccer can help Genoa resolve its problems. Employing the schools and television, it can project an image of its players as role models. Last year, for example, thousands of inner-city youths were invited to soccer clinics with star players here.

FRANCE: Balladur Kicks Off Bid

Continued from Page 1

country's biggest challenge, but he has proposed stimulating the economy to create jobs. Bickering inside his own gov-

ernment, between Mr. Balladur's supporters and Mr. Chirac's, has not made Mr. Balladur's candidacy shine.

He also came under criticism over the weekend for retreating on a government regulation in-tended to discourage students at French technical institutes from undertaking long academic studies after graduating instead of going to work. On Fri-day, after days of protests by students, Mr. Balladur ordered the regulation withdrawn.

On Monday, Mr. Balladur mildly rebuked his minister of culture, Jacques Toubon, who supports Mr. Chirac, saving he violated "the rules of the game" the prime minister had laid down for his cabinet on dealing with another problem, a rising tide of trials and investigations New Guinea Volcano Acts Up into accusations of political

corruption in their party. Three government ministers

Mr. Balladur said Monday that Mr. Toubon had not respected the "government soli-darity" prescribed by the Prime Minister.

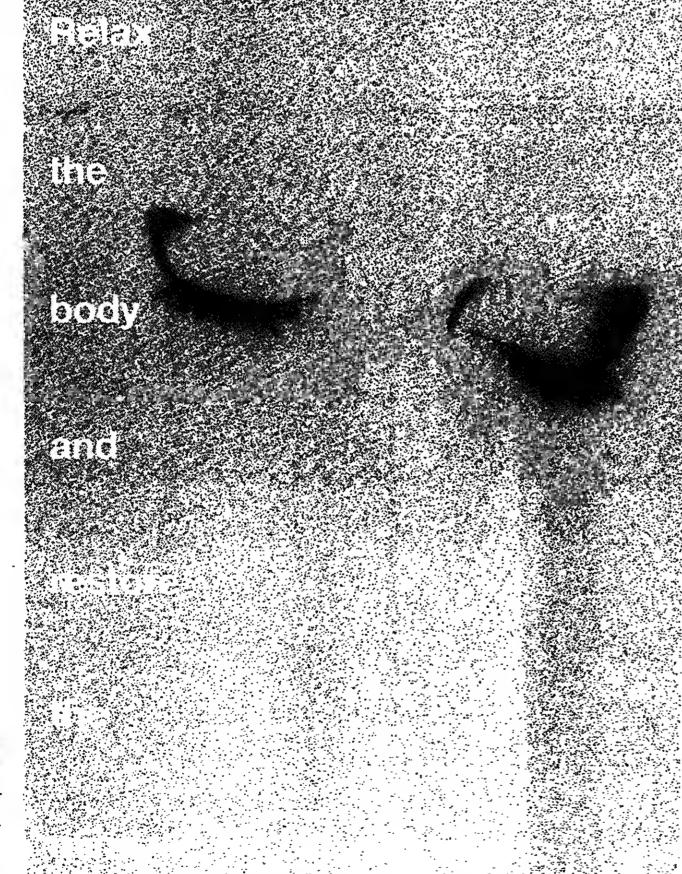
Mr. Toubon had suggested that the prime minister should make clear where be stood on a recent court decision ordering the destruction of police transcripts of telephone conversations between one of the suspects and the father-in-law of the judge in charge of one inqui-

The official in charge of the police, Mr. Balladur's tough in-terior minister, Charles Pasqua. has appealed the court ruling. The government's opponents assert that the whole operation appears to have been a police-backed sting that could have been aimed at discrediting the aggressive investigative judge,

Jean-Pierre Halphen. Mr. Balladur said Monday that he had no intention of interfering with the judicial pro-cess and that Mr. Pasqua did-

Monday was also the first day of a trial of one of the most widely publicized cases, involving an ambitious businessman, Pierre Botton, and Michel Noir, the conservative mayor of Lyon, France's second-largest city. Mr. Noir, a former trade minister, was once seen as a possible presidential candidate.



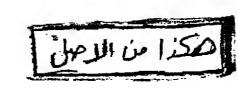


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INTERNATIONAL

U.S. Warns Egypt Over. Refusal on **Arms Pact**

By Steven Greenhouse
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The United States has told Egypt, normally its closest Arab ally in the Middle East, that it is unhappy that Egypt plans to op-pose making the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty

Administration officials said that when Secretary of State Warren M. Christopher met Egypt's foreign minister, Amr Monssa, on Sunday, Mr. Chris-topher told him that Egypt's opposition to extending the treaty was marring Washington's otherwise strong relation-

ship with his country.
We have had an extensive dialogue with the Egyptians on this issue, and they understand clearly that indefinite extension of the nonproliferation treaty is vital to the national security in-terests of the United States," a senior administration official

The Clinton administration is trying to pressure Egypt on the nuclear treaty without 'hlowing up the dispute into a major crisis, administration officials said, because the administration values Egypt's cooperation in pushing forward the Middle East peace talks.

Angry that Israel has refused' to sign the nonprohieration treaty, President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt has declared that his country will vote against extending the pact at a conference to be held in New York in April.

The Clinton administration is eager to make the treaty permanent, in order to limit the number of countries with nuclear arms, but administration officials acknowledge that they have not been able to line up 85 countries to vote for such a

As the leading Arab voice on extension of the treaty.

Under the Nuclear Nonpro-

liferation Treaty, the United States Russia, Britain, France and China are allowed to have nuclear weapons, while the 165 other signatories have pledged not to develop or acquire such

Unhappy with Egypt's pesition on the treaty, some members of Congress have been hinting that they might push to reduce the \$2 billion in foreign

gressional aide. "As we move toward fairly large budget cuts on foreign aid, people are going to look at the assumption that aid to Egypt is off the table."

Administration officials have

told Egypt's foreign minister that Egypt should not allow its nuclear dispute with its neighbor — Israel is widely assumed to have the nuclear bomh - to turn into a dispute over extending the nonproliferation treaty.

The Clinton administration is pressing Israel and Egypt to reach a compromise that would

persuade Egypt to change its mind about the treaty. In the negotiations in Washington on Sunday, Egypt and Israel agreed to pursue the idea of a mnually verifiable Middle
East zone free of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons.
One snag, officials said, was
that Egypt wanted to set up

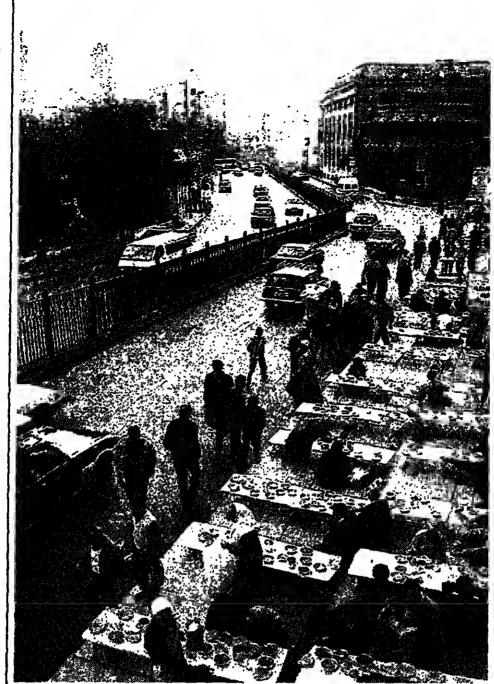
such a zone immediately, while Israel wanted to wait until it signed a comprehensive Middle East peace treaty.

Saudi Arabia Says It Has Expelled 100,000 Aliens

Agence France-Presse
RIYADH — Saudi Arahia
has expelled more than 100,000
foreigners who had been living
illegally in the kingdom, Interior Minister Prince Nayef ibn
Abdulaziz announced Monday.
He did not say when the for-He did not say when the foreigners had left, but on Jan. 1 the Interior Ministry ordered foreigners without residency permits to leave "immediately" and threatened jail sentences of up to two years and fines of \$25,000 for anyone who em-

ployed them.
"The ministry has successfully carried out its campaign of expelling foreigners living here illegally, and more than 100,000 have left," the Saudi Press Agency quoted the minister as aying. He warned of tougher punishment for those who ig-

nored the order. The campaign has mainly targeted pilgrims who stayed on after visiting Mecca and were hired illegally by companies or individuals. Around a million people came to Mecca last year for the annual pilgrimage, or



ONE RAMADAN EVENING — Passers-by in Cairo awaiting sundown Monday to break the daily fast during Islam's holy month. Rich Muslims offer meals for the poor.

MEXICO: Governing Party Concedes Electoral Defeat

Continued from Page 1

imposed a virtual news blackout on the military the issue, Egypt is expected to bring along about 10 other connection between the elections and the timing of the military sweep. connection between the elections and the timing

A government statement late Sunday asserted that the Zapatistas are being rounded up without gunfire or bloodshed other than an incident Friday in which an army colonel was shot to death. Officials called it a sniper attack.

The government has sealed off all news media access to the isolated jungle zone of conflict, just north of the Guatemalan border, where officials say the La troops and federal judicial police. The Guatemalan army is reported to have dispatched troops to its northern border to prevent the rebels from fleeing southward.

Newspapers reported that about a dozen aid given to Egypt each year.

"There is some real unease around here," said a senior contract to a hospital in Comitan de Dominguez, 50 kilometers (30 miles) northeast of the Guatemalan border, while fighting also was reported in the village of La Estrella.

In a communique published by Mexican newspapers Monday, the Zapatistas asserted that the military was taking advantage of the information blackout to bomh and strafe rebel positions. The rebels said that children had been killed and women raped by advancing government troops, who were said to be forming a "circle of death" around the Zapatistas.

The government denied the rebel assertions as well as reports of fighting, but given the refusal to allow reporters into the area, neither side's version could be independently verified.

When the Zapatistas began their rebellion Jan. I, 1994, the Mexican military initially responded The other choice, he added, is to request large with strating that included hits on areas where international loans while demanding economic reporters were interviewing civilians. Despite sacrifices at home.

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Herald Eribune

THE WORLD'S DAILY NEW SPAPER

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videotaped records of the attack, the military denied that it had attacked civilian areas.

Mr. Zedillo ordered the Mexican military into are almost free. "We can't even action last Thursday as he unveiled what he said buy fertilizer for our fields." was the identity of the Zapatistas' charismatic and popular leader, Subcommander Marcos, Mr.

Zedillo labeled Subcommander Marcos, whose real name, according to the government, is Rafael Sebastian Guillen, as a "definquent" who is being sought for treason, illegal arms possession success at pushing legislation to ban abortions in 1992 has gal-

But during an appearance at a Mexico City vanized the market for contrabuilfighting ring Sunday by the actor Sylvester ceptives.
Stallone, crowd members shouted in a telling Agnie ymbol of support for the Zapatista leader. Marcos yes! Rambo no!"

In a separate communique published on Monday, Subcommander Marcos contended that Mr. Eastern Europe riding a wave of Zedillo's offensive was in response to the Jan. 31 foreign investment and eco-White House announcement of \$50 billion in nomic growth. loan guarantees to help stabilize Mexico's bat-

clear. Either speak with submission on your knees in front of the supreme government, or with the support of my accomplices in the United States I will annihilate you."

Mr. Zedillo also came under unusually sharp public criticism from the former Peruvian president, Alan Garcia, who wrote in a newspaper commentary that the military crackdown mirrored moves by leaders in Chile and Peru when their governments faced severe economic crises.

Mr. Garcia said Mr. Zedillo could handle the problem by working with international debtors to reschedule loan payments while working to ease the financial hurden on the Mexican people.

CHECHNYA: Agreement Is Reached on a Cease-Fire

Coextinued from Page I

oner exchange and a cease-fire that would be used to collect

and bury corpses.
The Russian government has said it would not negotiate with Mr. Dudayev, and would arrest him as a "state criminal." It has said that it would negotiate with individual Chechen commanders, however, to get them to lay down their weapons.

General Maskhadov, who leadership of Chechnya has

a Special Report on

Shopping on-line.

moved the Chechen military headquarters out of the wrecked capital, Grozny, last week, has promised a long partisan war against Russian forces. Many Chechen fighters populate villages near Grozny and are harassing Russian troops in the central city itself with hit-and-run raids and snip-

postponed its move to Grozny, but may try to implant itself there this week.

Interior Ministry, army troops will remain until they take the Chechen strongholds of Gudermes, Shali and Argun, Interfax said. There is no chance that fax said. There is no chance that those towns can be taken within 1983 to around 2.5, for exam-

The last cease-fire, in early January, while Russian troops and had children. were struggling to take the presidential palace in Grozny, lasted almost two hours instead of the scheduled 48.

After a failed covert effort to overthrow Mr. Dudayev failed top demographer. Since then, as in November, Mr. Yeltsin authorized a full-scale invasion on benefits in Poland, the fertility

Rather than n quick victory shoring up the power of a weak central government, however, Chechnya has been a twomonth war with nu ready end in sight. The effect had been to undermine Mr. Yeltsin's politi-cal position and hold the Russian Army up to ridicule.

Paris Daily Sets Comeback The Associated Press

PARIS - Le Quotidien de Paris, shut down by hankruptcy last year, will reappear Tuesday under new ownership. The tabloid-format newspaper will ap-pear six days a week and cost 6 francs (\$1.15) an issue.

Arab States Rule Out Regional Bank

By Youssef M. Ibrahim
New York Times Service

PARIS - A proposal champinned by the Clinton administration and Israel to create a regional Middle East development hank has been dealt a major hlow by Gulf Arab countries, which say they will neither fund such a hank nor take part in it.

The unusually forceful position from the Gulf countries appears to be part of a regional retreat from further normaliza-tion of relations with Israel.

The bank proposal was a key part of the American approach to the Middle East peace process. It was designed to integrate Israel into regional Arah economies through joint developmental projects.

The trend to pull back from new agreements with Israel has gained ground as peace talks between Israel, Syria and the Palestinians have slowed. Relations be-tween Israel and several Arab countries, including Egypt — which in 1979 became the first Arab nation to end the state of war with Israel - have deteriorated significantly over the last three months. The rejection of the development bank

project was announced Friday by a United Arab Emirates finance minister, Ahmad Hmeid Tayer, and strongly supported by Sandi and other Gulf officials. Several officials from Saudi Arabia and

the Emirates said they would consider economic cooperation with Israel only after peace has been fully established in the

region.

This latest dispute began with a press conference timed in coincide with a visit by the U.S. secretary of commerce, Ronald H. Brown, to the United Arab Emirates over the weekend to promote the bank

At the press conference, Mr. Tayer said: "The Arab world is not in need of an institution or a development bank in which Israel participates."

He said that "before talking or thinking of establishing a common Middle East market, some balance in security and economic interests between the Arabs and Israel must be established, and the Arab warld's interests must be assured in political, social and economic areas against plans to dominate us and impose facts upon us."

The remarks were described by other senior Arab officials in the Gulf region as accurately reflecting the views of all mem-bers of the Gulf Cooperation Council, a regional organization led by Saudi Arabia and including Kuwait, the Emirates, Qatar, Oman, and Bahrain. On Monday, a Saudi official said: "Our

position has been stated repeatedly in the meetings of the Gulf Cooperation Council, which is that any talk of regional coopera-tion with Israel is premature until Israeli troops leave occupied Arah lands in the West Bank, Gaza, Syria and Lebanon."

The declarations represented the first outright rejection of the project, although objections had been voiced during a Mid-die East economic summit meeting in Oc-mber, where the bank plan dominated the

The development reflects a paipable cooling of a trend toward warmer relations that began soon after Israel signed peace treaties last year with the Palestine Liberation Organization and Jordan.

Arab officials, including the king of Morocco, the sultan of Oman, and senior officials from Bahram, Tunisia, Morocco and Qatar met with Israeli officials as the doors of the Arah world opened and Arab countries appeared anxious to make deals with the Israelis.

But as Israeli-Arah disputes mounted over issues ranging from the construction of settlements in Arab-occupied lands to the signing of a nuclear nonproliferation treaty, the move toward economic ties, including the development hank, is now on

At the October economic summit meeting, held in Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain and Kuwait resisted the venture. But the proposal was supported by Israel, Egypt, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation

Organization. After the Morocco meeting, the United States said it was scaling down the project but insisted that the idea would be pur-

BIRTHS: Children? East European Women's Answer Is 'Not Now'

With the revolutions of 1989,

Configued from Page 1

result of increasing poverty caused by a troubled transition to a market economy.

Modern contraception is out of reach for most people in those countries. Mrs. Stoenescu, unable to afford such a "luxury," as she put it, has avoided motherhood by having abortions, three in the

last two years.
Indeed, since abortion was decriminalized in Romania in 1990, after the end of the Nicolae Ceausescu regime, the prac-tice has boomed.

In 1991, there were three abortions for every live birth in Romania. Although the figure has since fallen somewhat, it is still among the highest in the world. Bulgaria's abortion rate

is also high,
"What can I do but go to the
doctor?" Mrs. Stoenescu said, referring to abortions, which

Agnieszka, on the other

Agnieszka's reasons for postponing childbirth find an echo among the growing number of young, ambitious women in

"I am a modern woman," she tered peso.

"Mr. Zedillo has begun the payback of the loan," the communique said. "His message is clear. Fither speak with sub-relative to the communique said."

in the early 1990s, she took a job at a public relations firm. Within months she was recruited by her current employer, and now she makes more than 10 times the average Polish monthly salary of \$250.

For the first six months of her new job, Agnieszka recalled, "I virtually didn't unpack," traveling between Warsaw and the corporation's headquarters in Vestern Europe. Still, Agnieszka said she was

confident she would have a child, hut probably only one. "Is my job my life? Yes and no," she said. "But having a child is one of the elements of

life to be enjoyed - at some Often in poorer countries, fertility rates skyrocket as the economy declines, Mr. Macura of the UN noted. One explana-

tion for the response of the Despite Mr. Yeltsin's eagerness to turn the war over to the
like them is that they have lost
Interior Ministry, army troops
most of the subsidies that East European countries used before 1989 to encourage couples to have children.

out the use of artillery and air ple, three years after the goverument had announced that it would pay working women the same salary if they stayed home During those three years, the

number of women taking advantage of the benefit jumped from 80,000 to 800,000, accord-ing to Jerzy Holzer, Poland's rate has dropped, declining to 1.8 last year.

In Romania, Mr. Ceausescu's population policies are legend-ary. He banned abortinns and

encouraged women to have the substantial social programs children they could not hope to support. Thousands of young-sters were then handed over to of many of the Communist governments collapsed. While many of the subsidies remain. sters were then handed over to the state. After 1989, the boronly Hungary has adjusted them to keep np with inflation. In January 1992, the Budarendous conditions in Roma-

nian orphanages became cause for international concerninternational concern.

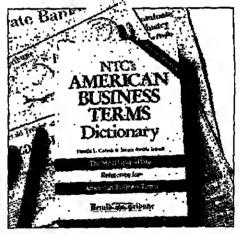
"We know now if we have a subsidies granting money to by, we'll have to bring it up pregnant women and mothers baby, we'll have to hring it up ourselves," Mrs. Stoenescu said with children under 3, allowances for families with a child under 18 and a \$10,000 grant toward the purchase of a house over coffee in a grim, one-story house that she and her husband share with his parents. "How for families with three children could we raise a baby here?"

ог тоге.

Mr. Kamaras, the Hungarian demographer, said the government's program helped slow Hungary's population decline. Before 1989, Hungary had the lowest fertility rate in Eastern Europe; now it is fourth. But pressure is building to

drop the program.
Officials from the International Monetary Fund, in a recent visit to Budapest, lobbied the government to cut the in-ducements. It was not contribnting to a balanced hudget, they

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PA

An Atlantic Community

They may have started something. It as Britain's defense minister, Malcolm Rifkind, who late last year first suggested a new deal between Europe and America, a reconstructed Atlantic community. Then Alain Juppé, France's foreign minister, said much the same thing. Now Volker Rühe, the German defense minis-ter, has repeated the message. Between them, democratic Europe's three chief countries have given birth to an idea.

The idea makes sense. The democracies of Europe and America, working together, have been one of history's most successful combinations. They saved Europe from German dominatioo 80 years ago. They beat fascism in 1945. Now they have defeated communism, thereby escorting the democratic princi-ple safely into the 21st century. To say that this alliance's day is over because its latest adversary surrendered five years ago is a non sequitur. The countries of the Atlantic world - the beartland of democracy — will face new dan-gers, and they will face them better if

they go on facing them together.

This offers something to both sides of the partnership. The European Union is trying to build a united foreign policy. But it is painfully clear that even a united Europe — if it comes — will not for years be a militarily self-sufficient Europe. The Europeans lack the means to project large amounts of military power to distant parts of the world; they lack a modern satellites-and-electronics command system; they lack protection against missiles. The Americans can, oow or soon, provide them with all of these things.

Americans have something to gain, too. The present NATO alliance is de-signed to defend the territory of its members, which has meant, in practice, the defense of Western Europe. A new Atlantic community might raise its eyes to other parts of the world: the safety of the

Last month Deputy Secretary of State

Strobe Talbott, on a visit to Cambodia,

said the United States was willing to

consider lethal military aid to the Cam-

bodian army in its struggle against the

Khmer Rouge, Given the traumatic his-

tory of American involvement in the re-

gion, and virulent corruption in the Cam-

bodian government and army, this is a

The Khmer Rouge insurgents are the

remnants of a movement that killed an

estimated million Cambodians when it

held power during the 1970s. It has little

hope of regaining leadership of the country, but it is still capable of causing much

misery in the countryside and draining away resources that would be best used to

rebuild the struggling nation. The gov-

ernment's amnesty policy has encouraged bundreds of defections from the

Khmer Rouge, whose former fighters

bave been integrated into the army. Last

week the rebels' top financial officer, Sar

aid to an army top-heavy with officers

In a series of votes that were oot even close last week, House Republicans deliv-

cred on their promise to rewrite parts of the crime bill passed last year over their

objection. With help from Democrats, five of eight promises were redeemed. Of

those that remain, a measure to replace

targeted aid to states with block grants

will be on the floor this week. Two other

bills relating to firearms - one would

repeal gun control provisions enacted last

year and the other would make it a feder-

al offense to use a firearm in the commis-

sion of a crime - have been beld for

action late in the spring.

Some of the bills passed last week will have little opposition in the Senate. Few

would object to requiring offenders to pay restitution to victims. No one is likely

to stand in the way of accelerating depor-

tation proceedings for criminal aliens.

And the prison construction bill, with its

requirement that violent offenders serve

at least 85 perceot of their sentences, will

probably be accepted by a large majority. Unfortunately, the remaining two bills,

which pose real threats to constitutional-

ly protected rights, also bave consider-

able support. But they should be resisted.

It is simply wrong to create a broad loophole in the exclusionary rule, which

keeps illegally obtained evidence out of court. The House bill would allow evi-

dence gathered in warrantless searches to be used, so long as police bad been acting in good faith when they conducted a

search. The Fourth Amendment on illegal

search and seizure was not written to cre-

ate a technical barrier to the conviction of

Kim Lemouth, switched sides.

questiooable idea, at best.

Don't Arm Cambodia

Five Crime Bills

Gulf's oil; the danger of ouclear proliferation; the Asian balance of power. This holds out the prospect that, one day, Europeans might go to help Americans keep the peace in such farther-flung places. The alliance might become, at

iast, more of a proper two-way deal.

Of course, it could all prove no more than fine words. To make it real, a stronger Euro-American partnership needs the right sort of machinery.

Mr. Rifkind suggests a new assembly of parliamentarians from democracies on both sides of the Atlantic, who would try to shape a democratic policy for the world as a whole. That is fine, but it does not go far enough. There also needs to be a mechanism for easing economic disputes. Recently several people have proposed an eventual North Atlantic Free Trade Area, a second NAFTA to hinge on to the new North American trade group. And there will pretty clearly have to be a system of regular meetings between the partnership's leaders, where the hard episons can be confrooted.

The oew Atlantic community, it must be formly said is aimed at an order.

firmly said, is aimed at no specific enemy. If tomorrow's Russia proves hostile to the West, it will be a legitimate Western objective to keep such a Russia at bay. But the democracies want to prevent the emerance of a hostile Russia, and they are likelier to prevent it if they stay united. The same applies to the dangers lurking inside Islam's present turmoil. The world as a whole will be a steadier place if the 20th century's series of temporary liaisons between Europe and America is turned into a permanent marriage.

Once upon a time states raised an army for a specific war, and then disbanded it. They found life safer when they moved on to the idea of a standing army. Europe and America will be safer if they bind themselves into a standing alliance.

and bloated with phantom troops created

by officers to enrich themselves oo the

nonexistent soldiers' salaries. The gov-

ernment, although democratically elect-

ed, coodones the intimidation of mem-

like mine-clearing and road-building.

The most important foreign presence in

Cambodia is that of Australia, which is

providing military training and extensive

help with everything from rebuilding the

The Cambodian government is not in imminent peril. China has stopped sup-porting the Khmer Rouge, and there are

signs that Thailand is making at least a

minimal effort to stop the lucrative smuggling along its border that sustains the insurgents. Lethal military assistance must be a last resort, provided only if

the Khmer Rouge are resurgent and the

Cambodian government and army are

free of corruption and undemocratic

practices. None of those tests are likely

criminals. It was drafted by the founders

to protect ordinary citizens from the arbi-

trary invasioo of their homes and papers

by agents of the government. The exclu-

sionary rule provides teeth to this prohi-bition, and it should be preserved.

the right of habeas corpus, which allows

federal court review of state convictions to

ensure due process. It is far less important

to speed up the imposition of death penal-

ties - the objective of this bill - than to

prevent unjust executions. The search and

habeas corpus bills are major mistakes and

Other Comment

which is not fundamentalist at all. With

its Sunnis and Shiites, Chechens and Indo-

oesians, Bosnians and Palestinians, the

different states and peoples of the Islamic

The invention of a mooolithic threat,

where none exists, will not reunify the Western alliance. The Western world

cannot conduct crusades against giants

- Anne Applebaum, deputy editor of The Spectator, in The Daily Telegraph.

world are impossible to classify.

when giants bave ceased to exist.

International Herald Tribune

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JOHN VINOCUR, Esecutive Editor & Vice President

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

should be rejected by the Senate.

A Phony War Against Islam

So should all the protections implicit in

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

university to communications.

America is already helping with tasks

ers of Parliament and journalists.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE Second, the bill unilaterally and prema-

A Bill to Maim American Foreign Policy

WASHINGTON — This week Congress is to consider legislation that would undermine this and every future president's ability to safeguard America's security and to command our armed forces.

The measure is deeply flawed. It is called the National Security Revitalization Act, but it would endanger national security. We are committed to working with Congress in a bipartisan fashion. But if this measure is passed in its current form, we have told the president we will recommend that he veto it.

The bill's first flaw is that it would return the United States to a crash-schedule deployment of a national missile defense deigned to protect the country from missile attacks. That deployment is not justified by any existing threat to our nation's security,

By mobilizing the support of other nations and leveraging our resources through alliances and institutions, we can achieve important objectives without asking American soldiers to bear all the risks, or American taxpayers to pay all the bills.

and it would divert billions of scarce defense dollars and other resources from more pressing needs, particularly in the area of theater missile defense.

We are building effective theater defense systems; they will protect American forces abroad, and the ports and airfields they use, from Scud-like missiles in the hands of rogue states like North Korea, Iraq and Iran. The continental United States does not oow face a ballistic missile attack from these states. But we are oot complacent. We are conducting a broad research and development program that will, in a few years, be able to deploy a national missile defense system whenever a threat emerges.

turely designates certain European states

By Warren Christopher and William J. Perry The writers are the U.S. secretary of state and the secretary of defense

for NATO membership. The Atlanoc alliance should and will expand. NATO expansion will strengthen stability in Europe for members and nonmembers alike. But oew members must be ready to undertake the obligations of membership, just as we and our allies must be ready to extend our solemn commitments to them.

Our present steady and deliberate approach to NATO expansion is intended to ensure that each potential member is judged individually, according to its capacity to cootribute to NATO's goals. That approach gives every new European democracy a strong incentive to consolidate reform. Bot if we arbitrarily lock in advantages

now for some countries, we risk discourag-ing reformers in countries not named and fostering complacency in countries which are. Indeed, the effect of the measure before Congress could be instability in the very region whose security we seek to bolster.

Third, the bill would effectively abrogate

our treaty obligation to pay our share of the cost of United Nations peacekeeping operations that we have supported in the Security Council. The bill would require us to reduce our peacekeeping dues dollar for dollar by the cost of operations we conduct voluntarily in support of U.S. interests. These operations deter aggressors, isolate pariah states and support humanitarian relief in places

like Bosnia and Iraq.

If we deduct the cost of our voluntary actions against our UN dues, it would cancel our entire peacekeeping payment. Other nations — Japan and our NATO allies — would surely follow, and UN peacekeeping would end. Under current circumstances, it

would end UN peacekeeping overnight.

That would eliminate peacekeepers already stationed at important flash points like the Golan Heights on the Israel-Syris border, where UN forces support progress in the Middle East peace process. It would pull UN forces from the Iraq-Kuwait border, from Cyprus and from the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia.

In short, this bill would eliminate an effective tool for burden sharing that every president from Harry Truman to George Bush has used to advance American inter-ests. It would leave the president with an unacceptable option whenever an emergen-cy arose: act alone or do nothing. Religions .
Lose Their

Moral Edge

By William Raspberry

WASHINGTON — If you are a basketball fan, you have

seen him: the big guy who loves to shoot the outside shot, or, when

he does play oear the basket, per-sists in bringing the ball to chest

level before going up for a shot.

Such a player wastes his natural advantage. The tall man who brings the ball down to his chest becomes, in effect, oo taller than

the much shorter guard who may smack the ball out of his hands.

This sort of player, coaches say, is a big man "playing small." f thought of this advantage-

wasting giant recently when I had

occasion to speak to a church group in Mississippi. Why? Be-cause it aptly describes the church in America: endlessly involved in things that other agencies might

do just as well but neglecting the position it is uniquely qualified to

The point is not to criticize

churches that run nursery schools

or tutorial programs or housing developments but to caution them

that their more important work is

the inculcation of moral values -

not to talk them out of feeding the

bungry or housing the homeless but to remind them of their unique

This must seem a strange mes-

sage from a not particularly religious writer, but I am increasingly struck by two phenomena. The first is the growing sense that America's major failings are not political or economic but moral.

The second is the discovery that

the most successful social pro-

grams are those that are driven,

even if only tacitly, by moral

or religious values.

Evidence of the first phenome-

non is available at the neighbor-

bood bookstore, where William

Bennett's "Book of Virtnes" and James Q. Wilson's "The Moral

Sense" have been joined by Ger-trude Himmelfarb's "The De-

What these books have in com-

mon is the ootion that cure for

what ails America must, in signif-

icant measure, be spiritual - or

The second phenomenon

seems too obvious to miss: Those programs that help people to change their lives (as opposed to merely feeding their physical bunger) are the programs with strong elements of the spiritual!

Often, this spiritual side is observed by "technique" or "chilose

scured by "technique" or "philos-

recovery programs. Sometimes it

is so expressly religious that gov-

But the church does not have to

about the constitu-

walk away. Government worries.

tional issues involved in the pub-

lic funding of spiritual-based pro-

grams. But the U.S. Constitution

anticipates that the church will be

involved in such programs. And

still the church persists in playing

away from its strength — its po-tential for spiritual regeneration. Marvin Olasky, the University of Texas journalism professor,

ernment funders walk away.

ophy," as in cases ranging from Afrocentric classrooms to 12-step

Moralization of Society."

at the very least, moral.

standing to reclaim them.

hold: the moral center

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Contract of the Contract of th

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The measure would also impose unnecessary, unsound and unconstitutional restrictions on the president's authority to place our troops under the operational control of another country — even a NATO ally - for UN operations.

Our forces always remain under the command authority of the president, and we already apply the most rigorous standards when we pass even the most limited responsibility to a competent foreign commander. But the commander-in-chief must retain the flexibility to place troops temporarily under the operational control of officers of another nation when it serves our interests, as we did so effectively in Operation Desert Storm and in most other conflicts since the Kevolution. By restricting that flexibility, the bill would undercut our ability to get the international community to respond to threats.

Effective American leadership abroad requires that the United States back its diplomacy with the credible threat of force. When our vital interests are at stake, we must be prepared to act alone. And in fact, our willingness to do so is often the key to effective joint action. By mobilizing the support of other oations and leveraging our resources through alliances and insti-tutions, we can achieve important objectives without asking American soldiers to bear all the risks, or American taxpayers to pay all the bills. That is a sensible bargain that the American people support.

This administration has worked hard to improve our consultation with Congress on every issue raised by the National Security Revitalization Act. But in each case, what is at stake is fundamental: the authority of our president to protect the oational security and to use every effective option to advance the interests of the United States.

In its present form, the bill unwisely and unconstitutionally deprives the president of the flexibility be oeeds to make the right choices for our nation's security.

The New York Times.

Look at What the Others Spend for Peacekeeping

By Ruth Wedgwood

NEW HAVEN, Connecticut

The House Republicans' new peacekeeping bill is poorly reasoned legislation. Former Secretary of State James Baker, Secretary of Defense William Perry and Am-bassador Madeleine Albright have warned that congressional micro-management of defense operations will hobble prompt responses to threats abroad.

Among the bill's draconian features is the rule that the United States must deduct from its annual United Nations peacekeeping assessment any other costs incurred in direct or indirect support of UN efforts. This would zero out the U.S.

assessment, and throw into chaos existing peacekeeping operations - including the efforts in Angola (important to many conservatives concerned to protect the anti-Marxist forces of Jonas Savimbi) and in Kashmir (buffering the conflict between two nuclear powers), as well as the continued monitoring of the Iraq-Kuwait border.

It would require the shutdown of peacekeeping and observers in Cyprus (with possible conflict between two NATO allies), Rwanda and Georgia.

Worse, the offset provisioo is based oo a palpably false factu-al assumption that the United States is contributing disproportionately to the United Nations in voluntary contributions. In fact, other countries, including America's major allies and friends, also voluntarily underwrite unreimbursable expenses

far in excess of their formal UN assessments for peacekeeping. Although the United Nations has oot systematically collected this information (nor has Congress), a telephooe survey of several UN troop-contriboting countries reveals the following

striking examples. Britain, in fiscal years 1992 and 1993, contributed \$184 million in formal peacekeeping assessments to the United Nations, Ambassador David Hannay reports that Britain, by a conservative estimate, voluntarily bore unreimbursed additional costs of \$741.5 million.

These costs were involved in mustering troops in Bosnia, taking part in Operations Deny Flight, Sharp Guard and Grapple, monitoring the border between Bosnia and Serbia, airlifting in Somalia, and other operations. John Major's Britain has oot demanded that British assessments be canceled because of these costs.

Canada notes that its formal assessment for peacekeeping is \$90 to \$100 million. Canadians have contributed an additional \$500 million in incremental costs to support 2,800 peace-keeping troops in United Nations operations abroad. Canada's defense minister remarked during a visit to Washingtoo on Feb. I that the House's offset proposal would "cripple" the United Nations.

Sweden's assessed cootribudon for peacekeeping was \$15.6 and voluntary cootributions

million in fiscal year 1994. The Swedes paid an additional \$122.4 million to support 1,323 peacekeeping troops and observers in Bosnia, Jerusalem, Kashmir, the Iraq-Kuwait border area, Angola and Georgia.

Norway will bave an assessment of \$23 million in the current fiscal year. And Norwegians will contribute ao additional \$140 million in unreimbursed incremental expenses to pay for training, equipment and supplemental troop salaries.

This is strictly for peacekeeping, and does not include the disproportionately large Nordic financial cootribution to UN development work.

million for its share of the UN peacekeeping budget. Ambassa-dor Emilio Cardenas ootes that Argentina has incurred an additional \$60 millioo in unreimbursed incremental costs to support its peacekeepers in Mozambique, Cyprus, Croatia, Western Sahara, Lebanon, Angola and the Iraq-Kuwait border area. This includes the extra costs of mobilizing troops and maintaining them abroad, and the incremental costs of equipment such as fast boats to intercept the smuggling of destabiliz-ing weapons into Angola. In other words, peace opera-tions at the United Nations are

funded by a complex combination of mandatory assessments

from the member countries. If the United States unilaterally withholds its assessments, it will bankrupt the system.
The House bill's hastily draft-

ed terms provide no waiver or escape clauses for peacekeeping under Chapter 6 of the UN Charter, even where the United States would have engaged in the opera-tion unilaterally if necessary.

The sensible way to address in-kind contributions is by building a consensus among key states oo bow to count them, and how to credit them. One has to be careful with the idea, since there is always potential for creative accounting to shift national defense costs onto a multilateral budget.

The Contract with America seen by the electorate before the be: elections asked simply and plainly for "restoratioo of the essential parts of our national security funding." One es-sential part of security funding is adequate support for peace operations with allies to prevent the emergence of local begemons and to block regional destabilization

The cutoff of UN funding rovided in the House bill, if enacted into law, will destabilize a baker's dozen of conflict areas. The Contract with America does not require this misadventure.

The writer, a senior fellow at the Council on Foreign Relations and professor of law at Yale University Law School, contributed this comment to the International

The Clinton Camp Prepares a Counterpunch Strategy

The Islamic world includes dozens of different peoples and states, ranging from the pro-Western Saudi fundamentalists to WASHINGTON — Wheo three speech writers quit in disgust, unable to get access to the pro-Western Turkish secularists to the or direction from the top man in anti-Western regime of Saddam Hussein

the White House; When the president is rightly treated as irrelevant after submitting a weak-kneed, punt-and-pray budget that helplessly runs up another trillion dollars in debt;

When his staff has to explain that his bonehead play to end the baseball strike failed at night and

Whoever gets to the middle first, and holds it, is the winner.'

oot during working hours - then a good case can be made that we are witnessing the disintegration of this presidency.

But it's too soon to write Bill Clinton off as a half-term president. To get an inkling of any strategy, grand or petit, to resus-citate the Clinton political for-tunes, I went to the White House to see George Stephanopoulos, his loyal aide, who turned 34 years old that day. As a sign of his maturing bumility, we dined in the "B" Mess.

"From now on, you're going to see the Liberated Clinton," George said, determinedly optimistic, "We've got a good ham-mer in the Republican Contract." But didn't Mr. Clinton's notion of campaigning as a liberal against Newt Gingrich's Contract With America nationalize

By William Safire

"A flawed campaign strategy is oot occessarily a flawed loogterm strategy. From his responses, and from other Clinton well-wishers less in-

clined to talk oo the record, a pastiche of plans and hopes and guesses emerges that can gener-ously be labeled the Clioton Comeback Strategy:

 Concentrate on espousing "responsible" middle-class tax cuts that do oot increase the deficit, and boast of "cutting the deficit as a percentage of GDP." Negotiate tolerable welfare reform, some bealth fixes, and at year's end come up with one hot

new Topic X.

2. Do the gutsy "unpopular thing" by resisting the anti-government thrust; use the veto, as in defeoding the popular portions of the crime bill. Hit the conservative discotitlement brigade as "weak on work, tough on kids," and use Republican majority excesses as a foil.

Press foreign economic poli-cy to generate jobs; although stupefyingly dull and unpopular, it shows leadership, as in the Mexi-can bailout, and drives a wedge between Republican internationalists and isolationists.

4. Exploit the new majority's mistakes: for example, tie Republican regulatory reform to fat-cat cootributors, undermioNo wooder speech writers like liberal David Kusnet took flight (literary agents take note). Cliotonites who experienced the angry voter reaction to their lurch to the left oow pray that the Republicans will veer far to the right Arguments supporting coun-

terpunch strategy:

1. In Mr. Clintoo's first two years, necessary compromises hurt his profile as a leader, but next year the media focus will be more oo presidential effort than oo legislative results.

2. He will oot be respossible for every act of Congress, can sharpshoot at failures and most important - lay blame for any ecocomic downturn on Re-3. The Republican candidates

must hit the campaign trail early in '95, while Mr. Clinton can seem to wait a year, making their actions look politically motivated and his look presidential.

4. The nature of popularity's pendulum is to swing. "Six months ago. Bob Dole was Darth Vader and now he's Mr. Rogers," says George, answering those who think Mr. Clinton's problems will get worse before they get worst. Clintonites used to pretend that they most feared Dan Quayle, in the hope of encouraging a nomioation triumph of the far right. In reality, most worry most about California Governor Pete Wilson, because "that puts the mother lode in peril," but doubt that he'll be chosen. They see the new ge-nial Dole as a problem; Phil Gramm less so; Lamar Alexander should be so lucky."

The idea is to present Bill Clinton in 1996 as possessing the en-ergy of youth combined with the experience of the presidency the safe choice."

Sounds bizarre: ignores the looming Whitewater and Tyson investigatioos; precludes more staff appointment foul-ups or a Mexican standoff: relies oo a third party splitting the Republican vote. But no old Nixon hand will say they never come back.

The New York Times.

says he recently spent a few nights as a "homeless" person on the streets of Washington. Every shel-ter he visited plied him with as many sandwiches and soft drinks as he wanted, he told me. But

nobody asked him the first ques-

tion about how he became home-

less or what he thought might help him toward independent living. Doesn't the neglect of the spiritual help explain the persistence not just of homelessness but of teen pregnancy, substance abuse, school failure and all the other problems we tend to see as stemming primarily from bad economics or racism? Shouldn't organized religion take the lead in doing

what the rest of us fear to try?

"We have been looking for cures in all the wrong places," says Robert Woodson, bead of the National Center for Neighborbood Enterprise (and a layman). "We don't bave a crisis in recreation or social services or consumer capacity. Certainly our children oeed these things, and oeed jobs too. But these things have oo redemptive quality, and what our young people oced above all is to be redeemed."

Washington Post Writers Group.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1895: China Surrenders

WEI-HAI-WEI — Admiral Ting has surrendered. Yeslerday and to-day a heavy cannonade was directed agaiost the remaioing Chinese ships and island forts both from the Japanese fleets and the shore batteries. This afternoon [Feb. 12] while the Japanese warships were hard at work a white flag was seen by the watchers on shore flying first from the nearest Chinese gunboat and then from the others.

1920: 'Signals to Mars'

NEW YORK - Mr. Thomas A. Edison, commenting on the state-ment of Marconi that untraced wireless calls might come from Mars, stated that such a thing is possible. "Existing machinery is able to send signals to Mars." said Mr. Edison. "The questioo is, have the beings there instru-

ments delicate enough to hear us? They say that Martians are as far ahead of humans as we are ahead of chimpanzees. If that is true they must have such apparatus."

only of Nazi leaders but of Gesta-

1945: Gestapo Warned NEW YORK - Punishment not

po officers who were directly involved in crimes against religious and national minorides was called for last night [Feb. 12] by Herbert C. Pell, former U.S. representative on the UN War Crimes Commission at a maxima of the American sion, at a meeting of the American Jewish conference, "It will not do to hang the leaders, then pat the smaller men in the Gestapo on the back and tell them oot to do it again. We ask for justice, not revenge," said Mr. Peli, "At least 10 million people died indirectly as a result of the war. Is it too much to ask that one man should hang for ten murders?"

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the local elections and backfire in the '94 campaign? His reply:

ing Republican populist appeal.

This is the politics of centrist counterpunching. George makes no bones about it: "Whoever geis to the middle first, and holds it, is

OPINION/LETTERS

H. William R.

THE LABOR SHEEFING THE SHEEFING THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

Religion Orphanages? But We Can't Get Day Care Right

By Ellen Goodman

BOSTON — When the talk of the times turned to orphanages for non-orphans, I confess that a small, cartoon-like light bulb went on over my head. Here was an idea with great potential.

If we were going to take the chil-dren of poor mothers and raise them in group homes or centers, why not start modestly and cheaply. Why not start with part-time orphanages? Why not keep them open during working hours? We could call it day care.

After all, the folks who favor

24-hour care would certainly favor eight- or 10-hour care. Anyone who likes Boys Town would like Preschool Towns.

I know, I know, they might see through my ploy. It will be hard to get a child care subcontract into the Contract With America. For reasons that escape me, child care is considered a tired old liberal idea while orphanages are a bright new conservative idea

Still, the whole argument about poverty and work, welfare and workfare, hangs on a familiar question:
Who will take care of the children?

For decades now, many on the political right have believed that mothers with small children should not work outside the home, but that welfare mothers should get a job. Meanwhile, many on the political left have defended working mothers but have been uneasy pushing poor women into their ranks.

. Today, at the ideological core of this debate are the families, struggling and juggling with work and kids, who have concluded that if they can do it, so can welfare mothers. More to the point, if they have to do it, so should welfare mothers.

Into this emotional and heated debate now comes a new and critical study of the quality of child care. A team of psychologists and economists from four universities — Yale, the University of California at Los Angeles, and the universities of Denver and North Carolina - examined 400 child care centers and tested children in four states.

They came to the depressing but not surprising conclusion that the vast majority of children in these centers were getting care that was "mediocre in quality, sufficiently poor to interfere with children's emotional and intellectual development." Only one in seven centers provided both the security and the stimulation worthy of a high rating.

poor, and, as Sharon Lynn Kagan of Yale says, "When I say poor, I mean poor — broken glass on the play-

ground, unchanged diapers."
This study is one of the first to relate the cost of day care to the quality and the outcome -- how kids actually fare. It shows, in the words of Barbara Reisman of the Child Care Action Campaign, that "the ones that have more money do bet-This conclusion may seem obvious. But Ms. Reisman says it is rarely spelled out this clearly.

In fact, the better centers did not cost the parents more. The extra money came to the centers from sources like block grants, private funds and corporations. The difference in the price tag of mediocre and good care was as little as 10 percent. But when they had the dollars, and had to live up to state standards, centers used the money in ways that matter - in the quality, quantity

and constancy of staff. Perhaps the most startling finding in the study is about parents, the buyers in the child-care market. While the researchers said most care was mediocre or poor, 90 percent of the parents said their child care was good. The parents' views may be a form of myopia brought on by guilt. How could I leave my kid at a place I didn't think was good? Or it could be inexperience. How many parents have seen the kind of centers that are

the norm in France or Japan? However you look at it, this is a case of low consumer expectations.

And a market that meets them. For too long, child care has been tangled up in arguments about wom-en's roles, not children's lives. Middle-class mothers felt that any criticism of day care was really criticism of them. Lower income and, especially, single mothers, were forced to be grateful for any child care at all.

Now we may have a wave of weifare mothers searching for places in an underfinanced system threatened even further by cuts in block grants. In this environment, Ms. Kagan of Yale says that parents have to be-come savvier and more demanding consumers. Those who care about kid stuff have to be savvier citizens.

The question is not just who will take care of kids, but how they will be taken care of.

Have you heard the promises from the orphanage fans? They insist that these will not be Dickensian warehouses but warm, nurturing, high-quality group settings, Well, O.K. Let's give them a try. How about The youngest of the children fare the worst. About 40 percent of the infant and idddler rooms were rated the Boston Globe Newspaper Company.

In the Information Age, A New Set of Have-Nots

By Nicholas Negroponte

MAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts households with children and less -- When Newt Gingrich spoke of buying laptop computers for needy Americans, critics promptly ssed the idea as silly.

But it is not silly at all. It raises a question that does not seem to have occurred to those who brushed aside his suggestion as a case of offering cake to the starv-

MEANWHILE

ing: Just who are the needy? Who are the have-nots?

Most Americans over 30, rich or poor, have been left out of the digital world. Even though 35 percent of households have at least one personal computer, and home computers will represent 70 percent of PC sales this year, adults tend to use them for such specific purposes as word processing, simple ac-counting and business applications

that allow them to work at home. Children, on the other hand, use them for everything from homework to games to dating. Plenty of adult Americans are computer-illitcrate. Fewer and fewer 10-yearolds are. None are, if you count Nintendo and Sega — as I do.

Two forces are working at once. Parents feel obligated to prepare their children by buying them a home computer, just as my parents felt obligated to buy an encyclopedia. This includes 30 percent of

than \$30,000 of annual income. Children meanwhile, find that computers are at that wonderful intersection of playing and learning and that they can take over and control the digital world without parental intervention. It can be their own medium, not someone else's.

Together, these two forces helped push the sales of personal computers ahead of televisions for the first time last year. By the year 2000 I believe that as many homes will have a computer as have a television. In fact, many Americans will be watching television in

Who are these people? They are the post-MTV generation, who are finding that there is more entertainment on the Internet than all the "networks" combined.

They meet, play and even get married in cyberspace, a land that has no material bounds or geographic limits. The boy next door

may be 10,000 miles away.
Weightless, sizeless, colorless
bits, those is and 0s that travel at the speed of light, are the DNA of a wired society of on-line people.
And the ones who know how to navigate it -the digerati -are, for the most part, the young.

Conversely, many affluent and middle-aged Americans are suddenly have-nots. Paradoxically, the revolotion in a world where a com-

the upper-right-hand corner of their PC screens.

elderly, especially widows and widowers, are turning to computers

and on-line communities. Seniornet(at)aol.com is growing at almost 10 percent a month. The digital revolution, blind to wealth, has left many powerful people behind - and, increasingly, nations too.

Consider two countries with roughly the same population, Germany and Mexico. More than half of all Germans are over 40. More than half of all Mexicans are under 20. Which country is in a position to benefit more from the digital

puter will cost less than a bicycle by the year 2000?

Information Superhighway

As developing nations install new telecommunications systems, they will leapfrog over First World countries with older ones. Already, Thailand has more cellular telephones per capita than the United States.

The combination of starting from scratch and having a young population can be a major asset. Back in the United States, the average age of an Internet user is 23 and rapidly dropping. In the digital

era, these people are the haves. The have-nots - the digitally homeless, the truly needy -are the

large number of older, middle-class Americans, often highly educated, who couldn't tell a CD-ROM from the World Wide Web.

If you are in this group, and if you have a child or a grandchild be-tween, say, 10 and 15, ask him or her to help you get started.

That's how I do it. We have a lot to learn from the young.

The writer, founder and director of the Media Laboratory at the Massa-chusetts Institute of Technology, is authar of "Being Digital," about the com-ing information age. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

A NATO of Consensus

Regarding "Political Pressure Grows to Enlarge Membership " (Feb. 10) by Steven Erlanger:

The reporter attributes to an "official" (with the implication that it was a NATO staff member) the words, "We don't need any more Frances, Spains, Greeces or Turkeys."

Such sentiments are in complete contradiction to the alliance's views

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's stgnature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited maand policies. The aforementioned versary of the liberation of Auschcountries are full members of the alliance, and their contribution to the general security and stability of Europe is most valuable.

The North Atlantic alliance is built on consensus and solidarity about these things together because war is back." No, N among its members: Statements to do so emphasizes how insecure back. It never left. such as the one mentioned above neither reflect reality nor the thinking of the International Staff or any member nation in the alliance.

> J. P. SHEA. NATO Spokesman. Brussels

Heads Back in the Sand

Regarding "Bosnia, Grozny, Beit Lid: And They Say It'll Never Hap-pen Again?" (Opinion, Jan. 28) by William Pfaff; In his column on the 50th anni-

witz, Mr. Pfaff lists three contemporary instances of man's inhumanity to man: Bosnia, Chechnya and the recent terrorist bombings in Israel. He writes, "It seems worth talking

our world actually is."
The historians Will and Ariel Durant showed us in their 1968 book "The Lessons of History," that of 3,421 years of recorded hnman history, only 268 had seen no war. We also know that those who fail to learn the lessons of history are doomed to repeat them.

Unfortunately, the grand overriding truth that we learn from hisis that mankind refuses to

and war a temporary aberration.

ers quickly don their ostrich cos-

tumes, stick their collective heads in

the sand, and give in once again to

the fantasy that peace is the norm

Mr. Pfaff says that "genocidal war is back." No, Mr. Pfaff, it is not JEFF COBB.

For All Who Serve

Regarding "Sprawling, Metasta-sizing, Undisciplined, Approaching Self-Parody" (Opinion, Jan. 30) by George F. Will:

Mr. Will complains (a bad habit of his) that participants in President Bill Clinton's Americorps learn from history.

After each war, the masses as well unteers because they receive stias the political and intellectual lead- pends (in the form of wages and

tuition reimbursement) from the federal government.
I wonder if Mr. Will would apply

the same criticism to the volunteer army, which has been "paying off" members of the armed forces since the end of World War II (through the G.L Bill). Shouldn't these men and women be expected to serve from a sense of pure patriotism, just as Mr. Will expects Americorps volunteers to work for free, out of dedication to community service?

Both in Americorps and in the armed services, some of America's finest youth are passing up the opportunity to work in the private scotor so that they can serve and strengthen their country. The compensation these volunteers receive is justified and more than deserved...

Paris.

3 mmit iminima insa We can't keep on meeting like this.

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Léonard Says It With Flowers

By Suzy Menkes

ARIS — His beart is in flowers. His art is in flowers. And no, we are not talking about St. Valentine, but the man behind Léonard -the French fashion house that has blossomed across the globe.

Daniel Tribouillard, Léonard's president, is in his airy Paris studio. Outside are gray slate roofs; inside, a bothouse of flowers created in delicate brushstrokes. Here, balls of fluffy, pink peonies; there, vivid anemones; and, of course, the luxuriant orchids that are Léonard's signature. There are orchids in pallid colors with

attenuated petals and sinuous leaves, or exotic blooms colored purple, lagoon blue and jungle green against a midnight-blue ground. And always with a border (another Léonard motif) framing the central pattern like a picture.

Tribouillard was 23 years old when Jacques Léonard appointed him designer and company director in 1958. Last month, he turned 60 and heads an empire of printed scarves, ties, men's and women's elothing and accessories, porcelain and homewares that grossed 500 million French francs (about \$95 million) in 1994 - 65 percent in Asia where Tribouillard is a fashion

"I am a businessman with taste — a couturier with a sense of marketing." he says to explain a fashion life divided between management, promotion and super-salesmanship — and Leonard's creative studio.

There seven artists, using Trihouillard's ideas or images from books, spend up to a month on painstaking hand-painted designs in watercolor, mostly floral. Even patterns of shells, Easter eggs, hearts, dice or playing cards always incorporate flowers, which, Tribouillard says, "Léonardizes" the print. But he is concerned for the future of this precise bandwork.

We have to train them - they don't teach this kind of work in art schools—they just do free drawing," he claims. "You have to be young to see clearly. But I fear in the next 20 years we will find no young illustrators. Already, they all want to work with computers. But we are artisans and

At least there are the magnificent ar-chives to draw from. In the basement, below the glossy Paris boutique, is a quarter century of artworks — in all the different color options and with a sample of the finished fabric. That is created in Lyon using 25 different colors — something only Léonard and Hermes still do, Tribouillard says. Oth-er prints are done in Italy, in Como, or by the silk manufacturer Antonio Ratti, Leon-ard's business partner since 1987.

It is easy to see wby the Japanese love Leonard's prints so much that they invited Tribouillard in 1984 to create a kimono collection - the first Western designer so

There is something quintessentially Oriental about Léonard's flowers: their delicacy, their exoticism, their lush colors and the graphic way the flora is spread out as if blowing across an empty landscape. Even cottage flowers - dog roses and meadow comflowers — stand out vividly in intense colors. Fruit is larger than life with succulent grapes and fleshy peaches.

'HY flowers? What started as a marriage of convenience turned into a love affair. In the early 1960s, Tribouillard knew nothing about horticulture - he just picked flowers in contrast to the designs of Emilio Pucci, Italy's maestro of printed fabrics.

"Pucci was always a competitor and I did flowers because he did geometrics — he marked my life," says Tribouillard, wbo now boasts a flower-covered Paris roof terrace and greenhouses full of rare orchids at his country home.

Léonard also used Pucci's favorite silk Léonard also used Pucci's favorite silk jersey, making first fully fashioned knits, then the featherbight, easy-to-pack dresses that were born of the jet age. In Asia especially, the dresses with their graceful drapes and elegant border prints are still the most prized designs. Although Léonard has developed his fashion range to include cheery sportsyear and fancier events. include cheery sportswear and fancier evening clothes, they do not always reveal the same imagination, originality or even the sure hand of the prints themselves.

Hearts and roses are the theme of the current collection - along with the animal

mixed with printed cotton for bright summer separates, and cabbage roses on sheer chiffon skirts or slinky silk jersey dresses with a bantam-weight of 45 grams. "We always start from the fabrics and

then look for a silhouette, while our fashion colleagues start with an idea and then look for the fabric," Tribouillard says.
"And others might wait to follow a trend but we can't wait. We are obliged to anticipate colors, because we don't just buy six meters of fabric, and mistakes would be

After a focus on pale and faded colors, when even Leonard offered tawny butterflies fluttering over old-gold chrysauthe-mums, Tribouillard says that for 1996 he feels for "bright pastels." In a mono-chrome and minimalist fashion era, the fashion swing against pattern has recently made Léonard a tough sell in Manhattan stores. But Tribouillard believes that there is a change in the fashion cycle and has active plans to open his own store on Madison Avenue.

Around the world, there are 96 bouiques in Japan (five having been destroyed in the recent Kobe earthquake); 12 elsewhere in Asia and the same number in Europe. The newly opened Paris store on Avenue Pierre-Ier-de-Serbie is at the apex

of French shopping's "golden triangle" with its base as Avenue Montaigne.

To tend the global business, and for his own multicultural inspiration, Tribouilard spends one-third of each year on the

"It's a business when you have to give of yourself," he says. "You can't do this job if you don't like traveling, if you aren't prepared to spend 45 bours in airplanes, if you don't eat foreign food - and when you are no longer capable of selling what you

Tribouillard does not look likely to give up on his energetic travels, but already new family seeds are starting to sprout. Along with his redoubtable mother, Denise, who makes handcrafted gloves for couture houses and for Leonard, there is now his daughter, Nathalie, 25, who has been re-sponsible for worldwide licensing since

If Tribouillard should ever decide to retire and cultivate his orchids, he knows prints that Leonard originally invented for that Nathalie will propagate in the next Dior in 1959. That means shiny vinyl millennium all the flowers fit to print.



Tribonillard on the vatwalk; his designs on a T-shirt, pantylose and a jacket, and, inset, one of his prints.

THE IHT/ LINGUAPHONE COMPETITION

The 5 Winners of Linguaphone Language Courses featuring books, tapes and videos in any one of 30 languages are:

- 1. W.F. Kwan, Singapore
- 2. Giulia Erickson, Rome,
- <u>3.</u> Bengt Tueiten, Zurich, Switzerland
- 4. L. Lawler, Mamaroneck, N.Y., U.S.A.
- 5. Michael Ogg, Brussels, Belgium

The IHT and Linguaphone wish to thank all the readers who participated in the competition.

The correct answers to the three questions are as follows.

- Q1. What are the official languages of Belgium:
- Flemish, French and German
- Which language is native to Brittany, (France)! Breton
- Q3. Apart from English, what is the other offical language of Ireland?
- Irish



Fashion's Cutting Edge

"It is something for a woman

to carry in her purse like a pen,"
said the French fashion designer. "You can use it to cut the pages of a magazine - or to stab a man through the heart." Very 1990s. Very "Pulp Fic-

tion." Except that Rykiel's latest female accessory, launched in Paris last week, is her design French knives: the Laguiole, the first to give the peasant's named for a hilltop village on the plateau of Aubrac in Southwest France.

The knife that was created as ARIS — Sonia Rykiel held the ox-blood red knife with its sharp steel blade against her white throat and russet hair.

ARIS — Sonia Rykiel a tool for shepberds in the nees has become smart for sian homes (and maybe has) as a symbol of auth craftsmanship in a technic college. Although it is not seen as a symbol of auth craftsmanship in a technic college. nees has become smart for Parisian homes (and maybe handbags) as a symbol of authentic craftsmanship in a technologi-cal age. Although it is much copied, the original is always handmade, and therefore the knives have subtle variations. Some may have an additional blade and corkscrew, with the bandles in born, wood or occasionally ivory and aluminum.

The last designer to put his in Paris last week, is her design identity on the Laguiole was for the most traditional of Philippe Starck, but Rykiel is

Suzy Menkes

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

OEL BENJAMIN beat Pe-J tar Popovic in the World Chess Olympiad.

Seventy years ago the Phila-delphia master Bill Ruth promulgated the move 2 Bg5. which makes sure that the white queen bishop will obtain scope outside the pawn formation. It also creates the option of Bf6. forcing doubled pawns. The most active countermeasure is

After 3 Bf4 d5 4 f3 Nf6, Benjamin adopted a gambit with 5 e4!? that was used at least as early as a Jansa-Sokonko game in Amsterdam in 1975. That proceeded with 5...de 6 Nc3 ef 7 Nf3 a6 8 Bc4 c6 9 Qe2 and yielded White a lead in development that compensated him for the lost pawn. Recently, Black has tried 7...g6 \$ Bc4 Bg7 9 Qe2 O-O 10 O-O-O c6.

Popovic declined the pawn with 5...e6 6 e5 Nfd7 7 Be3 c5 8 c3 Nc6, which conceded Benjamin a spatial superiority, as in a French Defense.
After 19...b5. Popovic had

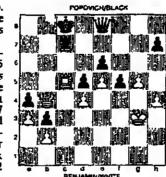
After 19...5. Popovic had blocked off the queenside, but Benjamin's 20 f5 gave him an advantage on the other wing.
On 27 Kh3 Popovic might have given some thought to the bold 27...Bc7!?, the plan heing to answer 28 Rf7 by the unclear 28 bd12 Instead be gave Ben 28...b4!? Instead, he gave Benjamin the bishop-pair with the hopeless 27...Bg3? 28 Kg3.

Popovic got his bishop into play with 37...Na5 38 Rc3 Bd3. but Benjamin just squeaked through the time control with four seconds left on his digital clock after 39 Rf7 Rec7 40 Rd7 Rd7. He said: "I thought for 32 minutes and worked out a win. Black's moves are more or less forced after that."

41...Bf5 42 Ba5, Popovic could not play 42...Bh3? because of 43 Qf8! Ka7 44 Bc7! Qb5 45 Kh3,

winning a piece.
On 45 Bf5, 45...Rc5 46 dc gf
47 Qb4 Kc8 48 h4 d4 49 c6 Qc7
50 Qf8 Qd8 51 Qd8 Kd8 52 h5
would yield Benjamin a won king-and-pawn ending. After 47...Qe8, Benjamin

His 41 Bb4! was the key. On



Position after 47 . . . Qe8

forced the same pawn structure anyway with 48 Qa5! Rc5 49 Qa8 Kd7 50 Qe8 Ke8 51 dc and Popovic gave up.

•	-	•	
	RUTH	ATTACK	
White Sen['min	Black Popovic	White X-mj*min	Bleck Pepovic
1 44	Nfh	36 Km2	Rinde
2 Rg3	Nr4	27 Kh3	Bg3
.7 Jef4	d5	⊅i KgJ	li i
9 13	Nfu	ZV IIŤŘ	ts?
5 ~4	rh.	10 DiS	Qn5
5 -5	Mfd?	31 JUh4	Q1-E
7 Per-3	4.5	12 K/G	Bhs
b : 3	No.	37 16-5	Qan
. B 14	rd N b 6	34 RcI	Kb7
10 rd 13 Nd2	e5	35 HII	Rel
12 a3		36 gá	Rr-8
13 Bd3	84 144	17 Bh.1	Nes
I4 NeZ	Na5	AR Rea	843
12 041		.D R (7 48 R ₁7	Rec?
14 24	Na SPC-4	41 H54	Re7
17 14g s	Nhr4		80
Ih Noc4	Nt 4	42 Nu3 44 Kr 3	Qaá
19 Oc2	16		I Jejal
20 15		44 13:12	Rr7
20 JY	Hr?	45 11 5	иh
22 Je	им	46 QIH	Kr#
14 16	fr	47 H4	Ürk
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KOREAN DYNASTY: Hyundai and Chung Ju

By Donald Kirk. 382 pages. \$25 paperback. M. E. Sharpe.

Reviewed by Philip Bowring

THE story of Hyundai and Lits founder, Chung Ju Yung, is an epic — a 20th-century epic of Korean drive and a corporate epic in the league of Andrew Carnegie or Standard Oil. The author, Donald Kirk, is no Homer. But this is by far the best effort to date in English to describe how this remarkable man came to symbolize modern Korea by challenging many of the assumptions that Koreans, and their allies in the West, took for granted.

Chung the Confucian, who brooked no dissent from subor-dinates, the family patriarch who ruled a tribe of brothers and sons, was also Chung the rebel. the opportunist with no time for the old way of doing things, nor for the Confucian bureaucrats in ministries of this or that who resented the wealth and power of a largely uneducated man and sought at times to humble him. at others to mould Hyundai to their own designs.

For a liberal Western journalist, Kirk proves a surprisingly sympathetic observer, seldom allowing his views of autocracy or even of the strongarm tactics used against Hynn-

BOOKS

WHAT THEY'RE READING

 Monseigneur Jacques Gail-lot, former bishop of Evreux in France, is reading "Dieu existe: Je l'ai toujours trahi," by Francoise Verny.
"It is a beautiful book, so

sensitively written, as well as having a powerful connection with current events and the question of faith. It's an enrich-

ing experience. (Marcelle Kaiz, IIIT)



dai's nascent union movement in the late '80s to descend into preachiness. Chung's Hyundai was a product of the Park Hee years of almost ionalism was to be expressed in manic drive to succeed against all obstacles, where personal ambition, determination to set seemingly impossible goals and nationalist drive to put Korea on the world map came together in an era that was harsh and

it bears either to American views of the preeminence of market forces and sheer greed as motivating force. Nor was the driving force belief in a god or an ideology, nor even the Confucian precepts of respect for authority and elders, if it can be defined at all it was personal determination of the views sonal determination of the upwardly mobile, their energies released by the confusion of the war years and the breakdown of traditional authority, plus the tance. But Hyundai was no based in Hong Kong.

nationalism always strong in Korea and reinvigorated by the end of Japanese occupation. For Chung, as for Park, na-

the drive to catch up with Japan and America rather than follow the Kim II Sung version of Ko-rean nationalism — putting up shutters against the outside world. The single-minded goal was to grow big, strong and proud. Profits were not an end heroic.

The Korean experience of the past 30 years is instructive because of how little resemblance it bears either to American of the preminence of the production, first into the production of the production in themselves — they were the means to get bigger. Chung, the hands-on entrepreneur who would pick up a shovel himself if need be, was first into the seas construction, first into the Middle East, first into shipbuilding - a breathtakingly bold move from nothing into supertankers - and successively into cars, heavy engineering, computer chips, and so forth, Failures there were aplenty. Many successes were helped by a friendly government supplying cheap credit and other assis-

stooge. Chung led from the

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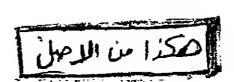
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Things never went quite so well for Chung after Park's death. Chun Doo Hwan's regime was too corrupt; Rho Tae Woo too keen to play to the anti-chaebol (big business group) sentiment of the people. and the hureaucracy. Chung finally met a hurdle that not even be could leap over — the 1992 presidential race when he was soundly defeated by Kim Young Sam.

Chung might be admired for what he had done for Korea. His ability to adjust to an unfamiliar democracy and even to trade unions was admirable. But Koreans rightly judged he had more than chough power and influence, not to mention money, already. But Hyundai itself was too big, too important to be more than bruised by Chung's political failure. The patriarch moved to the sidelines, but the colossus he created moves on. Institutionalized determination to stay on top substitutes for Chung's personal helmsmanship, size and disci-

pline substitute for originality. Chung and Hyundai may deserve a biographer of the first rank, but this is the best there is to date and deserves attention from anyone wanting the beginnings of an understanding of Korea's extraordinary postwar feats, the work of remarkable

men not of economic theories. Philip Bowring is a journalis



International Education

Thailand Remakes A Remote Village

Formerly Poor, It Now Aims to Be **Education Center**

By Michael Richardson

Ol TUNG, Thai-land — lo May 1989, the mother of Thailand's King Bhumibol Adulyadej planted some seedlings to mark the of-ficial launch of an ambitious project to reforest and rehabilitate a large area of degraded land and impoverished vil-

Six years later, the project of Her Royal Highness Sri Nagarinda the Princess Mother, who is 94, has brought a dra-matic transformation both to the landscape of Doi Tung,

and to the living standards of the hill people in the area.

The villages of Doi Tung, which means Flag Mountain in the northern Thai language, now have primary schools, electricity, clean running water, ready access to medical care and a network of roads leading to towns, markets and leading to towns, markets and outside jobs. The average per capita income of the 10.400 residents of Doi Tung, which is about 45 kilometers (28 miles) from the town of Chiang Rai in northern Thailand, has more than tripled since the program

With the development pro-ject now well established and continuing to expand in scope, its managers have decided to take another ambitious step.
They have invited Geelong

Continued on Page 16

Oranguar School, one of Australia's leading private educa-



Students at the Victoria, British Columbia, branch of United World Colleges, eight schools founded in hopes of fostering world peace.

When Peace Forms Part of the Curriculum

By Thomas Fuller

HINK of the Cold War and images of missile factories, fallout shelters and spyagencies come to mind - but probably not a network of secondary schools designed to

Yet both the United World Colleges, founded withio months of the Cuban missile crisis, and the spies were prod-ucts of the same era. The school was the vision of a man who had fled Hitler's Germany and was determined to create a world-wide: educational oetwork that would teach students as much about international cooperation and peace the United States, Canada,

as it would about math, history and science. Wales, Italy, Singapore, Venezuela, Swaziland and Hong Kong, Each is independent fi-

and science.
And while today's spies are scrambling to adjust to a post-Cold War world, United World Colleges still sees plenty of areas where its work is unfinished.
"Of course we have worties," says Colin Jenkins, head-

master of College of the Atlantic in Wales, the oldest United World College. "We are seeing in our well on the rise of nationalism. We only have to look at Poesia. We only have to look at Bosnia. We only have to look at refugee crises in Rwanda, Somalia, Ethiopia, Sudan. I think the world doesn't actually look too great," he says. Today, there are eight Unit-ed World Colleges located in

nancially but tied to a central office in Loodon, which deals with alumni affairs and provides information about the colleges to prospective students. Headmasters from the eight schools meet several

times a year to discuss issues of curriculum, fundraising and the possibility of opening new Each United World College holds an annual seminar called Global Concerns, where topics

ment, the environment and conflict resolution are dis-

But administrators at the schools say that most of the international cooperation oc-curs outside the classroom and that these seminars do oothing more than "provide a laboratory for discussion," in the words Mr. Jenkins. Mark Hoffman, chairman of

the school's International Board in London, explains the mission of the schools:

The UWC was founded on

the idea that young people be-tween 16 and 19 in that very formative period just before they're conscripted into the military and called up to shoot each other, can make lasting friendships which transcend

experience. Supranational may sound a bit grand, but it's not a program of studies that was dictated by any national curriculum body or educational authority - so that the students would

the typical national education-

Continued on Page 13

Broader Horizons In MBA Programs

By Lawrence Malkin

EW YORK — No department in America's universities is changing more quickly than its famed graduate schools of business. They are adapting to globalization of commerce in the real world hy

globalization of commerce in the real world hy seeking out teachers and, above all, students from other countries to internationalize their courses.

Of the 450,000 foreign students at American universities in the last academic year, 87,000 were specializing in busicess, more than any other field. Of those, 16,719 were enrolled in programs leading to a Master of Business Administration, according to the Institute of International Education. They represented 14 percent of all foreign graduate students, second only to the 22 percent in engineering.

The typical MBA candidate is 28 years old and has several

years of work experience. Admissions officers say foreign as well as domestic applicants closely monitor Busioess Week magazine's annual ranking of the top 20 schools before deciding whether to shell out \$70,000 in tuition and living expenses for the two-year MBA course.

Most seek an advanced degree to enhance promotion prospects in their late 30s, when companies seek more breadth and strategie ability. Admissions officers look beyond an applicant's academic record to find young high-fliers who know what they want to do in business.

At the top five schools - Pennsylvania's Wharton, Northwestern's Kellogg, Chicago, Stanford, and Harvard, in that order — the percentage of international students ranges from 20 to 30 and in general has doubled in the past decade. With applications from Americans running well ahead of last year as the economy revives, the schools do oot really need foreign students, but they definitely want them.

Widely criticized during the 1980s for producing managers who watched only the bottom line no matter what the human cost, the business schools are increasing their stress on management skills and transnational business problems because

the students themselves demand it. "We teach business, and business now is definitely global," said Steve Christakos, director of admissions for Kellogg, who formerly held the same post at Wharton. "How can we discuss it without having people right in the class who can remind us

of the different ways of the world?"

Mr. Christakos views himself as recruiting an international "symphony orchestra" of students. At New York University's Stern School, which exploits its ties with Wall Street to

Continued on Page 15

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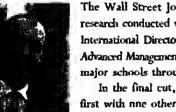
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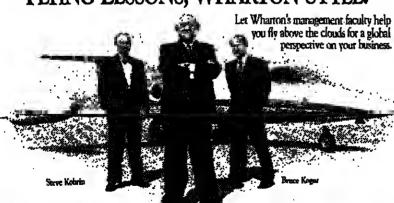
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Gregoire, who was bishop of Blois before becoming a member of the revolutionary National Convention in 1792, was instrumental in setting up of the conservatory just over two centuries ago. He wanted to increase the knowledge of working men and break the hold that secretive guilds and corporations had over the new technology of the day.

Gregoire, who as a village priest had opened one of France's first popular libraries, also believed the school would help end France's dependence on foreign industry.

CNAM was intended to be come a partner in the task of rebuilding the nation after war and revolution, along with the Polytechnique school for officers and engineers, the Ecole Normale Supérieure for col-

lege teachers and the School of areas, range from ergonomics Oriental Languages for diploton uclear engineering.

mats and interpreters.

Gregoire envisioned a school to "perfect the nation's industry, give value to the mechanical arts, provide education for all and enlighten igno-

That remains true today. The Conservatory is France's leading provider of continuing education and a technological pioneer in an educational sysem that critics say is otherwise hidebound by tradition. While the system is heavily slanted toward initial education, the CNAM is one of the few national organizations working on the principle of continuous and life-long education. Its Latin motto is "Omnes docet" it teaches all.

It works closely with indus-try to provide part-time education in more than 400 subjects. all of them closely related to specific careers and scientific or technical qualifications. It gives adult students, many of whom already have professional qualifications or first degrees, a chance to upgrade their knowledge in a flexible although academically rigor-

The Conservatory is not for the faint of heart. It takes many students up to 10 years of studying between 20 and 30 hours a week in their spare time to earn the coveted diplo-ma of a "CNAM engineer." The school's authorities are looking into ways of reducing this period by allowing professional as well as academic experience to be credited. Sub-

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Unlike other universities CNAM looks outside the usual teaching field for its professors and lecturers. They are usually working engineers, business-men, accountants, magistrates and the like. It's also a challenge for the teachers, many of whom have students in certain areas who know as much or more than they do. The school describes its method as "professionals teaching profession-

Because of the need to keep up with fast-moving technologies, the Conservatory has constantly to re-evaluate its curriculum and teaching methods. Its chair of mathematical machines was created long before computers came into general use. It introduced systems intregration when this was still an embryonie science. The school, which creates a new chair on average every 30 months, is in the process of setting up one on radiation protection and envisages another that will be concerned

with citizens' rights.
Although higher-level courses require prior qualifications, students need no formal diplomas to enter CNAM. After a subscription charge of 650 francs (\$122), course fees are minimal. About 55 percent of the school's 540 million franc budget is paid by the Ministry of Education.

In 1952, CNAM opened branches in Lille, Lyons, Nantes and Nancy. This was the first step toward turning the Conservatory from a Parisbased to a national organization with branches in more than 50 cities and programs in several foreign countries, including Spain, Greece, Leba-non, Romania, Tunisia and Morocco. The branches themselves have decentralized, turn-ing the CNAM into a web of

teaching centers reaching into scores of cities and towns.

Some of the centers are highly specialized, such as an acrodynamics institute at Saint Cyr, which is widely consulted on wind resistance problem Chents have included Greg Le-Mond, the American cycle champion, and Channel tunnel train designers.
The Conservatory boasts

that if a student cannot get to it for any reason, it will go to the student. This is becoming increasingly feasible with the de-velopment of multimedia techniques that are being increasingly used to link students in isolated centers with other students and teachers in the main branches. At centers in Paris, Nimes and Montpelher, students follow the same courses simultaneously on interactive computer screens.

As belitting an institution founded by a former bishop, the Conservatory has a strong ecclesiastical air, since it occu-pied the buildings and grounds of the Priory of Saint-Martin-Des-Champs, abandoned in he revolution.

The library, with access to 140,000 books including thousands of volumes seized from the clergy and the aristocracy during the 1789 revolution, is housed in the former refectory. The school's famous museum known to anyone who has read Umberto Eco's "Foncault's Pendulum," is in the converted

The museum is closed for restoration work that has long been delayed by the discovery of Merovingian tombs under the foundations. It is expected to reopen in 1997, along with a new branch at Saint-Denis, north of Paris, to house the reserve collection.

BARRY JAMES is on the staff of the International Herald Tri-bune.



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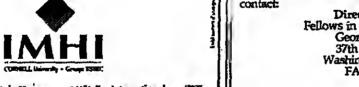
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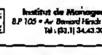


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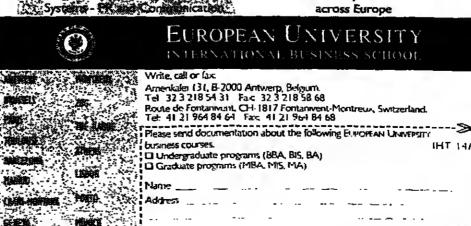
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Teaching at Home Gains Adherents

By Laura Colby

-EW YORK -- On a recent day, Francoise Joiris was building a geodesie dome out of plastic wrap and popsicie sticks in the middle of her living

Ms. Joiris wasn't indulging some kind of New Age hob-by. She was just trying to teach her 7-year-old son, Jinlian, about geometry, and her 5-year-old daughter, Celine, about botany - the Buckminster Fuller-style dome will double as a greenhouse for some plants and flowers. The Joirises are among an

estimated one million children in America - and thousands more elsewhere in the world - whose parents have opted to teach them at home. The reasons are as numerous as the families themselves. In the case of Mrs. Joiris, the decision came from a reluctance to send her children to overcrowded and often dangerous New York City public schools combined with an inability to pay the high tuition of private schools in the area.

Other families choose home schooling for religious reasons, or because a child has been bullied by school-mates, or simply because the child seems unethusiastic about learning in a formal school environment. "It all comes down to one reason: that in their particular circumstances, schooling was no longer working for their child," says Roland Meighan, a professor of edu-cation at the University of Nottingham in England who has studied home schooling for nearly two decades.

In Britain, Mr. Meighan estimates that more than 10,000 families are teaching their children at home, up from only a handful when he began studying the phenomenon in 1977. He adds that on average, about 100 families a month are opting out of the school system. It's been a quiet educational rev-olution," he says.

In the United States; home schooling is legal in all 50 states, although parents who pull their children out of school are sometimes challenged legally. In Britain, while education is compulsory, school is not.

Home schooling movements have also spring up in France, Italy, the Netherlands and parts of Scandinain other European countries. In Germany, for distance, home schooling is illegal for German citizens — a holdover from the Nazi era, socording to Mr. Meighan, when Hitler wanted to exert maximum control over youth: (There is, however, an active group of home schoolers among U.S. military perin Germany, who are exempt of the International Herald from this law.) Poland re-

cently lifted a ban on home schooling that dated from its time as a satellite of the Sovi-

et Union. et Union.

Experts say that children schooled at home — even when they are taught by parents who have no formal teaching background — are often academic overachiev ers. Studies by the National Home Education Research Institute in the United States show that home schooled children typically performed at or above the 80th percen-tile in standardized national tests of skills such as reading, language and math.

Of those surveyed who 'graduated' from high school - gained the equivalent of a diploma through tests - slightly more than half went on to college, the study, made in 1990, showed.

The reason children schooled at home do well academically, experts say, is they benefit from the one-onone dialogue that is so impor-tant to the development of language and other skills in very young, preschool chil-dren. In traditional classrooms with 20 or more students, opportunities for this kind of dialog are severelylimited.

Military !

But what about the nonacademic aspects of school-

One of the benefits of traditional schooling often cited by parents is "socialization" — getting children used to belonging to a group and learning how to interact with their peers. Children kept at home miss out on this important part of childhood.

But home schooling parents say that, in the United States in particular, the positive experiences of group life can often turn into negatives as children grapple with peers carrying guns or using drugs. They also point out that children who are schooled at home tend to interact with a wider range of ages of people, often giving them better communications skills.

"If the children can converse with adults, they don't have trouble communicating with their peers," says Diane Smith, who is home school-ing her own four thildren. and they are often in better position to withstand peer

Further information can be obtained from: The European Home Educators Association; Am Bahnhof 19A 66892 Bruchmülbach

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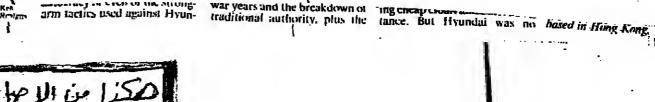
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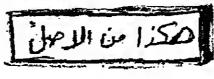
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INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION / A SPECIAL REPORT

Spanish School Offers a Place in the Sun for Learning

By Barry James

S rival totalitarian systems cast a shadow over Europe in the early 1930s, a group of Spanish intellectuals launched an experiment in tolerance and international understanding these remains and international understanding these species. standing that continues to bene-

fit thousands of students today. The Menendez y Pelayo International University in Santander offers what its first rector, Ramón Menendez Pidal. called a combination of "vacation and fruitfulness."

The university was founded in 1932 by the recently installed Second Republic with the aim of "organizing general courses and conferences on varied themes of general interest."

Its headquarters were estab-

ished in the Magdalena Palace, the summer residence of the royal family in Santander. Alfonso XIII had abandoned the throne the previous year. The palace was taken over and is still owned by the city of Santander, which makes it available to the university every summer. The baroque huilding is set oo a peninsula courses for personal enlighten-dominating the Cantabrian ment, and the university does coast resort

The university, which is partly funded by the Ministry of Education, has autonomous status. It has a permanent secctarial io Madrid and branches in the cities of La Coruña, Seville, Santa Cruz de Tenerife, Valeocia, Cuenca, Barcelona and Jaca, but its symbolic home remains the palace in Santander.

Last year, about 16,000 people attended one- or two-week courses on a range of subjects from sociology to health re-form. Apart from the more than 60 subjects of general interest, often taught by the leading specialists in their field, the university offers highly regarded courses on Spanish language, interpretation, literature and culture for foreign students at one of its two centers in Santander. About 1,300 foreign students, including particularly large contingents from Germany and Japan, are expected to attend the courses from July to

September this year. Most people attend the of setting up general courses in

not exist to issue diplomas or degrees. Nevertheless, its certif-icates of course completion are exchangeable for credits in the Spanish education system and at some foreign universities.

The language school is an integral part of the university's philosophy, for it is in this foreign outreach that it finds much of its ruson d'être. Foreign students are integrated into the overall cultural cootext of the university, and are encouraged to take part to the general activities, including literary conferences given by distinguished writers each Tuesday evening.

The idea of a summer university actually began with an English university professor, E. Allison Peers, who in 1921 organized Spanish courses to Santander for his students in Liverpool. A couple of years later, Miguel Artigas, the di-rector of the Menendez y Pelayo library in Santander, contacted the Spanish Center for Historical Studies with the aim

the city. From these begin-nings came the idea of establishing a permanent university with a specific democratic and internationalist ethos.

Spain was then to a large extent detached geographically and mentally behind the Pyrenees, and the summer university was seen as a means of breaking out of this intellectual isolation. It was supported by many of the most prestigious Spanish intellectuals and writers of the time, including Miguel de Uoamuno, José Ortega Gasset, Gregorio Marañoo, Dámaso Alonso, Américo Cas-tro, Salvador de Madariaga and Federico García Lorca.

It was a short-lived experiment, for in 1936 General Francisco Franco issued his famous manifesto against the Republic. In July, a right-wing uprising empted on the mainland, and as Hugh Thomas described it, "there was to spread over Spain a great cloud of violence, in which all the quarrels and enmities of so many generations would find full outlet."

Although Santander held

out through much of the Civil War as a Republican bastion, the university was forced to close. In 1945, Spain under the Falangist dictatorship of Franco was more isolated than ever, and it was therefore decided to recommence the courses for foreigners, which were held in

Santander. A purpose-built school for foreign students, known as Las Llamas, was added in 1958. cy, the Menendez y Pelayo university regained its soul and rediscovered its vocation as a bed of ideas and cultural exchanges in a vibrant society. Greatly expanded, it has be-

With the return of democra-

come as its founders envisaged an important forum for debate. It stresses the idea that culture allied to concepts of pluralism and liberty can be an effective force for modernization and social change. At the same time, the organizers do oot forget that people attend the university for fun as well as learning. Most of the courses

coincide with a summer season

of theatrical events, concerts

The underlying principle of

entry on merit," said Mr. Sut-

and tertulias in Santander and the other cities.

The university engages par-ticular in subjects on the fron-tiers of knowledge, which are often too new or experimental to be on the curriculums of. conventional universities. The present rector, Ernest Lluch, a former health minister, for example, has introduced courses on medicine and biotechnology, law, economics, communications, artificial intelligence and information technology.

The university invites promment personalities from the worlds of politics, science, culture or philosophy to give lec-tures or take courses.

The university is an intellectual tribute to Santander's most famous native son. The critic, historian and writer Marcelino Menendez y Pelayo held the chair of Spanish literature at the University of Madrid for many years and later became director of the Natiooal Library.

He died in 1912, after bequeathing his library of 40,000 olumes to Santander.

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Peace Is Part of the Curriculum for United World Colleges

Continued from Page 11

be able to have a personal foundation for international understanding and goodwill that would last their lifetime."

The school was founded by Kurt Hahn, an Austrian educator who, after being imprisoned in Nazi Germany for his views on that regime, fled to England where he also started Outward Bound, a popular outdoor program designed to foster leadership and teamwork among participants.

Frustrated to see that the Cold War had started so soon after World War II had ended, Mr. Hahn wanted to create a school that would mix students from as many countries as possible and allow them to learn together, outside their national educational systems.

The idea enjoyed support from Lord Mountbatten himself Anglo-German — and his great nephew, Prince Charles, who became president of the organization in 1978. The school is in the process of finding a new president to re-place Prince Charles, who after 17 years at the helm has decided to step down.

The school's administrators say they try to recruit students haps never having left their home country.

"We are not catering for the international clientele who because their parents are diplomats or international businessmen or whatever are already circulating around the world, said David Sntcliff, headmaster of the United World College of the Adriatic based near Trieste, Italy.

We are taking Poles from Poland and Africans from Africa. They are coming straight out of their oational systems; they are very, very well regarded in their national systems and now they're being plunged into this international atmo-

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sphere with colleagues of the same ability and range. That generales dynamics within the college that are very unusual, very different from the dynamics you would get in a standard international school."

To ensure the diversity of the student body, the Adriatic school has strict quotas for the geographic distribution of its students: 25 percent are ltalian; 25 percent Western European and North American; 25 percent are from developing countries in Africa and Latin America; and 25 percent are from Eastern Europe. These quotas differ for each school.

All students at the Adriatic pist and located in New Mexi-

college are oo full scholarships. co, follows a more American "They either win the scholarship or they don't get in," said Mr. Sutcliff. Most of the

funds for his school come from

the Italian government. Additional funding for the Adriatic school and the other schools come from national committees worldwide, which also select the students from their respective countries for admissioo. Not all of the schools provide full scholarships for their entire student bodies. The Armand Hammer, United World College of the American West, named after

the late American philanthro-

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creeps in."

schools soon. Projects include approach, requiring a mix of tuition and scholarships. schools in India, Norway and

South Africa.
Most of the schools use the International Baccalaureate the UWC across the board is testing organization based in Geneva to deliver degrees that cliff. "That's interpreted by us are recognized by universities around the world. here and hy our colleagues in Canada in the absolute sense.

Otherwise money somehow THOMAS FULLER is on the beyond its current eight Tribune.



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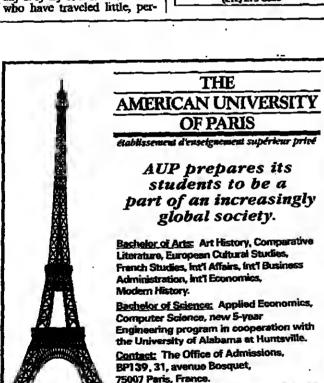
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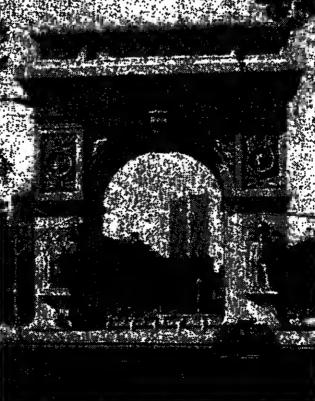
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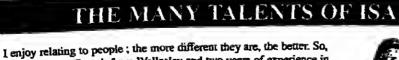
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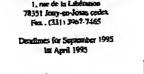


with a B.A. in French from Wellesley and two years of experience in a N.Y. law firm behind me, I decided to pursue a Masters in European Studies at the L.S.E.* and a M.A.L.D.* at the Fletcher School. At Fletcher, my interest in international relations became focused on business.

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The \$80,000 Question: How to Finance a Graduate Business Degree?

By Barbara Wall

HE Master of Business Administration degree is not a passport to career success but it certainly belps. This is why ambitious young husiness professionals are prepared to spend up to \$35,000 in tuition tees alone to earn the initials

MBA after their names. "Although the cost is considerable — a typical two-year program in the U.S. could involve a total outlay of around \$80,000 once living expenses are taken into consideration few students regret studying for an MBA qualification," says George Bickerstaffe, au-thor of "Which MBA?," a guide to the world's best MBA programs published by The Economist Intelligence Unit,

mandatory qualification for senior management positions, and the financial rewards it confers can be considerable. At the very least, MBA graduates from a good school should expect to double their salaries in the first year."

Prospective MBA students needn't brace themselves for a period of financial hardship either, as there are plenty of grants, scholarships, and loans available from state and private sources.

American students are particularly fortunate in the choice of financial aid packages. The two major federal overnment programs are the Federal Perkins Loans and the Federal Stafford Loans which are based on need, and enable students to borrow up to

proposes two types of courses.

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The interest rate is variable, based on the 91-dey Treasury Bill rate plus 2.5 percent. Although federal loan programs are restricted to U.S. citizens and permanent residents of the United States, the loans can be used for study abroad.

Many American business

schools in conjunction with private financing organizations, offer alternative loan schemes that are not based on need. "Although these loans bave a slightly higher rate of interest than the federal loan programs, they are generally more flexible," says Ladonna Tucker, a financial aid counsellor with Thunderbird, the American Graduate School of International Management, in Glendale, Arizona.

Provided applicants have a good credit history, there is no reason why they should not be able to borrow up to \$35,000 per annum. Foreign students studying in the U.S. are also eligible for an alternative loan if they can find a co-sponsor

in London. "In some professions the MBA has become a spectively.

\$5,000 and \$8,000 per year, results and American citizen."

Ms. Tucker notes that most Ms. Tucker notes that most American students finance their education from a variety of sources including savings, federal and private loans, scholarships and part-time employment, though the latter is not actively encouraged by the schools.

Few European governments offer state-subsidized loans for MBA programs. The vast ma-jority of students at European business schools pay their own way or rely on a bank loan. Business schools often bave arrangements with local banks, and this enables students to take out loans at favorable rates of interest. The Association of MBAs in

London, for example, administers an MBA loan plan on be-half of Barclays Bank U.K. Low-interest, long-term loans are available through the plan to British residents, for study at an accredited business school in Europe or the United

Top league international establishments such as Insead.

which is based in Fontainbleau outside Paris, have negotiated favorable loan terms with financial institutions throughout Europe. Helen Henderson, director of Insead, says that students are typically offered an interest rate discount of around 3 percentage points. She adds that the banks involved in the program often allow students a 10-month grace period before repay-

Persuading someone else to foot the bill is the ultimate way to ease the financial burden. Mr. Bickerstaffe says that most schools offer scholarships, but he warns that they are not plentiful and they are almost invariably linked to high scholastic achievement or specifie groups, notably minorities or

ments are due to start.

The Manchester Business School in England offers three scholarships for women. These pay for tuition fees only. Insead, meanwhile, offers one scholarship to candidates from central and Eastern Europe.

"This profession really began to take off in the late 1980s,

when a lot of American schools

began to slash budgets, and

guidance counselor jobs were

also cut back," says Mark

Sklarow, executive director of

the Independent Educational

Consultants Association, a

selors in a school, and they

have to deal with problems like

suicide, violence and drugs, a

kid who wants belp choosing a

college will often just be given

Foreign students and fam-

ilies living abroad, whose local

counselors usually don't have

the same access to American

universities as those in the

"When you have three coun-

professional group.

a catalog."

available through private orga-nizations and alumni societies. The Sainsbury family, owners of the Sainsbury supermarket chain, offers an MBA scholarship for British engineers. The fund is administered by the Royal Academy of Engineering in London. Similarly, Cosmopolitan, a leading woman's magazine, runs an annual competition for aspiring young

"Students studying at American business schools have more chance of winning a scholarship than their European counterparts," Mr. Bicker-

and board at Insead.

British businesswomen — the prize being a full year's tuition

Another financing option is company sponsorship. This practice is more common in apan and the United States, but there is evidence that it is catching on in Europe. The drawback is that the company may insist on having some con-trol over the type of program chosen. Often company-sponsored students will have to en-Scholarships may also be roll in a distance learning

MBA program, study part-time or opt for a specially tai-lored company MBA.

If you are particularly fortunate you may be offered a "golden hello" or a sign-on bomus from your new employer.
Mr. Bickerstaffe reports that there is anecdotal evidence of MBA graduates in Europe, most notably Britain, being offered up to £20,000 (\$35,000) just to join the company. He says that "golden hellos" can go some way toward helping pay off student debts. According to Bill Broesamle, president of the Graduate Management Admissions Council in California, the worldwide average student debt is currently

in the region of \$50,000. "While European and North American MBA students can usually manage to finance their way through business school without too many problems thanks to the wide availability of financial aid packages, students from Third World countries find it extremely difficult to get any financial help towards their

studies," said Ms. Henderson. She notes that the World Bank is one of the few International organizations that offers some form of grant aid to students from developing nations. "Applicants have to satisfy the selection board that the program of study will in some way benefit economic development in their native countries," said Ms. Henderson.

The only other alternatives for students from poorer countries are government assistance and scholarship aid. A spokesman for the association of MBAs notes that few Europe-an banks will lend money to students from outside Europe. Nonetheless, the association is trying to encourage banks to change their stance. The factthat MBA graduates traditionally have a very low default rate on loans may go some way towards softening the banking industry's approach.

BARBARA WALL is a journalist based in Paris who specializes in financial topics.

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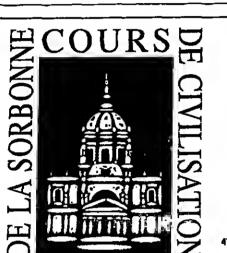
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By Laura Colby

ITH more iban 3,000 colleges and universities in the United States, picking the right one is a difficult task. Yel considering what is at stake, a wrong choice can have disastrous consequences, both personal and financial.

That is why a growing number of parents, both in the United States and abroad, are

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turning to educational consultants for guidance. These private companies advise students oo whieb schools would be best suited to their skills and areas of interest, how to improve their chances of getting accepted, and sometimes, how to qualify for financial assis-

This job, in the past, largely fell to high school guidance counselors, but nowadays they are not always in a position to help students with such tasks.

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About half of the 155 members of the Independent Educational Consultants deal regularly with foreign students, Mr. Sklarow said, although only a handful have offices outside the United States.

The main purpose of the consultants is to help the student choose a school where he or she will be happy and successful, one that is best suited to the individual's needs. Almost half of all students in the United States graduate from a different college from the one at which they started, consultants say, pointing out that having to transfer midway through a program of study is a tremendous waste of time,

money, and emotional energy. The service usually includes several meetings with consul-tants to determine the dozen or so schools for which a student is best-suited. The student is then given help in filling out applications, attending college interviews, visiting campuses, and so on.

We try to show the students how best to market themselves for each institution," says Anthony F. Capraro III, president of Teach, a consulting firm in Larchmont, New York.

He adds that while parents

attend the first meeting, "after that I meet with the student alone." To choose a college successfully -- one where the student will finish the full four years - "it's more a decision of the student," he says.

"We used to start consulting with students in their junior year of high school," says Mr. Capraro. "But now, with the more selective colleges, there are decisions you have to make

early on."

Mr. Capraro points out that students who want to attend the clite Ivy League schools may have to make decisions about what subjects to take as early as eighth or ninth grade. "All the top schools want four years of a foreign-language, for instance," he says.

The price can range from \$200 or so for a consultation of several hours to several thousand dollars for full consulting services, including help choosing a list of schools and completing applications.

Though that may seem high,

Mr. Haas says, "when you consider that a four-year college education costs \$120,000 on average, it's not so much by comparison," says Alan Haas, president of Educational Futures Inc., a consulting firm based in New Canaan, Con-necticut that has branches in Britain and Switzerland.

Both consultants and the consultants' organization warn that as in any new profession, the possibilities for tip-offs are rife. "It is important to differ-

Consulting Firms Offer Help in Choosing U.S. Universities entiate between an 'agency' which represents a handful of institutions and which receives a fee for referring students to those specific institutions and a service such as ours, which represents only the students and charges families a fee for our work," says Mr. Haas.

Mr. Sklarow eautions against consultants who recommend a single school, or only a couple. "In Europe in particular, some educational consultants are paid a 'residnal' - I'd call it a kickback by the universities to which they send students," he says. "You need to know the consultant is looking out for your child and not the several hundred dollars he's going to get from the school."

Everyone cautions against consultants who promise to get students accepted in any one school.

"Coming to me is not going to get you into a college where you don't belong," says Mr. Capraro. "I can only help you to isolate the best colleges for you and then help you to become the best possible candidate for those institutions."

The Independent Educational Consultants Association publishes a booklet on how to choose a consultant and will provide lists of its members to interested parties. They can be contacted at: IECA, 4085 Chain Bridge Road, Suite 401, Fairfax, Virginia, 22030; tele-phone: 703-591-4850; fax: 703-591-4860

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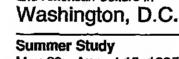
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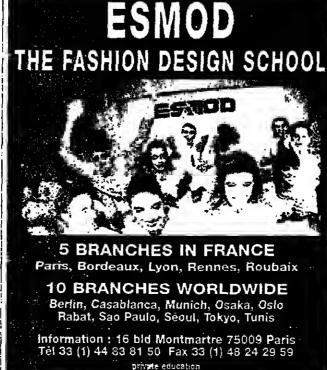


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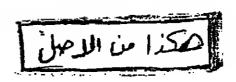
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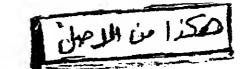
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Caveat Emptor: When Choosing a U.S. University, Ask to See Credentials

By George Ridge

HE newly hired dean at a community college in the southwest-ern United States came with the right credentials, including a doctorate degree acquired abroad. The bubble burst when he attended his first graduation ceremony.

His academic robe, standing out amid the black traditionally worn by U.S. pro-fessors and graduates, most resembled in the words of one observer, "Joseph's amazing technicolor dreamcoat."

At first the questions from other professors showed genuine admiration, and the dean told them candidly that the institution granting his doctorate "allowed its graduates to design their own robes."

With that the questioning from the college president and the governing board became more probing. Further investigation was launched into the credentials of this alma mater that allowed such discretion with academic finery.

The college turned out to have suspect accreditation, and, indeed, was little more than a post office box at a prestigious location to which degree candidates could submit "life experiences" (and, of course,

With faces crimson all around, the dean was relieved of his administrative post, although since he held a master's degree from a recognized school he continued to

teach in his academic specialty.

"This illustrates one of the hallmarks of a diploma mill," said David W. Stewart, the coauthor of "Diploma Mills: Degrees

"These places are very heavy on the trappings of academe. Their catalogs and letterheads are long on Latin. They also generate a considerable amount of parchment for the wall or shelf, but the prospective student would be bet-ter served to inquire into whether their transcripts are recognized."

Janice Finn, the program coordinator at Beaver College in Philadelphia, said that during her tenure as director of the adviso-ry service at the Fulbright Commission office in London, one of her major tasks was to advise prospective students on what their overseas degree would be worth in U.S. terms. "We often spent a lot of time defending our opinion about certain

institutions," she added.

Ms. Finn, Mr. Stewart and others are quick to point out that there are many legitimate institutions operating overseas and it is oot legally necessary for a U.S.based school to be accredited.

The Council on Postsecondary Accreditation coordinates congovernmental accrediting activities conducted in the United States. Everyone interviewed, whether academie or from business, put great credence in the COPA guide.

"The bottom-tine advice I would give prospective students," said Ms. Finn, "is

to cootact the U.S. Embassy or the Fulbright Commission office in their country. If the adviser there does not have the school on record, they will seek further

Lacking that, Ms. Finn listed several questions that students should ask regard-

ing the pedigree of a degree:

"The first thing I tell students is to get all the literature they can," she said. "One so-called college in London simply photocopied postcards with mimeographed text on the back. That should give you a certain amount of caution."

Run a thorough check on the school's

refund policy.

• Ask the school where previous smdents have obtained employment, or gone oo to further education, and ask for names. Contact a few of them.

Get the address of the accrediting agency and check it out (again, with the embassy or Fulbright office).

 Ask about the availability of transcripts.

• What facilities does the school have? Ask about the library; many do not have one on campus. If there is none, are there provisions for access to off-campus libraries?

In his book, Mr. Stewart poioted out that much of the abuse by diploma mills would be eliminated if the U.S. state gov-ernments would tighten their laws. "Unhappily, a few states have taken their re-

sponsibilities too lightly," he said, and these become the venue of diploma mills. Institutional names are sometimes chosen that are very close to that of an established college or university, Mr. Stewart said, adding that the use of "U.S." in the title does not mean that it has government

Outright fraud is only a small part of the

problem, said Jeanne Marie Duval, the senior director of educational programs for the Association of International Educators. "For example, just what is an 'American-style MBA'?" she asked. "There is no offi-

cial or even accepted definition. It could turn out to be chocolate milk with no chocolate: oo American faculty, no accreditation. The situation is very muddy."

Ms. Finn coocedes that "there are a few" academically credible institutions that do not have accreditation.

Even then, she said, "if oothing else," more questions would be asked of these students" when they graduate and attempt to market their degree.

One should, at the very least, wear a conservative black robe on public occa-

GEORGE RIDGE is a professor emeritus at the University of Arizona

Is 'Academic Dishonesty' Now a Fact of College Life?

By Philip Crawford

EW YORK -The advertisements scream out from the classified pages of youth-oriented magazines such as Spin: "Term Paper Hot Line," reads one. "Call for our electronic library of unique, quality papers," urges another.

Receiving promotional material from such companies brings more hype. "Now there is immediate help for the student facing those research-paper blues," says a brochure inserted inside a catalog from Los Angeles-based Research Assistance, which advertises a data base of papers on 20,000 topics. The flier warns that students who fail to hand in a good paper, will "suffer accordingly when grades are

While businesses such as Research Assistance and fraternity-house filing cabinets have for

Continued from Page 11

specialize in finance, there was

a high mark several years back

of 40 percent foreign students.

and half of them were Japa-

nese. Stern's administration

was relieved when the reces-

sion:forced:Japanese companies to cut back on sponsoring

students and enabled the

Some 60 percent of Whar-

ton's graduates say their jobs

now involve significant inter-

national responsibilities, rang-

ing from actually managing a

foreign subsidiary to dealing

with foreign suppliers and fi-

nance. That proportion was 30

a special Wharton program of-

fering a joint degree in busi-ness and international studies,

said the presence of foreign

students puts pressure on the faculty to think through prob-

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Stephen Kobrin, director of

percent only five years ago.

school to redress the balance.

decades been providing stu-dents with pre-written research papers to copy, many academic experts say that cheating, or "academic dishonesty" as it oow often euphemistically called, is on the rise, according to educators at American and

The reasons for the trend are numerous: shrinking job mar-kets that breed an "excel-atall-costs" mentality, instant access to pre-written papers through media such as faxes and electronic mail, and -particularly in the United States average levels of basic reading, writing and math skills at the college level that many professors say fall below those of 20. or even of 10 years ago.

European universities.

And while pure laziness will always account for a certain percentage of cheating by students, some experts now place a degree of blame on faculty who not only fail to take basic safeguards but who provide temptations that even the most

ing; we all know that what sells

in America doesn't necessarily

sell abroad. But different

countries also have different

capital markets, different rela-

tionships between business

and government, and different

organizations within the firm,

where people are less mobile and more hierarchical than in

Then why seek an American

MBA? To begin with, said Robin Hogarth, an English-man who is deputy dean at

Chicago and Ionnerly taught at the London Business School

and France's INSEAD, the

business school curriculum

was first developed in America

and now is adapted in Europe-

an and Asian schools, "so why not go for the real thing?"

Another reason is building

up contacts for future business

relationships; Japanese busi-nesses especially assist their

employees so the company can

profit from a returning student's personal network.

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principled student might find allow that competition for jobs

"Nowadays students find it normal to cheat, whereas years ago that wasn't the case," said Claude Rivière, a language professor in the University of Paris system in France, and author of several books on English grammar. "There's a system and you have to beat the system, not to get an education but to get the degree which will be useful."

Robert Shupp, a professor French at the University of Houston in Texas, said many American students of today so-called "Generation X" felt they were "owed" a degree if they managed to gain admit-tance to college. "If they are not prepared for the task, they still have to get through and a lot of them will do anything they have to in order to do that."

While such criticism can have a derisive, "these-kids-today" ring common to adults of any

omist Henry Kanfman, chair-

man of the Trustees of the

Stern School and of the Insti-

tute for International Educa-

tion, points out that "Ameri-

can schools have developed

minds like W. Edwards Dem-

ing, who taught Japan produc-

tivity, and the management scholar Peter Drucker. Our fi-

nancial institutions are in the

vanguard of innovation from

corporate finance to deriva-

Among the top 20, Chicago,

the font and origin of market

economics, stresses theoretical

rigor and practical application.

Duke's Fuqua school stresses

working in small teams to du-

plicate a work environment

but so far has only a 17-percent

loreign enrollment and is ac-

tively seeking to raise it. The

Simon School at the University

of Rochester, which was

dropped from the top 20 be-

cause its location makes it less

and thos for academic achievement - is intense and that the temptation to plagiarize or to sneak a peak at some-

one else's exam can be strong.
"I don't know anyone who starts out in a course wanting to cheat," said a recent graduate of a top, East Coast univer-sity in the United States. "But things can happen in your life, and time can slip away. If you need a paper quickly, you know one of these places can fax you one right away that you can copy.

Bart Lowe, president of Research Assistance, says the papers sold by his company are mtended to aid students in carrying out their own research and not as products to be handed in under false pretenses. "We certainly don't condone cheat-ing in any way," he said.

Research Assistance charges \$7.50 a page for its in-stock pa-pers, and between \$20 and \$50 a

accessible to corporate recruit-

ers, has the highest ratio

among leading schools at 42

percent and thus can guarantee

an international input in its

study groups stressing entre-

Harvard is tops in interna-

tional prestige, but according to Business Week its adminis-

tration is the most unrespon-

sive to its students. Admissions

Director Jill Sadule said Har-

vard is trying do better and is

course in English for MBAs as

well as an orientation course

on things like how to open an

American bank account and

shop wholesale.
"All countries have their

own ways of developing their

own elites, and there used to be

only one way, through a na-

tion's clite universities," said

Richard Edelstein, director of

international affairs for the

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Sheldon Steinhach, general counsel to the Wash based American Council on Education, which represents the interests of U.S. colleges and universities before the U.S. government, says that modern technology provides today's students with more ways to cheat than were open to their parents. "One can obtain a research paper by fax or electronic mail in very short order," he said. "And it would take a very diligent professor to ascertain it."

It's the concept of an hooor code that some experts see as the long-term solution to the problem. Gary Pavela, director of the National Center for Academic Integrity, a College Park, Maryland-based consor-tium charged with helping colleges and universities develop policies to deal with student cheating, says the key is giving

pers, and between \$20 and \$50 a student peer groups the power page for researching and writing to deal with offenders. MBA Programs in U.S. Adopt Multinational Focus

> LAWRENCE MALKIN is New York correspondent for the In-ternational Herald Tribune.

What is developing now is a

different multinational roote

through the firm."

"You have to give students a voice in the process of what happeos to someone who cheats," he said. "And you also don't chop someone's head off for a first offense. If the penalty - automatic expulsion, for example - is so severe that peoples' careers will be ruined, studepts will band together and not testify against others. But that sort of thing usually doesn't occur if a more progres-

PHILIP CRAWFORD is on the staff of the International Herald

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By Kate Brown

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world learn English, and he is now watched every week hy thousands of chil-dren on Vietnamese Television.

guage teaching materials like the Muzzy

video series is enormous. Why? The short

The country's extensive market re-

forms, introduced in the late 1980s, have

curbed inflation, boosted growth and en-

couraged Western companies to view

Vietnam as an area of untapped opportu-

nity - and the new Western presence has

"The Vietnamese see English as a ma-

jor tool in the fast-moving economic de-velopment of their country," said Muriel

Kirton, director of the British Council in

operate in English, even the Japanese,

and English has become the lingua franca

courses to meet the sudden demand

And not only in business: The govern-

According to Ms. Kirton, 180,000 peo-

ple are studying English on any given evening in Hanoi, and language schools

are springing up all over the country. The

Hanoi Foreign Language College esti-mates that there are 200 centers for Eng-

which, at 71 million people, is one of the largest countries in Southeast Asia.

lish-language instruction in Vietnam

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Demand in Vietnam for English-lan-

UZZY, a green extraterres-trial with British accent, re-cently landed in Vietnam.

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In Hanoi, Lessons for Foreign Schools

By Jon Lidén

ANOI — Universities from several countries are flocking to Vietnam, but so far they are learning as much as they are teaching.

Michael Fay, who heads the language unit for East Asia of Insearch Ltd., the foreign consultancy arm of University of Technology, Sydney, said that establishing an English course in Vietnam had been an educa-

Among the lesson was the notion of having to pay to teach. Vietnam Aviation Institute wanted a course in technical English for its staff, but apart from classroom facilities and transport of teaching material, it had no funds to allocate to the project.

"AIDAB (the Australian national aid agency) matched our own funds. We did a needs analysis and then sent up an expert from Australia to develop a curriculum alongside the aviation Institute and to train

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teachers. Vietnamese teachers also went for training to Syd-

Insearch considers the project as an entrance ticket to what could become a large market for educational institu-

The economic reforms that started in Vietnam eight years ago are rapidly transforming the whole society, and the de-mand for change has overwhelmed the educational sector. Not only must Sovietinspired curricula and school books be replaced by ones emphasizing languages, market economics and modern technology, but century-old notions about the roles of teachers and the methods of learning also need to be recon-

sidered. The country admits it needs help in finding its way, and several countries, companies and universides are eager to oblige. Embassies and aid missions see how student exchange programs, cooperation between universities and sponsored courses create long-last-

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ing ties between their countries and the students who will be tomorrow's decision makers. Companies see that sponsoring courses in language training, accounting and technical skills not only creates good will, but may be the only way to easure qualified staff for their activi-

ties abroad-"We are welcoming foreign universities both to have exchange relationships with Vietnamese universities and to establish themselves here," said Do Van Chung, director of the department of student affairs at the Ministry of Education.

Vietnam scrapped its Soviet Union-modelled system in fa-vor of one "closely resembling the American system, although we have incorporated elements from other countries" in 1992, according to Professor Chung. Vietnamese graduates now get bachelors degrees, and mas-ter's and Ph.D. programs are available at several institutes and independent research in-

stitutions. The Ministry's efforts are now focused on merging the country's 105 advanced learning institutions into a few large universities with proper de-partmental structure and coor-dination of teaching and research. "We must admit that



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the work is not easy. There are not always such good relations between independent insti-tutes and universities," said

Professor Chung. In Hanoi, three colleges were merged into Hanoi National University last year, and Ho Chi Minh City will soon see a similar merger of its main universities. Ambitious plans exist for building a single cam-pus outside Hanoi, but the ministry admits that there are more pressing tasks to tackle than a new campus.

France and Australia are the countries most heavily involved in educational exchanges. A recent survey found that 25 out of Australia's 33 higher educations institutions had links with Vietnamese counterparts, while 18 had ties with other organizations and industry.

American universities have been scouting Vietnam the past few years, and Harvard Business School bas a perma-nent representative in Ho Chi Minh City.

Although private universi-ties are permitted in Vietnam, both diplomats and representatives for foreign universities agree that there will not be a market for minion-based, foreign-run educational institutions in the country for years to come. Foreign universities activities will have to be funded by aid or corporate sponsorship, they say.

JON LIDEN is a journalist based in Hong Kong.



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Berlitz International, which has lanuage schools in Thailand and Hong Kong, has been studying setting up joint ventures in Victnam, China and South

Korea and plans to move into at least one of those countries this year. "China is the huge big plum that every-one is looking at, and the sooner we get in there the better," said Michael Strumpen-Darrie, vice president for curriculum and training at Berlifz International's headquarters in Philadelphia. "Our most ambitious plans are for the Far East, and it will definitely happen in 1995."

Quoc Hung, vice rector of the Foreign Language College and a leading expert in his field, said: "The Vietnamese are thirsty for learning. Everyone, even the workers, are learning English. Some spend half their salaries doing so."

He added: "In the past French was the set off a stampede to learn English, the major language, and Russian was also important, but due to the recent opentrade policy we are now exposed to more of the world, and in most other countries English is the language."

Sue Brooks, an American television Hanoi. "All joint-venture companies here producer living in Hanoi, agrees. With sponsorship from Telstra, an Australian corporation, she is about to start broadcasting a two-minute English-language program five nights a week on Vietnamese Television that will aim to teach one ment recently issued a decree that all state employees under the age of 45 must be conversant in English. The British Council, English expression each night in quick, which has only been in Vietnam since the end of 1993, is offering a variety of English colorful segments.

"The Vietnamese love MTV-style telerision," she said.

Television and radio are being used extensively as teaching vehicles, usually with support from Western multinationals. British Petroleum Co. is sponsoring a television program, "Starting Business English," adapted from a video course produced by the BBC.

Courses in English Flourish in Vietnam

staff, and it helps us if they can communi-cate with the larger BP world."

British Petroleum is the market leader in lubricants in Vietnam, and the company claims to have drilled more offshore

wells there than any other oil company. "The country is obviously an important market for us, and we want to facilitate Vietnam's entry into the business world," Mr. Nicholas said.

Lini Ngoc Lan adapted the "Starting Business English" videos for Vietnamese Television and produces a number of other English language instructional pro-

"We bump into so many foreigners nowadays, and all modern Vietnamese know some English," he said. "Around 70 percent can talk English adequately. In the past, some people learned English but it wasn't important. Now it's essen-

Sue Brooks agrees. "A year ago, most taxi drivers couldn't understand where you wanted to go. Now they can. It's all about money at the end of the day, and if learning English means making money, they'll do it."

In contrast to Vietnam, there are relatively few native English-speakers living in China, and the availability of imported study materials there is limited. Berlitz, however, has developed a series of programs to teach English to Mandarin and Cantonese speakers.

John Okazaki, president of Berlitz Japan, recently returned from Beijing, where he said he saw a growing need for English courses. In fact, he said, the three most important skills for middle managers in China now are to be able to drive, to use a personal computer and to be proficient in English.

Dave Nicholas, a spokesman for BP in London, said, "We need to recruit local Paris."

A Thai Town Transformed Into Education Center

Continued from Page 11 tional institutions, to form a joint venture to establish an

international school at Doi

The financial cost of the venture is difficult to calculate. Land is being made available for the school and organizers say that other capital costs and the scholarship endowment fund for the coeducaconal boarding school will be largely paid for by donations in cash, kind and services from Thailand itself, where the economy

bas been booming for more than a decade and where the Princess Mother and the King are widely revered. The school, which may eventually draw some 500 boarding students from Asia, Australia and other regions of the world.

is to be called Geelong Gram-mar International: Doi Tung. Its foundation stone will be laid in 1996 to commemorate King Bhumibol's 50th year on the throne. The first students will probably begin classes in Preliminary site clearing for

the school, to be set in a beautiful valley surrounded by wooded hills on one side and a spectacular limestone cliff on the other, has just been completed. The design of the school, which will bave separate living vil-lages for boys and girls as well as a full range of educational, sporting and recreational facilities, is being developed by a Tung school would probably

team headed by Sumet Jumsai, a internationally renowned Thai architect who is chairman of SJA 3D Co. in Bangkok.

"We want to offer the best education we can give and at-tract the best teachers we can get," said Mom Rajarwongse Disnadda Diskul, private secretary to the Princess Mother and chairman of the foundation that will own the assets of the school.

However, M.R. Disnadda emphasized that it would not be a school for a privileged elite. "We aim to have at least 10 to 20 percent of students on full scholarships," he said. "It will be a school based on buman warmth, mutual tolerance and community service. Nobody will be looking down on

Although English will be the language of instruction, there will be a strong emphasis on learning Asian languages, cultures and religions as well as those of the West.

"The school in Thailand could be described as a the first step towards a global school," said Lister Hannah, principal of Geelong Grammar, which will provide advice on curriculum development, extra-curricular activities and school man-

agement. Mr. Hannah, a former head of Munich International School and a past principal of the UN International School in, New York, said the Doi

span years nine to 12 of the Australian and British secondary school system, which is equivalent to the last four years of a United States high school

Students in years nine and 10 will prepare for the IGGSE examination, the international version of Britain's GCSE exam developed by the Cambridge University Local Examination Syndicate.

Students in years 11 and 12 will undertake the International Baccalaureate Diploma program. It involves study of six. academic subjects and a theory of knowledge course, writing an extended essay and doing community service for half a day each week. The IB is now offered in more than 50 countries and is widely accepted for university entry around the

Jonathan K. Breadmore, chairman of the Geelong Grammar School council, said it that the Doi Tung school expected Thai nationals to account for about 25 percent of caroliments and for nationals from other countries in the region to make up another 25 percent

Mr. Breadmore said that the remaining 50 percent of stu-dents would likely come from Australia and the ever-growing number of expatriate families located in rapidly developing Asian nations and beyond

"We believe the establish-ment of the school at Doi Tung

will be of immense benefit to Geelong Grammar by expanding our offering to include opportunities for our students, and other Australian students, to visit and study in Asia in a way that is compatible with their Australian studies," he

Mr. Breadmore added that fees at the Doi Tung school would be "competitive with those at other international

Doi Tung lies close to Southeast Asia's largest and longest river, the Mekong, which runs-from southern China, through Burma, Laos, Thailand, Cambodia and Vietnam. Many economists and businessmen believe the Mekong will form the axis for the next major economic growth area in the re-

Mechai Viravaidya, a former Thai cabinet minister and strong supporter of the Doi Tung school, said that its site was chosen with an eye to the future. "The Mekong basin is going to be a new crossroads for Asia and the students who cmerge from this school will be very well equipped to fit in anywhere in the world," he

For more information, contact Geelong Grammar International Foundation, Srapathum Palace, 195 Phyathai Road, Bangkok, 10330, Thai-land. Telephone: 66-2-2524723. Facsimile: 66-2-2550830.

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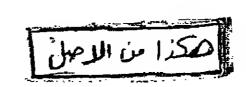
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China Stalls Film From U.S. on Eve Of Trade Talks

BEIJING - Chioa has States, stalling the import of the U.S. blockbuster film True

will be delayed indefinitely after Shanghai Film put off plans to dub it into Chinese, Qiu Cuiding, head of the America and Oceania department of the state import monopoly China-Film, said Monday.

"We want to show the movie," Mr. Qiu said. "But it is difficult to say what the impact of a trade war would be."

The movie's fate hinges on whether China and the United States succeed in averting mutual trade sanctions during talks on protecting copyrights and other intellectual property rights scheduled to begin io Beijing on Tuesday.

"We haven't decided whether to buy the movie because of the possible trade war," another ChinaFilm official said.

China and the United States earlier announced that retaliatory sanctions would come into effect Feb. 26 after talks ended without agreement last month. Beijing has blamed what it calls U.S. inflexibility.

U.S. negotiators, led by Deputy Assistant Trade Representative Lee Sands, were set to arrive in Beijing on Tuesday, when they will hold a brief meeting with their Chinese counterparts, a U.S. Embassy spokesman said.

The first full-day session will be held Wednesday.

China has said a trade war could be averted if the United States dropped excessive and countries have common views on copyright piracy.

ample of copyright piracy in China, a cinema in the booming jumped the gun on a possible China, a cinema in the booming trade war with the United southern city of Shenzhen was showing a pirated copy of "True Lies" last week.

The action film, starring Ar-The movie's showing initial nold Schwarzeoegger, would have been the fourth of 10 hit foreign films to be imported by China soon after general release as part of reforms to the tightly controlled media market.

In a ootice in the official People's Daily last week, China-Film denounced what it called serious copyright violations of another major U.S. film, "The Fugitive," by local cable televi-sion stations and videotape fac-

tories. The notice gave oew evidence that piracy is committed not only by rogue manufacturers. said to churn out millions of bootleg compact disks and videotapes, but also by units of the government itself.

All broadcast and cable television stations in China are owned by the state.

Mr. Qiu said anti-piracy teams had raided at least three cinemas for showing pirated copies of "The Fugitive," the first film imported under the

The Fugitive raked in a re-cord 20 million yuan (\$2.3 milbon), and ChinaFilm had expected "True Lies" to be even more successful, Mr. Qiu said.

■ Coke Sales Jump in China

Coca-Cola Co. said its sales to China surged 62 percent in the last quarter of 1994 from the year-earlier period as the company cornered almost a fifth of the market, Bloomberg Business News reported.

The Atlanta-based company unreasonable demands, as the said it had sold the equivalent of 135 million 24-bottle cases of soft drinks in China last year.

Warburg's Chief Steps Down

By Alan Friedman ational Herald Tribune

PARIS -S. G. Warburg Group PLC, the British investment bank that is reeling from staff defections, trading losses and the collapse in December of its planned merger with Morgan Stanley & Co., on Monday announced the departure of its chief executive, a major management shake-up, and plans to slash its cost base.

Simon Cairns, the main architect of the aborted \$6.8 billion merger with Morgan Stanley, resigned after an emergency board meeting Sunday. Taking Lord Cairns's place as chief executive of Britain's largest investment bank will be Sir David Scholey, 59, the Warburg chairman, who on Monday canceled plans to retire in June.

Sir David has a solid reputation in the City of Londoo and was once considered a candidate for the governorship of the. Bank of England, but analysts agreed that that he would face an uphill task in seeking to restore confidence among Warburg's investors and clients.

The new chief executive will also have to lay out a new strategy for the bluechip bank, whose hopes of strengthening the U.S. side of the business and competing globally with American firms such as Merrill Lynch & Co. and Goldman, Sachs & Co. are widely seen to have

faded with the collapse of the Morgan

Stanley merger.

Warburg, which had heavy trading losses in the first half of its 1994-95 financial year and a plunge in first-half group profit, also warned Monday that "the difficult market environment has continued to have an adverse effect on investment banking results."

This, said analysts, was likely to mean that in the financial year ending March 31, the group's Mercury Asset Manage-ment business would still be profitable but trading losses and lower volume oo the investment banking side would reduce overall profit.

The bank's difficulties were reflected when Warburg's share price fell 20 pence after Monday's announcements, closing at 706 pence (\$10.79) in London. This brought the total slide since Thursday to 45 pence, or 6 percent.

Since the Morgan Stanley deal fell apart in December, morale at Warburg has plummeted and competitors have been poaching staff members. A sense of crisis took hold late last week when six key executives in the group's equity capi-tal division, including two directors, joined their former bosses in defecting to Morgan Grenfell & Co., the investment banking unit in London of Deutsche

Warburg said Monday it had named Brandon Gough, a current board member and former chairman of Coopers &

Lybrand Europe, as its oew deputy chairman. It also named three oew directors and promised more appointments in time for the group's annual shareholder meeting in June.

Sir David tried Mooday to put a brave face on the situation, pledging "decisive and substantial action to increase our revenues and reduce our cost base" in the

evestment banking divisioo. He declined to say how many members of Warburg's work force of 5,500 would lose their jobs, but analysts estimated the number at 700, or more than 10 percent of the staff.

In January, Warburg pulled out of the Eurobond market, which it had helped to invent 30 years ago. Other business lines are expected to be eliminated in the oext few weeks as the bank tries to cut costs.

"The objective oow," Sir David said, "is to regain equilibrium, restore mo-mentum and revitalize profitability. We are regrouping in order to advance again. And I shall be spending 101 percent of my time on investment banking." The Warburg chairman and chief executive will lead a newly created investment-

banking executive committee. When asked whether he expected more staff defections from Warburg, Sir David said, "I wouldn't be surprised if there were some more, because rice trails

go on for quite some way."

He added, bowever, that the bank would also be recruiting new executives.

Pechiney Outlines Huge 1994 Loss

PARIS -- Pechiney SA said Mooday it expected to post a dramatically larger loss for 1994 than it had a year earlier.

The government-owned aluminum and packaging company said it expected its loss for 1994 to be 3.5 billion French francs (\$661 million). That compares with a loss of 1 billion francs for 1993. The company said the 1994 loss would include a write-off of 2.5 billion francs

based on a review of the value of Pechiney's assets, principally those of a U.S. subsidiary, American Can Co., the compamy said.

would also reflect charges stemming from changes in the company's accounting methods.

Jean-Pierre Rodier, the company's chairman, said he hoped the company could be sold off to the private sector this fall.

The company said that according to preliminary results, its earnings from operations rose 8 percent to 2.6 billion francs, from 2.4 billion. Sales rose 11 percent to 70 billion in goodwill rose 11 percent to 70 billion france. from 62.9 billion france.

Pechiney said the net loss versing a profit of 300 million my's share of the annual accounting charges stem-Pechiney said that adopting tion of American Can assets to U.S. accounting standards for \$43.4 million in 1995. (Bloomberg, Knight-Ridden this year could raise the compa-

Salomon to Close Private Unit

NEW YORK - In its first cost-cutting move since posting a \$364 million loss for 1994, Salomon Brothers Inc. said Monday it was closing its private investment department, which serves wealthy individuals and their families.

Salomon said the move was part of a strategy to focus resource on its core advisory, underwriting and trading business. The ance, from 62.9 billion francs. department, which employs 115 people out of a worldwide work.

The company said the Pe-force of 6,900, will be wound down by the end of April. Salomon said it had sked the heads of the department, William

which included American Can, Heyman, former Securities and Exchange Commission director of had had an estimated net loss of market regulation, and Richard Sachs, to remain:

Thinking Ahead /Commentary

A CONTRACT OF STREET

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Time to Form Global Investment Laws

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Cristernational Haridd Tribune

By Reginald Dale mational Herald Tribune

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ASHINGTON -- Now that a oew set of rules has been put in place for world trade, it is time to do the same for another key area of economic activity international investment.

As companies increasingly set up factories and service agencies closer to their customers, rather than export from their home bases, foreign direct investment is actually growing much faster than trade. And it is generating even more goods

and services -- \$6 trillion for investment against \$4 trillion for trade every year, according to David L. Aaron, U.S. ambassador to the Organization for Eco-nomic Cooperation and Development in

But investment is still constrained by a jumble of antiquated and confusing rules, set forth in a spider's web of overlapping bilateral treaties and international codes of conduct. Many governments discriminate against foreign investors, or bar them from some sectors entirely, often for socalled strategic reasons.

Dismantling these obstacles would give the global economy a big shot in the arm. "Investment should be the next great boost to the world economy, following the powerful impulse given by the removal of trade barriers in the Uruguay Round," Sir Leon Brittan, the European Union's trade commissioner, said in prefer the OECD. Washington last month.

Fortunately, foreign investment is no longer the ideological issue it once was. Most developing countries, which used to regard it as a threat to their sovereignty, are now doing all they can to attract

reign capital. The pattern is rapidly changing. More investment is now going to developing than to industrial countries, and the field

is no longer monopolized by American, European and Japanese multinationals.

The United States and the European Union should set the ball rolling together.

The need is for a comprehensive set of rules covering such basic principles as the right of establishment, nondiscrimination and most-favored-nation treatment. There should also be guarantees that profits can be repatriated and that assets won't be appropriated without compensation, together with provisions for the settlement of disputes.

The United States and the European Union — still the two biggest players — are ready to talk, but disagree about where. While the European Commission wants to start negotiations in the new World Trade Organization in Geneva, the United States and American business

Sir Leon argues that negotiations

would give the WTO an early boost to its anthority, that all countries should be included and that there should be binding rules and dispute procedures of the kind provided by the WTO.

The Americans accept that the ideal outcome would ultimately be binding rules in the WTO. That, however, is "not a realistic short-term goal," says Daniel Bries A Washington in the Washington in the Washington in the work of the work Price, a Washington investment-policy

lawyer.
The Americans are right. There is a big risk that a WTO agreement covering more than 100 countries would take too much time and reflect the lowest common denominator. It would be easier and quicker to reach an agreement among like-minded countries in the OECD, incorporating the nighest possible standards, and then take

it to the WTO.
The United States and the European Union should set the ball rolling together. But even that will not be easy. The United States does not want EU countries to be

allowed to give each other preferential treatment on the grounds that they form an integrated economic bloc.

The Europeans object to U.S. restrictions on foreign investment in sectors such as airlines and broadcasting. They are concerned by demands in Congress that conditions should be placed on the right of foreign companies to receive the same treatment in the United States as their local competitors.

But as support grows on both sides of the ocean for revitalizing trans-Atlantic economic relations, this would be a good place to start.

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Electricity Issues **Spark Small Gains**

NEW YORK - U.S. stocks rose Monday as strength in electrical issues offset concern that earnings growth could slow because of the Federal Reserve Board's recent interest rate in-

MARKET DIARY

"There's going to be a tug of war between people worried the Fed rate increases have slowed

U.S. Stocks the economy and those that think the economy is still growing," said Don Hays, director of investment strategy at Wheat First Butcher Singer.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 15.14 points at 3,954.21, while gaining issues outnumbered losing ones by an 11-to-9 ratio on the New York

The price of the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond edged up 2/32 point, to 99 18/32, with the yield steady at 7.67 percent. A guarded atmosphere prevailed, with investors reluctant to make major commitments be-

fore important economic data are released later in the week. Figures are being released Tuesday on retail sales in January, followed a day later by re-

trial production and business

Glaxo's American depositary receipts were the most actively traded issue on the Big Board, slipping % to 20%. The Swiss investment company Pharma Vision said it might sell its shares in Glaxo because it did not agree with the British company's plans to buy Wellcome. General Electric led a rally in electrical issues, gaining % to 34%. The company's jet-engine business is turning around, and the sale of its Kidder Peabody

moved a cloud over the stock. Honeywell rose % to 36½ on reports that the company's acrospace unit could generate sales of more than \$5 billion annually by the end of the decade. Southwest Airlines fell 11/2 to

174 on reports it was expecting its first-half results to be harmed by competition and operating problems on new routes. General Magic fell 41/2 to 221/2 in heavy Nasdaq volume. The stock retreated from the level reached last week when its first

investors who snapped up the

Dollar Stuck on Hold As Traders Await Data

NEW YORK -- The dollar languished near recent lows against the Deutsche mark ing a series of economic num-Monday amid concern that eco-bers, including January retail nomic reports this week would show signs of accelerating inflation, burting U.S. stocks and

The currency slipped against the yen, meanwhile, as Japanese exporters sold dollars and

Foreign Exchange

bought yen to bring money home before the end of the Japanese fiscal year March 31.

The dollar closed at 1.5210 DM, little changed from 1.5190 DM on Friday, after having sunk to 1.5161 DM earlier in the day. The U.S. currency also closed at 98.715 yen, down

from 98,900 yea. Concern about inflation grew released Friday for January showed a worrying rise in raw materials and semifinished from \$1.5635.

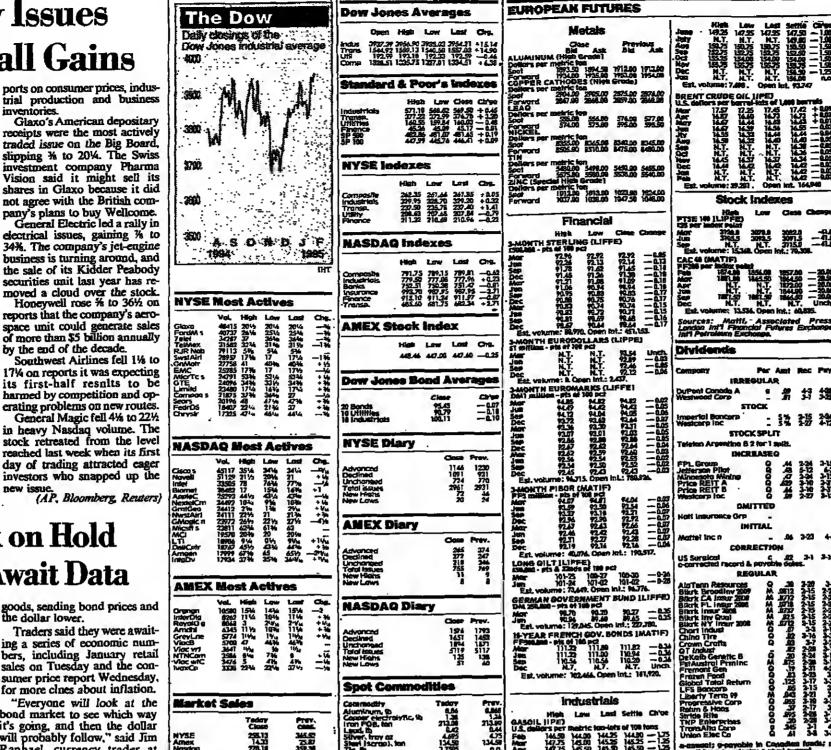
goods, sending bond prices and the dollar lower.

Traders said they were awaitbers, including January retail sales on Tuesday and the consumer price report Wednesday, for more claes about inflation.

Everyone will look at the bond market to see which way it's going, and then the dollar will probably follow," said Jim Raphael, currency trader at NatWest USA Bancorp. "A strong number would indicate inflation, and the dollar will get burt," referring to retail sales.

"There's nothing you can put your finger on that's going to help the dollar against the yen with repatriation looming. said Joe Francomano, a trader at Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, referring to the year-end flows of money back to Japan.

Against other currencies, the dollar closed at 5.2700 French francs, up from 5.2585 francs, after the producer price report and at 12853 Swiss francs, up from 1.2823 francs. The pound traded at \$1.5631, down slightly



Court Blocks Bid to Ban a New Maurice Saatchi Agency

By Richard W. Stevenson New York Times Service

LONDON - Maurice Saatchi won the first skirmish Monday-in what promises to be a lengthy court battle when a High Court judge denied a request by Saatchi & Saatchi Co., the advertising agency he founded and then split with acrimoniously, to stop him from starting a rival agency. Justice Jonathan Parker denied Saatchi & Saatchi's request for an injunction to

prevent Mr. Saatchi and three former Saatchi & Saatchi executives from proceeding with plans for a new agency known as Dress Rehearsal.

The ruling means that Mr. Saatchi can continue his efforts to line up linancing and new clients pending a trial, probably this spring, on Saatchi & Saatchi's claims against him and the three former executives.

In a statement, Mr. Saatchi said the ruling supported his position that competi-tion should not be stopped by legal action.

Mr. Saatchi was ousted as chairman of Saatchi & Saatchi in December under pressure from shareholders angry about the company's mediocre performance and what they saw as his lack of responsiveness to their concerns. Mr. Saatchi, who founded the company in 1970 with his brother Charles, subsequently announced plans for a new agency, and the three Saatchi &

Saatchi executives said they would join

him as partners.

U.S. / AT THE CLOSE

CS First Boston to Fire 2% of Staff

NEW YORK (Bloomberg) — CS First Boston Inc. is closing its municipal bond business, firing 135, or 2 percent, of its employees as the firm cuts staff to reduce costs, officials said Monday.

Those cuts and others were decided after executives from the Those cuts and others were decided after executives from the firm met in Zurich with the board of its parent, CS Holding AG, which also owns the Swiss bank Credit Suisse AG.

Allen Wheat, CS First Boston president and chief operating officer, said last week that the firm planned to fire some of its 6,500 employees and restructure some businesses as profit de-

6,500 employees and restructure some businesses as profit de-cined. The firm will have cut 10 percent to 15 percent of its staff by the time cuts are finished.

Viceroy Can't Get Cash for MK Gold

BOISE, Idaho (AP-DJ) — Viceroy Resource Corp. said Monday it had failed to secure financing to purchase Morrison Knudsen Corp.'s interest in MK Gold Co. Morrison Knudsen said the notice terminated the purchase agreement.

Viceroy, a Canadian natural-resources company, planned to buy Morrison Knudsen's 46.4 percent stake in MK Gold for \$42.75 million in cash and warrants valued at \$2.45 million. When the agreement was announced last month, Morrison Knudsen said it was calling its rathe in MK Gold to generate cash said it was selling its stake in MK Gold to generate cash.

Last week, Morrison Knudsen's board fired the company's chief executive, William J. Agec, blaming him for unexpected

ConAgra Announces Share Buyback

OMAHA, Nebraska (Combined Dispatches) — Shares in Con-Agra Inc. rose Monday after the company said it would buy back

agra Inc. rose Monday after the company said it was a superior of its common shares.

The shares, to be purchased "over several years," represent about 10 percent of ConAgra's common stock outstanding.

ConAgra, the No. 2 U.S. food company after Philip Morris Cos., said the repurchased stock could be used to replace shares issued for acquisitions, meet its obligations to employee incentive and benefit plans and cover possible conversion of class E preferred stock. ConAgra shares were up 50 cents at \$33.875.

(AP-DJ, Bloomberg)

York International to Acquire Rival

YORK, Pennsylvania (Bloomberg) — York International Corp. said Monday it had agreed to buy Evcon Holdings Inc. for \$133 million.

The transaction requires antitrust approval because both com-panies manufacture heating and air-conditioning systems.

York plans to subtract Evcon's outstanding debt from the purchase price at closing and will pay off that debt with the leftover cash.

Nextel Wants to Close 3 Deals Soon

RUTHERFORD, New Jersey (Bloomberg) — Nextel Communications Inc., in an effort to lift its sagging stock price, said Monday it expected to complete its acquisition of wireless licenses from Motorola Inc. and its purchases of OneComm Corp. and American Mobile Systems Inc. in the second quarter of 1995.

The company also said it had hired Donaldson, Lufkin & Jersette Inc., a securities firm to essist it in discussions with Jenrette Inc., a securities firm, to assist it in discussions with bondholders. Nextel stock rose 87.5 cents to \$10.75.

For the Record

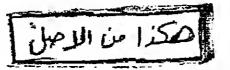
Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co. said its board of directors had raised the quarterly dividend on common stock by 6.8 percent to 47 cents and authorized the repurchase of up to 8 million shares.

Weekend Box Office

LOS ANGELES — "Billy Madison" dominated the U.S. box office with a gross of \$7 million over the weekend. Following are the Top 10 moneymakers, based on Friday ticket sales and estimated sales for Saturday and Sunday.

"BITY Modison"- "	TURNESHI	 \$7 million
"The Quick and the Dead"	(TriStar)	S6.7 million
"Legends of the Forf" .	in Ciciston)	 · \$4.6 million ·
"Boys on the Side"	(Warner Brothers)	 S4.4 million
"Dumb and Dumber"	(New Line Cinema) .	 32.4 million
"Nobody's Fool"	(Poramount)	 \$2.1 million
"In the Mouth of Modness"	(New Line Cinema)	\$2,1 milition
"Murder IQ the First"	(Worner Brothers)	TIA million
"Higher Leoning"	(Columbia)	 \$1.4 million
"The Jerky Boys"	(Caravan Pictures)	51,3 million

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Weathering the Oil Slump Great Profit Expectations for BP and Shell

By Erik Ipsen ernational Revald Tribuna

LONDON —A late-year spurt in the price of petrochemicals should provide a boon for Enrope's two largest oil companies, with British Petroleum Co. and Royal Dutch/Shell Group expected to post strong fourth-quarter profits over the next 10 days.

On Tuesday, it is expected to say that replacement-cost profit, which values oil inventories at current market value, was nearly £400 million (\$625 million) in the final quarter of 1994. That would take profit for the full year to around £1.5 billion, a 70 percent jump from 1993.

Remarkably, those improvements came in a year that many describe as one of the worst in

"For the oil industry, 1994 was one awful year," said Nick Clayton, an analyst for Nomura Research Institute. He and others pointed out that the price of crude oil stood at its lowest inflation-adjusted level in 20 years last year and that refining margins slumped to their lowest levels in oearly a decade.

For both BP and Shell, the chemicals sector proved to be the big swing factor in the year.
There has been a tremendous turnaround," said Jürgen Lanshof, an analyst for Crédit Lyonnais Laing. "The chemicals business has been phenomenal for both companies."

Analysts say Shell's chemicals profit for last year could top £400 million, while BP, which posted a loss of £68 million in the chemicals sector last year, should show profit of £200 million for that division in 1994.

BP also is expected to show continuing benefits from a radical cost-cutting program it put in place in 1992, when disastrous results forced it to halve its dividend for the year. "BP has been transformed in just two years." Mr. Lanshof said. What excites some is the possibility that Shell,

Saab's '94 Profit Is a First

TROLLHATTAN, Sweden, - Saab Automobile AB said

Monday that booming sales and increased productivity in

1994 had helped it post its first annual profit since it became

The luxury carmaker posted pretax profit of 702 million kronor (\$95 million) for 1994, reversing a loss of 1.37 billion

kronor in 1993. It said sales rose 20 percent, to 19.30 billion

Saab sold 88,700 cars worldwide last year, up from 73,600 in 1993. The company's chief executive, Keith Butler-Wheel-

house, said he thought Saab could sell 100,000 cars in 1995.

Saab became independent in 1990, when General Motors Corp. took a 50 percent stake. The remaining 50 percent is held by Saab-Scania AB, a unit of the Swedish bolding company Investor AB.

-Saab said it had decided to spend 1.2 billion kronor on a car

painting facility-in Trollhattan. (Bloomberg, AFX)

the world's largest oil company that is not state-owned, is heading in a similar direction, Fergus MacLeod, an analyst for NatWest Securities, predicted the biggest reorganization at Shell since the 1950s.

Mr. MacLeod said Shell's ranking at the top of the major oil companies in terms of efficiency of production had slipped in recent years.

"They have slipped from the top to being merely in the upper echelon, and they are not very happy," he said.

Many said such relative declines owed less to Shell's failings than to improvements among some of its largest competitors, such as BP and Exxon Corp.

There is growing optimism that Shell will draw inspiration from its quiet restructuring of its American arm, Shell Oil. There, \$1.2 billion in osts have been eliminated since the beginning of

"If they could expand that program to the rest of the world, the potential is large, to put it mildly," an analyst said. He predicted that Shell's 1994 profit, set for release Feb. 23, would come to £3.7 billion.

But others said Shell's profit was already so vast and its debts so low — analysts estimate it now has a debt-to-equity ratio of 1 percent — that management may have little choice but to distribute some of that cash to its shareholders. A model there might be Exxon, which has repur-chased large numbers of its shares in the open market in recent years.

For Shell and for the industry, analysts said they expected profits to rise on increasing demand for petroleum products now that all major industrialized regions are in a recovery. Many analysts predicted crude oil prices would average around \$18 a barrel this year, up from just under \$17 last year. In the chemicals sector, the turnaround will be even more dramatic, with some analysts predicting triple-digit percentage gains in profits for 1995.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatche

Investors bailed out of Cap Germini stock, which lost as much as 5 percent before recovering to close at 165.5 frames, down 0.80.

"It was expected to be a recovery story," said Greg Jelly, a trader at the Paris-based brokerage Oddo. "The recovery's happening at a slower pace than anticipated."

Cap Germini posted a profit of 20 million francs for the second half of 1994 and said it

The company, besieged by competition from

expected to return to profit this year.

SkopBank: Finland's New Target

HELSINKI — Skop-Bank, which was taken over by the government in 1991 is being courted for take-over itself, newspaper re-ports said Monday. Postipankki Ltd., which is

also state-owned, plans to make a bid for SkopBank, according to Helsingin San-omat, a Finnish daily.

The paper, without giv-ing any direct quotes, referred to information from Postipankki's chief execu-tive, Seppo Lindblom. The Finnish bank that is

to be formed through the merger of Kansallis-Osake-Pankki and Union Bank of Finland Ltd. is also interested in buying SkopBank, according to an interview with Vesa Vaino, the future chief executive of the bank to be created by the merger.

"We are studying if it is possible to make an offer that would interest the seller." Mr. Vainio said, according to another daily, Turun Sanomat. He is cur-rently chief executive of

rentry chief executive of Union Bank of Finland.
SkopBank, which has received roughly 18 billion markka in support from the government, had total assets of 31.4 billion markka (\$6.68 billion) at the end of August, down from 54 billion a year earlier.

Cap Gemini Narrows Loss for Year

PARIS — Cap Gemini Sogeti SA on Monday posted a loss of 95 million French francs (\$18 Electronic Data Systems, a unit of General Momillion) for 1994 despite a profitable second half, disappointing investors who had expected stron-

The computer services company said 1994 sales ting together computer hardware and software fell 7.7 percent, to 10.15 billion francs. The company posted a loss of 429 million francs in 1993. company's customers include BAA PLC—operations.

Farben Loses Battle Investor's Europe In Court to Reclaim German Properties

By Brandon Mitchener International Flerald Tribune

FRANKFURT - A COURT ruling Monday killed the hopes of 1.G. Farbenindustrie AG. successor of Nazi Germany's poison-gas maker, and other companies and persons hoping to reclaim hundreds of parcels of prime Berlin property confis-cated at the end of World War II.

The ruling by the Federal Administrative Court put an end to a bitter legal battle over some of East Germany's most valuable real estate.

The court said the former East German state, founded in October 1949, had "only completed what the Soviet occupation forces, through their expropriations, had set in motion."

Land expropriated under the Soviet occupation before 1949 is exempted from German law that otherwise demands compensation or the return of land expropriated by the former Communist regime in Eastern Germany.

The court ruling affects land now valued at an estimated 40 billion Deutsche marks (\$26 billion) that was taken from 954 individuals and 589 corporations accused of collaborating with Nazi Germany. Among the claimants was I.G. Farben, the legal successor to the chemi-

American computer services companies such as

Cap Gemini makes most of its money by put-

tor of the main British airports - as well as

The company said debt restructuring and in-ternal reorganization allowed it to trim its loss

Separately, Daimler-Benz AG said it had not decided whether to exercise its option to raise its stake in Cap Gemini. Daimler's Debis System-

haus GmbH unit owns 34 percent of Sogeti AG,

the parent company of Cap Gemini,
(Bloomberg, Reuters, AFX)

Bibliotheque de France and Glaxo PLC.

cals group that produced the poison Zykloo B gas used in Nazi gas chambers, among oth-

er war goods.

1.G. Farben, now just a shell company, claimed it was enti-tled to nearly 130,000 square meters (i.4 million square feet) of prime real estate it once owned in the center of reunified Berlin.

Liquidation certificates of l.G. Farben fell 1 percent in heavy trading to close at 5.10 DM each.

A spokesman for the city of Berlin said the ruling would help speed construction on Potsdamer Platz and other central Berlin building sites.

German law allows for reimbursing individuals for confiscated property.

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Stockholm	SX 16		1,625.48	1,632.55	-0.43
Vienna .	ATX In	dex	983.37	981.05	+0.24
Zurich	SBS		925.23	<i>9</i> 25.85	-0.07
ources: Reuters,	AFP			loternational He	mild Tribune

Dyno Profit Doubles and Posts Record

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatche OSLO - Dyno Industrier AS, the Norwegian chemicals and explosives company, said Monday its 1994 operating profit more than doubled and forecast higher profit this year.

The company, riding an international economic up-turn, said operating profit surged 106 percent to 868 million krooer (\$129.8 million), its best result on re-

Pretax profit rose 125 percent, to 693 million kroner, while sales advanced 22 percent, to 10.03 billion

"Dyno expects a continued positive development in its various markets in 1995," the company said, and it expects efficiency measures to contribute to higher profit. But it warned of "some uncertainty" in prices of methanol and other important raw materials.

(Reuters, AFX)

INTERNATIONAL 2

Very briefly:

 Italy plans to set up a loan facility coordinated by J. P. Morgari of 5 billion European Currency Units (\$6.2 billion) to refinance maturing Treasury certificates.

 Coloplast AS, a Danish manufacturer of medical aid products. plans to take over the U.S. company Sween Corp., which is based in Minnesota and produces treatments for skin problems.

• Rewe, Germany's largest food retail group, is interested in boying the German export factoring firm Procedo GmbH. Renault SA said sales in 1994 rose 5.1 percent, to 178.5 billion French francs (\$34 billion), due partly to subsidies from a fund

supported by taxpayers. Javier de la Rosa, a Barcelona financier and former representative of the Kuwait Investment Office's operation in Spain, reportedly was released on bail of 1 billion pesetas (\$8 million).

. IG Metall's third round of labor talks in the German state of Rhineland-Palatinate ended without employers making an offer. European Union steel production in 1994 rose 5 percent, to 138.9 million tons, from a year earlier. Output in Germany, the largest producer, rose 8.6 percent.

Swiss Bank Corp.'s chief executive, Georges Blum, said the bank's 1994 results were likely to be "very disappointing" after al downturn in its trading business. The bank will report results

 Centrale du Groupe des Assurances Nationales SA of France said its revenue rose 5.6 percent, to 49.59 billion francs, in 1994, while Saint-Louis SA said sales fell 1.8 percent, to 33.59 billion francs. Spain's unemployment rate rose to 16.7 percent in January from-16.51 percent in December, while the country's producer price index rose 0.6 percent in December from the previous month and

4.9 percent from a year earlier. • Fokker NV will announce next week a package of cost-reduction measures for both the short and long term that will be likely to include job cuts.

 Norway posted a trade surplus of 6.27 billion kroner (\$938 million) in January, widened from 4.73 billion kroner a year Knight-Ridder, Bloomberg, Review, AFA

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Monday's 4 p.m. Close
Tables include the nationwide prices up to
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Packer Said to Be **Increasing Stake** In Fairfax Holdings

SYDNEY - Shares in the Australian media group John Fairfax Holdings Ltd. traded that the country's richesi man Kerry Packer, was increasing

The maneuvering heightened speculation about an all-out takeover battle for Fairfax by three media moguls who now have stakes in the company: Mr. Packer; Conrad Black, chairman of the London-based newspaper concern Telegraph PLC, and Rupert Murdoch, chairman of News Corp., hased

Mr. Black now has the largest stake in Fairfax, 25 percent. Mr. Murdoch recently said he might try to raise his 5 percent stake to 10 percent. Mr. Packer had 15 percent before the latest round of buying.

The Australian Financial Review, which is owned by Fairfax, said EL&C Baillieu, a Melbourne brokerage, had bought 12 million shares of Fairfax at 2.70 Australian dollars (\$2.01) a share Friday, at least 8 million of which were purchased oo behalf of Mr. Packer.

Sources close to Fairfax who spoke on condition of anonymity said Mr. Packer was also the likely buyer Monday of a parcel of 750,000 Fairfax shares at 2.70 dollars a share.

"One would assume it's the same buyer," said John Paterson, a trader at the brokerage firm James Capel & Co. "The story will be unraveled tomorrow, when the buyer of Friday's shares has to disclose."

Fairfax shares closed in Sydney at 2.68, up 3 cents.

Mr. Packer's apparent purchases are seen by analysts as an attempt to test the government's cross-media ownership rules, which prevent him from holding more than 15 percent of Fairfax while he retains control of Nine Network Australia Ltd., the television concern.

The Review reported that the share buying had pushed Mr. Packer's interest in Fairfax above the 15 percent limit imposed by Australia's Broadcast- group's structure, Reuters reing Services Act, to around 16 ported from Melbourne. percent or 16.5 percent.

The ownership of Fairfax panies has operations in steel, has to be resolved at some building products, plastics, point," said Lachlan Drum- meat processing, forestry and

<u> - 7.83)</u>

Pearson Acquires A Share in TVB

HONG KONG - The British media group Pearson PLC took the plunge into Asia's tele-vision market Monday, buying a 10 percent stake in one of Hong Kong's premier broad-casters, Television Broadcasts Ltd., for 1.3 billion Hong Kong dollars (\$168 million).

Television Broadcasts, which owns a buge library of programs, said the two groups anned to work together on Asian projects and to invest in each other's ventures.

Pearson has tried to enter the Asian television market before. It lost out in 1993 to Rupert Murdoch, chairman of Sydneybased News Corp., for a stake io the pao-Asian satellite broadcaster, STAR-TV.

Television Broadcasting, or TVB, dominates Hong Kong's television sceoe, attractiog around 80 percent of the territory's audience.

ment rules, it would have been resolved some time ago."

Analysts said a bitter fight for control of Fairfax was brewing. "They have big stakes, big positions — the jockeying is on," said Greg Mathews, head of equities at Mercantile Mutual Investment Management, which owns under 1 percent of

Fairfax publishes the Sydney Morning Herald, The Age in Melbourne and the Australian

Financial Review. Mr. Packer also gained control Monday of one of the world's biggest ski areas, the Perisher Blue resort in New South Wales.

(Bloomberg, Reuters) ■ Smorgon Plans to Divest

Smorgon Consolidated Industries Ltd., one of Australia's largest closely held industrial groups, said it planned to conduct a staged divestment of its businesses after a review of the

The Smorgon group of commond, an analyst at CS First property and employs about Bostom. "If it wasn't for govern-4,000 workers in Australia.

Quake Attracts Insurers to Japan

By Sheryl WuDunn New York Times Service

TOKYO - When an earthquake devastated parts of western Japan last month, AIU insurance Co. rented a boat, 100 hotel rooms, 50 mobile phones, 20 vans and trucks, and a fleet of motorbikes and bicycles.

Then the American company sent in claims adjustors who distributed food, water and blankets as they tried to reach 3.000 policyholders to assess damages This approach may have been the right

one, not only from a humanitarian standpoint but also from a business standpoint for AIU, a subsidiary of New York-based American International Group Inc., which is trying to expand its share of Japan's \$400 billion insurance market, the largest in the world outside the United States.

Although little-known abroad, Japanese insurers such as Tokio Marine & Fire Insurance Co. have been among the world's biggest and most profitable companies. Long unchallenged by outsiders, they have enjoyed profits virtually guaranteed by regulators and grown at the same blistering pace as Japan's overall

Now, however, insurers are in the pubhe eye in Japan because the earthquake showed how well they managed, not to accept risk, but to evade it through poli-

cy restrictions. Rie Ota, an analyst at Baring Securities (Japan) Ltd., says insurance here is regulated so that "if the industry doesn't make a 5 percent profit, it can apply to the Ministry of Finance for an increase; if it makes too much money, it returns

the profit to the policyholders." But these days, Japan's insurance titans are facing an array of new chal-lenges, symbolized by AIU's rush to the scene of the earthquake around Kobe on

The earthquake is expected to lead to \$2 billion in claims for Japanese nonlife insurance companies, and while the companies think that is plenty, there is public criticism that they got off too lightly.

Overall damage from the earthquake was around \$100 billion, perhaps more.

"11's sad but true that there's very little would raise the limit on how much mon-

risk to domestie nonlife insurance companies," said Alicia Ogawa, an analyst at Salomon Brothers Asia Ltd. "The little guy gets ripped off, and the Japanese people will stand there and take it." The earthquake last month killed more than 5,000 people and destroyed or

The Kobe earthquake showed how well Japanese insurers managed, not to accept risk, but to evade it through policy restrictions.

damaged about 100,000 homes, buildings and other structures. But only 3 percent of the people in the Kobe area had earthquake insurance, partly be-

cause premiums were so high. Even people who had it are limited to about \$100,000 in claims on a destroyed home - about the cost of a parking space in Japan. For furniture and other household property, the maximum payment is \$50,000.

And many policyholders cannot get even that. Uotil last year, people with insurance for earthquake but not fire, or for fire but oot earthquake, got nothing if their houses burned down after a quake. This caused an uproar last year after an earthquake struck Hokkaido in northern Japan, and the rules were

Now people with fire insurance can get something, but only if half or more of an insured house is destroyed by an earthquake-induced fire. The maximum they can receive is \$30,000 for residences

government suggested last month that it would raise the limit on how much mon-ey a family with a damaged home could receive on a claim. And life insurance companies said they would pay full policy beoefits regardless of exclusion clauses, putting themselves in line to pay hundreds of millions of dollars on claims from the quake that hit Kobe.

American International Group, which owns AIU and had a small share of marine and commercial insurance in the Kobe area, said its earthquake losses would probably be only \$50 million, on total sales of \$4.3 billion in Japan.

A representative of the U.S. insurer

Cigna Corp. said its losses would probably be less than American International's. And an official at Lloyd's of London said its losses related to nonmarine reinsurance in Kobe, where it had a quarter of the market, would amount to \$100 million. He declined to comment on marine-related losses.

Some foreign companies are hoping that the recent criticism of Japanese insurers in the wake of the earthquake will create opportunities for outsiders.

"It's a very bad disaster," said Theresa Carney, a vice president at Cigna. "But an unexpected impact for foreign insurance companies is that some companies that never thought of coming to foreign insurance companies are now coming and ask-

But although a small minority of consumers had earthquake insurance, Japanese are generally avid buyers of insur-ance, especially life insurance.

The Japanese spend nearly twice as much per capita on life insurance as Americans, and the nonlife insurance industry is particularly lucrative.

Foreign companies had long looked at the Japanese market, but only a few had been involved in it before an agreement reached last year by Japanese and American negotiators expanded foreign com-

Investor's Asia Tokyo Nikket 225 Singapore Strata Times 20000 14 /15 Exchange: 7,974.82 - 8,012.82 -0.47 Hong Kong Hang Seng 2.093.12 2.074.05 +0.92 -0.02 1.846.30 1.846.00 +0.12 18,313.86: 18,291.35 980.38 Kuala Lumpur Composite Unch 1.28 1.283.97 +0.36 953.71 Composite Stock 957.10 Weighted Price 6,498.21 6,431.18 +1.04 .+0.65 2,624.67 453.61 +0.46 New Zeeland NZSE-40 1,957,93. +0.52 1,956.07 Bombay ... National Index 1,707.95 -0,63

Very briefly:

 Hyunden Motor Co. said an absence of strikes helped its 1994 profit surge to 136 billion won (\$171 million) from 58 billion won in 1993. Sales rose to 9.05 trillion won, from 7.18 trillion won.

Standard & Poor's Corp. changed its debt-rating outlook on Hong Kong to positive from negative and affirmed its 'A' long-term foreign-currency debt rating. S&P also affirmed China's debt ratings: BBB for long-term debt and A-2 for short-term debt.

• China's industrial output rose 11.4 percent in January from a year earlier. For 1994, output rose 17.5 percent to 1.62 trillion yuan (\$190 billion).

 South China Morning Post (Holdings) Ltd., a unit of News Corp., said second-quarter profit rose 16 percent, to 300.61 Hong Kong dollars (\$39 million); sales rose 7 percent to 631.03 million dollars. Bouygues SA of France's venture with Transfield Group of Australia won a 30-year contract to build and maintain an

underground railway in Sydney. · Hitachi Ltd. will announce Wednesday the development of dynamic random-access memory chips with a capacity of one gigabit, or 1 billion bits of information. NEC Corp. announced its own 1-gigabit D-RAM chip, to be shipped in 1998.

Oil & Natural Gas Commission of India postponed indefinitely its 50 billion rupee (\$1.6 billion) initial public offering because of local market conditions.

Manila Gets \$790 Million Check

Bloomberg Business News

MANILA -- The 19-member group led by Metro Pacific

For Half of Fort Bonifacio Sale

• NEC Corp. and Sumitomo Corp. will supply China's Ministry of Communications with a digital communications system.

AFX, Bloomberg, Knight-Ridder, Reuters

Foster's Results Please the Market

MELBOURNE — Foster's Brewing Group Ltd. posted a slight decline in first-half net profit Monday but said its operating profit rose 26 percent, as higher earnings in Australia and Brit-ain offset a decline in Canada and a loss in its

fledging China operations.

Foster's said the gain was partly due to the company's two-year effort to shed assets not related to brewing and focus oo production and sale of beer.

Operating profit, which excludes one-time items and taxes, rose to 225 million Australian dollars (\$168 million) from 178.2 million dollars. Net income fell 3 percent, to 202.5 million dollars, largely because of a 46 million dollar gain a year earlier that was minimally offset by a 2 million dollar gain in the latest half.

"This is a solid result," said Johan Carlberg, an analyst with Barclays de Zoete Wedd Australia Ltd. He added that the outlook for the full year was favorable.

Sales in the six months to Dec. 31 fell 1 percent, to 2.23 billion dollars. The company said that was due partly to a rise in the value of the Australian dollar.

In Britain, profit at the company's Courage unit rose 17 percent.

Foster's Asia, reporting for the first time, recorded a loss of 6.5 million dollars. The company said its investments in China were still in an early phase. "We are making good progress in China at the operating level, and I expect the loss in the second half to be considerably reduced," Mr.

The results were better than analysts expected, and Foster's shares rose 2 cents, to 1.16 dollars.

Broken Hill Proprietary Co., Australia's largest listed company, owns 38 percent of Foster's.

NEC Loses Share To Foreign Firms In Japan PC Sales

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches TOKYO - NEC Corp. saw its share of Japan's surging per-sonal-computer market fall below 50 percent in 1994 as foreign companies garnered more than a quarter of Japanese PC sales, research companies said

Dataquest Japan Ltd. said NEC's share of the Japanese market in 1994 was 47 percent, down from 52.8 percent the year before IDC Japan Etd? said NEC's share was 43.2 percent down from 49 percent. Japan's personal computer

market grew 34.7 percent last year, topping 3 million units for the first time, Dataquest said. Shipment of new personal computers in Japan totaled 3.32

million units in 1994. Apple Computer Inc., which shipped 342,800 PCs to Japan in 1993, increased its share to 15.5 percent from 13.9 percent. IBM Japan Ltd. grabbed 10 percent of the market, pushing Fujitsu Ltd. out of third place. (Bloomberg, AP)

Corp. made a down payment Monday for Fort Bonifacio, a sprawling military complex it won in bidding last month.

In ceremonies at the presidential palace, Ricardo Pascua, president of Metro Pacific, presented a 19.6 billion peso (3790). million) check to the government, saying it was the biggest one issued in Philippine history.

The amount represents a 50 percent initial payment on its bid of 39.17 billion pesos. The group also submitted a surety bond issued by Pioneer Insurance & Surety Corp. that guarantees payment for the balance, due a year from now.

antees payment for the balance, due a year from now.

Since it made the bid Jan. 6, Metro Pacific, a unit of First Pacific Corp. of Hong Kong, has come under fire from critics who thought the group had paid too much.

Those concerns were fueled by reports that the consortium had asked the government to change payment terms as it found difficulty finding local institutions able to handle the huge sum. Metro Pacific's down payment alone represents almost 2 percent of the Philippines' gross national product and about 12 percent of money in circulation. and about 12 percent of money in circulation.

Metro Pacific stock fell 4 percent to 3.70 pesos.

Japanese Entrepreneur to Buy Organizer of Comdex Show Group Inc., a closely held company based in Needham, Massachusetts. 200,000 people and 2,200 exhibiting based in Needham, Massachusetts. 200,000 people and 2,200 exhibiting in Las Vezas and tour companies in

By Andrew Pollack New York Times Service

TOKYO - A Japanese entrepreneur made himself the oew czar of U.S. computer trade shows Monday when his company agreed to pay \$800 million to buy the organization that runs the massive Condex exhibition in Las Vegas each November.

The buyer, Masayoshi Son, 37, is the founder and president of Softbank Corp., Japan's leading software dis-tributor and a publisher of computer magazines. Softbank is buying the trade-show business from Interface

Manila Licenses 10 Banks

proved licenses for 10 foreign banks: Bangkok Bank PLC,

Bank of Tokyo Ltd., Chemical Banking Corp., Deutsche Bank AG, Fuji Bank Ltd., Interna-tional Commercial Bank of

China, Development Bank of

Singapore, Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd.,

Korea Exchange Bank and In-ternationale Nederlanden

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The size of the deal is reminiscent of

the high-rolling late 1980's, when Japanese companies and business people, flush with wealth from surging stock and land prices, made large acquisi-tions of American movie studios and real estate at what turned out to be inflated prices.

Questions were already being raised Monday about whether Softbank, which is counting on its high stock price to help finance the purchase. might have paid too much. Comdex, which attracted nearly

companies in November, is already so big that it might be hard for it to expand further. Some computer companies have complained that the show is too unwieldy and not worth the expense of exhibiting.

Analysts and industry executives speculated that Interface Group had revenue of about \$150 million a year. Of the 17 trade shows it operated, Comdex, at least, is highly profitable.

But in November, computer industry leaders nearly revolted at some of the fees Interface tried to charge. Interface will still own the Sands

in Las Vegas and tour companies in Massachusetts and Israel. Sheldon G. Adelson, chief executive of Interface, said he would use the sale proceeds to expand in the casino business.

To help finance the acquisition, Softbank will issue 2 million new shares of stock, which would bring \$330 million at its closing price Monday of 16,300 yen (\$165) a share.

Softbank expects sales of 90 billion yen and profit of 2 billion yen in the financial year that ends ocxt mooth. The company made 939 million yen in the previous year.

FUTURES & OPTIONS

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby giveo that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Fidelity Global Selection Fund, a société d'investissement à capital variable organised under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg ("the Fund"), will be held at the registered office of the Fund, Kansallis House, Place de l'Etoile, Luxembourg, at 11:00 a.m. on February 23, 1995. specifically, but without limitation, for the following purposes:

1. Presentation of the Report of the Board of Directors. 2. Presentation of the Report of the Auditor.

Approval of the balance sheet and income statement for the fiscal year ended October 31, Discharge of the Board of Directors and the Auditor.

Barry R. J. Bateman, Charles T. M. Collis, Sir Charles A. Fraser, Jean Hamilius and H.F. van den Hoven, being all of the present Directors. Election of the Auditor, specifically the election of Coopers & Lybrand, Luxembourg.

7. Consideration of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Approval of items 1 through 7 of the agenda will require the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares present or represented at the meeting with NO minimum number of shares present

Election of six (6) Directors, specifically the re-election of Messrs. Edward C. Johnson 3rd,

or represented in order for a quorum to be present. Subject to the limitations imposed by the Articles of Incorporation of the Fund with regard to ownership of shares which constitute io the aggregate more than three percent (3%) of the outstanding shares, each share is entitled to one vote. A shareholder may act at any meeting by

Dated: January 19, 1995 BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Bloomberg Business News CURRENCY AND CAPITAL MARKET SERVICES MANILA — The govern-ment said Monday it had ap-

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Herald Tribune

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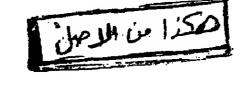
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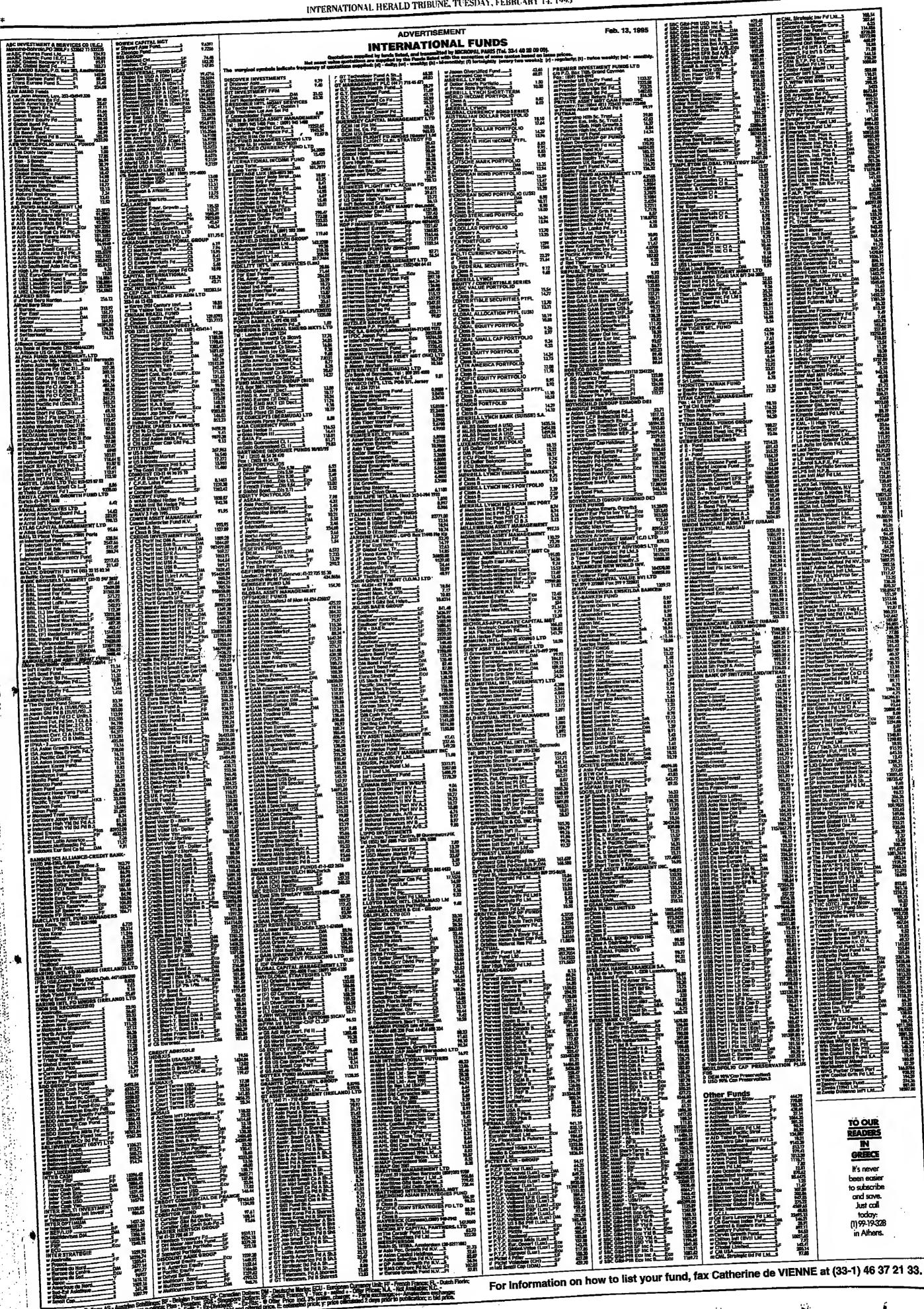
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PAGE 24

By Clifton Brown New York Times Service

PHOENIX, Arizona - Maybe some of the Eastern Conference players spent too much time soaking up the sun. Maybe the Western Conference, which has been the stronger confer-ence all season, simply wanted to prove a point

Whatever the case, the 45th National Basketbali Association All-Star Game was a romo Sunday for the Western stars, who used a run-and-gun offense on their way to a 139-112 victory before a capacity crowd at the America West Arena in Phoenix. The West built a 104-81 lead after three quarters, making the fourth quarter a mere exercise in finishing the

A team with stars like Shaquille O'Neal, Scottie Pippen, two players, the West came at

win long before this game was over. The East never seriously threatened during the second half, and the West had a great time dominating the game.

No one had more fun than Mitch Richmond of the Sacramento Kings, the shooting guard who was selected as the game's most valuable player. It was a milestone for Richmond. one of the league's best players but often overlooked because he has played in a small market for a team that consistently misses the playoffs. Sunday was an opportunity for Richmond to grab the spotlight, and he

"It's just overwhelming, said Richmond, who shot 10 for 13 from the field and led all corers with 23 points.

Instead of relying on one or

Patrick Ewing, and Anfernee the East in waves. Paul West-Hardaway had no chance to phal, the coach of the West, had difficulty finding a combination that did not work. Brian Hill, the coach of the East, had trouble finding a combination that did work.

> "The other game I coached was two years ago, and that was an overtime game in Utah," said Westphal. "That game had incredible intensity. This game never approached that. It's one of those things. I liked it be-cause I was on the winning side. I am sure Brian Hill didn't like it so much."

The lopsided game took away from some of the suspense and excitement. One of the most amusing moments came during the fourth quarter, when O'Neal attempted a 3-point jumper. It looked as if he were practicing for the shot-put. The ball landed about three feet short of ending knee injury last week, among the fans for this year's

the basket, and the crowd and some of the players laughed.
"It slipped," said O'Neal, tunity disappearing before his who was not double-teamed or

tripled-teamed as in last year's game, and who led the East with 22 points on 9-for-16 shooting. "Now it's time to get back to my real job." This game did nothing to satisfy those fans who still long for the days of Michael Jordan.

Magic Johnson, and Larry Bird.
The most entertaining molouked like fun." ment of the fourth quarter occurred during a timeout, when the Gorilla mascot was jumping off a catapult and dunking from the foul line. Charles Barkley left the West huddle, walked to midcourt, and looked as if he were going to attempt the Go"It just seemed like we were

were going to attempt the Go-rilla's stunt. The crowd roared, but Jerry Colangelo, the Suns' owner and president who lost

was probably having visions of game. They had a little more the Suns championship oppor-

Barkley's teammate, Dan Majerie, came to the rescue, grabbing Barkley (15 points, 9 rebounds) around the waist and pulling him back to the sideline. "I would love to do that," said Barkley of jumping off a catapult for a dunk. "I'm a very spontaneous person and that

Some of the East's players did better on the golf course this weekend than they did Sunday. They will look forward to a chance to redeem themselves during the All-Star Game in

down from the jump ball and trying to catch up," said Grant Hill, the Detroit Pistons' rookie Danny Manning to a season- who was the leading vote-getter

out and spanked us. I was nervous before the game, during the game, and I'm still nervous, after the same."

Plenty of pregame attention was focused on whether the West would surround O'Neal in the low post, trying to prevent him from dominating with his signature power moves and dunks. O'Neal felt that the West went overboard last season, double-teaming and tripleteaming him because it was afraid he would take over the game. The West players denied that there was any pregame conspiracy, but O'Neal was not

utes, giving the crowd more of what it wanted to see.

All-Star Stats

WEST 139, EAST 172 WEST 139, EAST 112

Min PG FT Rub A PF
20 \$8 04 00 3 2
20 5-15 04 07 3 1
26 5-16 47 47 1 2
31 49 44 45 11 1
22 3-7 00 0-0 6 1
22 47 22 0-1 1 3
11 25 04 0-1 3 0
20 23 22 1-4 2 0
19 47 23 0-8 1 3
11 0-1 24 2-2 0 1
6 1-1 0-0 2-4 8 1
20 44-24-24-34 3 3 12

Percentroes: FG .CR, FT .571; \$-Point Gods: \$-22.364 (Miller 3-4. Planen 2-4. Johnson 1-1, Dumar 3-1-2. Borros 1-3. Mounting 6-1, CN cat 9-1. Hardways 9-22. Tatem Rebeards: 6 Blocked Shots: 6 (O'Neol 2. Piroen, Boket Describe Bass: 6 (Crises 2 Pipper, Boleti, Mourning, Miller). Transvers: 28 (Ewing 5, Pipper 4, Hardowery 3, O'Neol 2, 6; Hill, Miller, Dumars, Johnson, Mourning, Boler). Steels: 16 (O'Neol 3, 0, Hill 2, Pipper 2, Miller, Dumars, Ewing). Technical Joshs: None, Illegal de-tense: None,

Goobs: 8-27, 294 (Richmond 3-3 Molerie 2 Ololowen 1-1, Barkley 1-4, Schrempf 1 Sprewell 0-2, Payton 0-3, Stocklon 0-3). Tec Sprawell v.2 Polytoli v.5 sections of st. censis Rebounds: 10, Blocked shots: 7 (Muhambo 4, Otoliuwon 2, Robinson), Turnovers: 15 (Kerno 4, Otoliuwon 3, Polyton 3, Barkley 2, Sprawell, Robinson, Malouel, Steats: 15 (Sprawell, Polyton 3, Barkley 2, Ololiuwon 2, Robinson 2,

Barkley Makes Joke . And the Fuss Flies

By Richard Justice and Anthony Cotton Washington Post Service

PHOENIX - Charles Barkley and the National Basketball Association have played down an apparently off-hand remark that the Phoenix Suns' forward made at the end of a testy television interview.

That's why I hate white people," Barkley was heard saying. The remark was widely reported by the ESPN network.

Barkley said he meant the re-But this year, the Shaq attack was back. O'Neal had two monster dunks in the first form. Union, is white. "We were joking around," Barkley said before the All-Star

> He called the controversy "typical journalism" and said, "People are trying to create. controversy where there is

Speaking after the game, Barkley assailed ESPN for be-ing irresponsible in trying to "make something out of nothing. It's unfair and unfortunate that they would try to do that, but I'm going to get them back in the long run. They need me more than I need them."

NBA Commissioner David Stern said he was "more embarrassed by the reaction to this than by what Charles said.

"This is much ado about nothing. It's all part of Charles' routine — if you're with him in private or when he's being roasted or if he's on his stage with reporters."

Barkley made the remark the

day before the game, after a large, informal news conference at which a television reporter, who could not be identified, asked about "groupies." Barkley began to answer the question by saying that "rich, good-looking athletes" have "women who want to be with them."

As questioning on the subject continued, he cut off the interview, telling the reporter to "get a life." Then, as he began to walk away, he turned to Bloom and said: "That's why I hate white people."

Bloom, who has been working on a free-lance story on Barkley for Sport magazine, said the two have had a similar exchanges during the three weeks Bloom has been working on his piece. Bloom said that Barkley said he was kidding moments after making the rehine

Barkley, 31, whose wife is white, has a history of outrageous comments. He frequently makes remarks not meant for publication to reporters he knows. Once he said, "That's the kind of game if you lose, you want to go home and beat your wife"; he apologized when women's groups demanded it.

A year ago, Barkley enraged some people by amnouncing "I am not a role model" in a commercial for Nike. Barkley said that parents have to raise their own children and not look to athletes to provide guidance.

Barkley has long said he wants to run for governor of Alabama as a Republican in 1998. But when asked here about his political ambitions, he said: "I couldn't really do that. I've got too many skeletons in my closet. Ive got a

graveyard."
The Suns' president, Jerry Colangelo, said that Barkley "is the furthest thing from a racist there is."

"Look at his marriage, his friends; there's certainly nothing in those areas that would be indicative of Charles being a racist," Colangelo added.
"I think Charles is very sav-

vy, very much in control of what he says and does 99 percent of the time. The other 1 percent of the time he's off the wall; maybe what he says is misinterpreted, maybe there's a different meaning to what he says — I think this falls into that category."

Charles Grantham, executive

director of the NBA Players Association said: "Charles Barklev is no racist. I know that for a fact. It sounds like one of those things people are making too much over. People are looking for anything to create contro-

After the game, Barkley turned his considerable sarcasm

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4

on all the media.

"It's been a whole weekend
for the Chuckster, but you've
got to go," he said. "I hope you
all had a great time; I was trying to be a host, the city was trying to be a host, but I think every-body's tired of you now. Spend of a lot of money tonight, then wake up early and leave so we can have our golf courses

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UConn Takes Top Spot In Big East, and Poll, With Defeat of Syracuse

"We're No. 1," the Connecticut fans chanted after the thirdranked Huskies beat No. 10

That bit of college basketball history came to pass Monday. when The Associated Press men's poll was released, making UConn the first school to have both its men's and women's

teams ranked at the top.
While its men were winning, 77-70, at Syracuse, the already top-ranked UConn women were building their record to

COLLEGE HIGHLIGHTS

21-0 with an 84-62 decision over Seton Hall.

"I: feels good," guard Kevin Quie said after his game, referring to the possible leap to the top of the heap. "But I'm glad we're No. 1 in the Big East. That is the thing we have to take care of first."

Winning at Syracuse is never easy, particularly with the conference lead on the line. But UConn handled it well, winning its 17th straight conference

game.
The victory gave the Huskies a two-game lead over Syracuse, which it beat by 86-75 earlier in the season. That game featured a 22-point turnaround in the final 11 minutes.

This game wasn't decided until the final 2:22, when the Hus-69-68 on a free throw by Travis Knight. Connecticut, which struggled from the outside throughout, scored the next eight points - six from the free throw line - as the Orangemen

missed all four shots they took. Connecticut's only loss this season was an 88-59 thrashing last month by Kansas in Kansas City, Missouri.

"We lost the Kansas game but got more focused," said Ray Allen, who led the Huskies with 18 points and was a hig

part of the effort to stop the racuse star Lawrence Moten. Moten, who came into the game needing 20 points to sur-pass Derrick Coleman as the school's career scoring leader, finished with 17 on 7-for-18

shooting. Donny Marshall and Knight added 15 points apiece for Connecticut

No. 2 North Carolina 85, No. 20 Georgia Tech 81: Rasheed Wallace had seven slams as be scored 27 points and the Tar Heels ended the Yellow Jackets' 15-game home winning streak. He scored 10 points in the final 5:37 as North Carolina twice held off Georgia Tech after the hosts had cut the lead to a

Travis Best led the Yellow Jackets with 20 points.

No. 4 Kentucky 97, Notre Dame 58: Walter McCarty scored 12 of his 20 points in the first five minutes of the game and the Wildcats handed the Irish their worst home defeat in 97 years. The worst came in 1898, when the Irish fell, 64-8, to First Regiment.

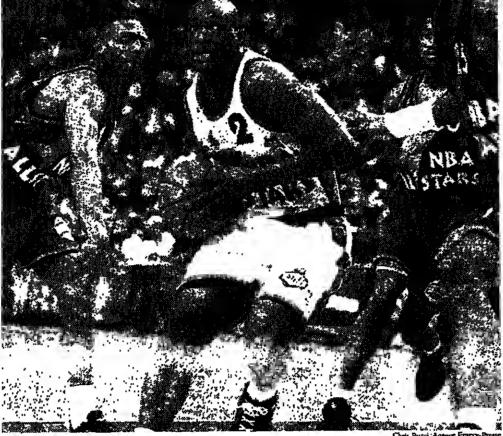
Turnovers were a problem for Notre Dame. The Irish gave the ball away 23 times, resulting in 20 points.

California 74, No. 12 Arizona 72: K. C. Roberts's only points of the game, with 1.6 seconds left, gave the Golden Bears their second upset of a Pac-10

leader in 16 days.

Cal had a 17-point lead early in the second half, but Arizona staged a forious rally to twice tie. The last, at 72-72 on Joseph Blair's tip-in with 14 seconds to go, set the stage for Roberts. He drove into the lane and hit a 10foot jumper.

Indiana 82, No. 25 Purdue 73: Alan Henderson scored 26 points and freshman Charlie Miller had 21 as Indiana ended visiting Purdue's six-game winning streak.



Mitch Richmond of the Kings drove through the East for 23 points and the MVP award.

Fedorov Gets 4 Goals, but Is Stopped By Hrudey in Overtime as Kings Tie

The Associated Press

the Detroit Red Wings' forward Sergei Fedorov, Kelly Hrudey put his foot down. Fortunately for the Los Angeles Kings, he put it in the right place.
"The goalie made a pretty

scored four goals in regulation,

giving him nine for the season,

good decision - to go to my forehand. He made a good move," Fedorov said Sunday night after Hrudey stopped his penalty shot with 1:08 left in overtime by sticking out his right foot to preserve a 4-4 tie. Since Fedorov had already

Hrudey wasn't about to do any- Robert Lang, Randy Burridge

going to do," Hrudey said.
"You can't think of anything
He's so crafty. I don't think he knows what he's going to do all

NHL HIGHLIGHTS

the time. I believed I could stop iL Even if he scored four like he did, I still believed." Fedorov's four goals in regulation belped the Red Wings hold a 4-1 lead after two peri-

ods. But the Kings came back to

tie on third-period goals by

After giving up four goals to thing fancy at that point.

and Dan Quinn.

T just let him do what he was Fedorov, a 56-goal scorer last season and the NHL's most valuable player, was awarded the penalty shot hy referee Don Koharski when defeuseman Michel Petit knocked the Kings' net off its moorings. Fedorov skated to 15 feet of the net before he let go a wrist shot. After stopping it, Hrudey

pumped the air with his list. The Kings' right wing, Jari Kurri, had two assists to move into a tie with Alex Delvecchio for 13th place on the all-time scoring list with 1,281 points.

High School Player Survives Having Throat Cut by Blade

ROCKLAND, Massachusetts - A high school bockey player who had his throat slashed by an opponent's skate was recovering Monday at a hospital near Boston.

Joe Carista, a 11 School, was in stable condition at South Shore Hospital in Weymouth. On Saturday, 155 stitches were required to close an 18-inch wound in his throat.

If the skate "had come any closer to his jugular, we would have lost him," said the bockey team's coach, Boh Corliss. "I could see the inside of his whole throat.

Carista fell to the ice when he went to check a Dennis-Yarmouth player early in their game at Rockland Arena. While he was down, an opposing player inadvertently skated over Carista's throat.

Two aides put gauze pads on Carista's throat before the ambulance got him to the hospital. He underwent 58 minutes

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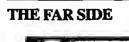






CALVIN AND HOBBES

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"Sorry about this, buddy, but the limit on those things is half a dozen—tooks like you're one over

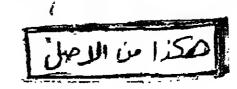


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Chinese Swimmers Barred From Meet

HONOLULU - In one of the strongest anti-doping ac-tions ever taken, China has been barred from this summer's Pan Pacific Swimming Championships in Atlanta.

The Pan-Pacific Swimming Association's charter members — Australia, Canada, Jepan and the United States — voted by 3-1 Sunday to not invite China to their meet in August because of the alleged use of performance-enhancing drugs by China's athletes.

Guo Qinglong, secretary general of the Chinese Swimming Association, said Monday that the decision went "against con-ventional reasoning" and was

"Only those who violate rules should be punished," Guo said in Beijing. "There is no basis for punishing 1.2 billion people." An official of the International Swimming Federation, Gunnar Werner, said that "I don't think this type of action is the best way of dealing with a

problem like this." He added: "This could have serious consequences for next year's Olympic Games in Atlanta.

The United States, which introduced the resolution, was joined by Canada and Australia in voting against China, Japan

cast the dissenting vote.
The decision was fueled in part by the recent spate of posi-tive drug tests of Chinese athletes, including seven swimmers. Of 13 positives since October's Asian Games, 12 were for a potent anabolic ste- most notably the Chinese swimroid, dihyrodtestosterone. The male hormone, which helps promote muscle mass, was previously undetected. Two of the swimmers, Lu Bin and Yang

Aihua, were world champions. Our recommendation was based on a resolution passed by our Board of Directors two

SCOREBOARD

23

Basketball

The AP Top 25

2, Morth Carolina (6) 3, Konsus (3) 4, Kontucky (6) 5, Massachusetts

5. Monsochaisethi 4. UCLA 7. Marylond (1) 8. Michipun St. 9. Missouri 10. Artonus 11. Syracuse 12. Artzona 13. Artzona 15. Villanova 14. Virolinio

14. Virginto 17. Stanford 16. Alaboma

Top 25 College Results

How the top 25 teams to The Associates Press' means called because the first Sunday: 1, Commedical (19-1) boot No. 11 Syr-

active 77-70, Mixit: of No. 20 Georgetown, Turn-day; 2, Neurite Creditive (17-2) boat No. 38 Geor-pia Tech 85-51. Neut: vs. Clemator, Thursday; 4, Knethucky (17-3) boot Notre Dome 57-52, Neut: vs. No. 23 Mixipsalopi Stole, Tuesday; 11. Syractive (17-4) loof to No. 1 Connecticut 77-76. Neut: vs. No. 16 Villanova of the Spectrum-ungatory: 22, Artsmen (18-5) loof to Colifornia 24-72. Neut: at Southern Colifornia. Thurs-day; 16. Virubale (14-6) boot UNLV 75-65.

weeks ago that China not be invited," said Carol Zaleski, president of the U.S. Swimming Federation.

She added that that allowing Chinese swimmers to participate would be "ignoring the wealth of actual and circumstantial evidence that points to the fact their drug problem is widespread and systematic."

In casting the dissenting vote, Shinji Higashijima, chairman of he Japan Amateur Swimming Federation, said Japan "would like to give only one more chance to China, but no more. This is why we voted not to bar

"We must ask FINA to stand much more strongly against doping," Higashijima added. "But, on the other hand, we understand China's reflection

The other Pan-Pacific members did not show the same faith in China's word.

"Hiding behind rationales that herbal teas are involved tests people's patience," said David Johnson, national director of Swimming Canada, "People are the Associated Press only."

Steffi Graf in Paris: "My main focus is still on my tennis and my tennis only." fed up with being bamboozled."

Added Forbes Cartile, director of the Australian Swim Coaches Association: "Damn international politics. We've got to get rid of them until they do the right thing."

FINA, which had come under increased international pressure to take action against the use of drugs by athletes, mers, announced last week that it would institute "bold new initiatives" against the use of performance-enhancing drugs through increased testing and stiffer penalties, and singled out China for an on-site investiga-

(AP, LAT, Reuters, AFP)

Medri vii Duttu Wedreadov; 2s. Decryile Tech.; (15-4) Jost to No. 2 North Carolina 85-81, Nord: vs. North Carolina A&T, Wednesdov; 25, Pur-stee (36-6) Jost to Indiana 82-73, Nord: vs. Penn

Other Major College Scores

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WESTERN CONFERENCE

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South Alchama & Jocksonvill Temple 53, Louisville 48 MADWEST Bowling Green 79, Ohio U. & Challeneti 114, Dovion 63 FAR WEST State Clear 24 Sep. Disor 62

HOCKEY



Fogdoe's Ski Career Appears Over

AMERITECH CUP

CHICKET . L

SECOND TEST New Zaolond vs. West hades, final day Mandary, in Wellington, New Zegland West Indies 1st Inninss; 660-5 deci.

TTALLAN FIRST DIVISION

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Rome 34. Sampdoria 31, Lezio 31, Fiorentino 36. Altion 29, Capitori 26, Torino 26, Bart 29, Inter 24, Napoli 24, Faogla 24, Carmonete 18, Genoa 17, Padova 17, Respiana 12, Brascia 12, DUTCH FIRST DIVISION Alax Amsterdam 4, Feyenoord 18 Raterial 25, PSV 27, William II 24, Feyenoord 23, Heorenveen 23, Vitsae 21, FC Volendam 19, MVV 17, Sporta 17, PC Granippen 16, NAC 15, FC Utrachi 15, NEC 15, RKC 15, GA, Eostes 8, Dordrechi 96 4.

Buick Invitational

Hulbert, \$79,200

ill 1, Cremonese 8 adinos: Juvenius 42 points, Pormo 3%

STOCKHOLM — Tomas Fogdoe's career as a top skier has likely been ended by the training accident that left him partially paralysed, the chief physician at the hospital where Fogdoe is being treated said Monday.

Olle Andren, the chief physician at Umea

University Hospital in northern Sweden, told the Swedish news agency TT that Fogdoe could recover some use of his legs but would have to "get used to a different way of life."

"Fogdoe has suffered serious partial paralysis," Andren said. "He will be able to recover partially as a result of physiotherapy and partially with drugs."

First Peried; E-Buchberger 2 (Marchant, Thurnton); Seand Period; Nave. Third Peri-odt; E-Thurnton 2.(en), Shots on gool; A 45-20—29. E 20-15-10—3, Godlen—4, Hebert. E.

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McKory 1 (5. Nedermover); Second Period:
N.J.-Hokke 2 (Peluso); FLowry 4 (Fitzperiod,
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Shots an seel; N.J. 6-15-7-28, F 9-5-7
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Les Aspetés 6 1 3 5-4
Detroit 2 2 6 5-4
First Period: D-Fedorov 5 (Drown, Engasery): D-Fedorov 7 (Kazlov, Konstantinav);
Second Period: D-Fedorov 6 (Lidsfrom, Cuitey): (op). L.A-Zhilnik 2 (Kurri, Tocchet);

)pp). D-Federov 9,(sh),Third Pariod: L.A. Long 2, L.A.-Burridse 1)Gretziy, Kurri; L.A.-Guinn 1 (Zhitalic, Tocchet); Overtime: N-

CA-queri i (201104); l'eccret); overtime; l'ecne Sheks de gonf; L.A. 6-11-12-2-51. D 24-16-165-47. Misser pendity shul-Fedurov, D, overtime. Geolles-L.A., Hrudey, D, Vernon.

SAN JOSE OPEN

"At the moment he is in a wheelchair and he will probably have to get used to a differ-ent way of life in the future."

Other doctors had said that Fogdoe sustained serious damage to the vertebra at the base of his spine. Andren said there also was damage to bone marrow in the spine,

Fogdoe, the World Cup statom champion in 1993, was training with the rest of the Swedish downhill team at Are when he skied into a wood and apparently crashed into a tree last Tuesday. During an operation Wednesday, screws were inserted to reposition the affected vertebrae. (Reuters, AP)

HOCKEY

Mational Hockey League
BOSTON—Recoiled John Blue, positender,
from Providence, AHL
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left wine, from Rochester, AHL
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Rychel, left wine,
K.Y. IS LANDERS—Acquired Poul Stanton,
from Boston left subre-consideroffices and ossigned him to Denver, IHL
N.Y. RANGERS—Sent Joan-Yves Roy, forword, to Baptamino, AHL

word, to Binchunton, AHL
OTTAWA—Sent Powel Demline, left wing,
to Prince Edward Island, AHL
PHILADELPHIA—Traded Mark Lomb, cen-

PHILADELPHIA—Traded Mark Lamb, con-ter, to Montreal for cast. Claimed Jim Mont-gomery, carlier, oil walvers from Montreal. ST. LOUIS—Recalled Craig Johnson and Patrice Tardii, torwards, and Terry Hol-linger, deteroeman, from Pearla, IHL. WASHINGTON—Traded Warren Rychel, left wing, to Tarania for a 1975 or 1977 fourth-count death alies.

COLLEGE BALL STATE—Paul Schudel, factball coach is resigning to become offensive line coach at Hillinois.

11.LLINOIS—Named O'Neill Gilbert autside

sive coordinater. MIAMI—Nomed Larry Color offensive coor

line coach.

FLORIDA STATE—Named Dave Hart attractor.

ILLINOIS STATE—Named Paul Chryst of

received to the control of the contr

BELGRAVIA

ORCHIDS

Graf Set for Her Comeback, Pained Mainly by Questions

By Christopher Clarey Special to the Herald Tribune

PARIS -- If you are a young and gifted litigator, or writer, or construction worker, people would not think of asking why you keep on doing what you do best, or when you plan on stopping. But when you are a young and gifted tennis player named Steffi Graf, these questions keeps popping up like a couple of bad prennigs.

"I'm 25, why should I feel old?" Graf said Monday on the eve of the Open Gaz de France. "I know I've been in all these tournaments so many times, but they didn't start asking Martina Navratilova or Ivan Lendi these questions until they were 30. Even 28 is all right, but not 25. Let's leave it for later."

The truth is that Graf could have been forgiven for letting tennis slip down her priority list in recent months. Not only has she already won all that matters in her sport, amassing 15 Grand Slam titles, one Grand Slam sweep and nearly \$15 million in prize money. But, for the past six months, she has had to spend the bulk of her transatlantic existence enduring the drudgery of rehabilitation and training without the adrenaline rush of competition.

"You have to be very motivated to go through that to come back," she said.

She has played in only one tournament since losing to Arantxa Sánchez Vicario in the final of the U.S. Open last September. Graf played that match in pain because of a bone spur in her lower back. That problem with her sacroiliac caused her to withdraw from four events before she made a less-than-convincing return at the season-ending Virginia Slims Championships in November.

sulted with several groups of specialists in Germany and the United States and was repeatedly told that she would have to learn to live with her back problem if she did not want to nek major surgery.

During that span, she con-

For now, she has decided against it.

'That's why I'm sitting here, she said Monday. The operation would take me out six batsman for the West Indies in to eight months, and they can-the 1950s, said he believed the not tell me positively 100 percent that it would be O.K. after-

wards." "This is not an injury that's going to go away," said her coach, Heinz Gunthardt. "Controlling it is the main goal."

The A Graham

allowed her to resume playing the spin bowlers Shane Warne without pain, a strained right and Tim May.

SIDELINES

Nigeria next month.

For the Record

the competition venues were unfounded.

event, the Australian Open.

Her withdrawal would end up allowing Sanchez Vicario to take over the No. 1 one ranking on the court." that only the steely nerves and baseline wizardry of Monica Seles had been able to wrest away from Graf during the past eight years.

But, said Graf, "I can't expect to be No. I not playing." Barring a last-minute hitch, she will return to competition on Wednesday, meeting either Larisa Neiland or Elena Makarova in the second round. And if all falls into place, she could regain the top spot by winning the tournament and amassing enough bonus points, since Sanchez Vicario is taking the week off.

Graf, as is her wont, made it clear Monday that she is not chasing No. 1, merely a painfree experience. But she is well aware that women's tennis is growing more crowded at the top. For the first time since early 1987, she does not hold a Grand Slam title. And even before the injuries. Sanchez Vi-cario was giving her consider-able trouble. So was Mary Pierce, the new No. 3, who crushed Graf at her own attacking-baseline game in the French Open semifinals and did not drop a set while winning the Australian last month. Graf has been seeded No. 1 and Pierce

No. 2 in Paris.

calf muscle forced her to skip tennis and my tennis only, but this year's first Grand Slam if you know you will have tough. opponents, it obviously is more exciting," Graf said, "You ap-

In fact, Graf would appreciate even more competition, namely Seles, who has not played a tournament since being stabbed in the back nearly two years ago but who is report-edly training on a regular basis' in Florida with the former tour-

ing pro, Betsy Nagelsen.
"I would feel extremely happy for her if she came back," Graf said. "I think that would show a lot of strength, a lot of mental strength. And that's something that's really difficult. I know she has the possibility to do it. She has the right game to get back on top right away, but it seems that time is passing, you know. It doesn't get any easier."

Graf has not been through comparable trauma, but after all the hospital visits and false starts of the last six months, she clearly knows whereof she speaks. And on Monday, she looked delighted, if slightly apprehensive, about the prospect of resuming her remarkable ca-

She even lent a hand with the draw. And when the tournament official charged with placing the name cards on the draw sheet fumbled "S. Graf" and let it drop to the carpet, Graf herself quickly stooped and retrieved it.

Her back appeared to give "My main focus is still on my her no trouble."

Bribe Allegations: Are They Cricket?

CANBERRA, Australia --

The International Cricket Council's chairman, Sir Clyde Walcott, called Monday for the Australian Cricket Board to substantiate allegations that Australian players were offered bribes during last year's tour of Pakistan.

matter should be investigated but that more information was needed from the Australian au-

The ACB's chief executive, Graham Halbish, said Sunday But the back has not been that several Australian players Graf's only bane. Just when had been approached during physical therapy, a new stretch-the tour of Pakistan, but he reing regimen and a slight fused to say which players were straightening of her posture had involved. Media reports named

tain, Alian Border, said sepa-rately on the Channel Nine news program Monday night that he had been offered a bribe to lose a Test match in England But Border would not con-

The former Australian cap-

firm a report in Sydney's Telegraph Mirror that the offer was made by an unidentified former Pakistani test player on behalf of a Pakistani betting syndicate.

Responding to reports of the alleged offers to Warne and May, Sir Clyde, speaking from his home in Barbados, told the Australian Broadcasting Corporation: "I think the allegations are extremely strong, and this is the first that the ICC has' heard about them."

The former ACB general manager, David Richards, now is chief executive of the ICC and has discussed the allegations with Halbish.

The Sydney Morning Herald reported Saturday that Warne and May were offered \$50,000 to throw the Test by bowling badly and allowing the Pakistan batsmen easy runs.

FIFA Reconsidering Nigeria Move
ZURICH (Reuters) — FIFA said Monday it was reconsidering The approaches to them were said to have been made by a prominent person in Pakistani cricket, who was not identified. Pakistan won the match by one

wicket. Arif Abbasi, a member of the ad hoc committee of the Board of Cricket Clubs of Pakistan, said that Halbish had told him FIFA's decision "would have negative and grave consequences on Africa's future participation in international football tournaments." by telephone that Richards had known of the allegations for

some time. "Richards has been sitting on this information for 5½ months," Abbasi said. "He didn't know what to do with it and this country is having to bear the brunt of his ineptitude."

And, he asked, "Why does it only occur to the players 51/2 (AP) months later?"

CROSSWORD

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16 in --- (mired) 16 Fake jewels 17 Goldwyn discovery Алпа —

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sa Start of a cheer

61 Court

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Solution to Puzzle of Feb. 13

O New York Times/Edited by Will Shorts

REGO FALL COAT
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SLAVE PTERO
DOLPHIN RUFUS
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INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

(Continued From Page 4)

its decision to cancel the world youth soccer championships in

after a six-man Nigerian delegation presented fresh documenta-tion that reported outbreaks of meningitis and cholera at two of

FIFA's spokesman, Keith Cooper, said the decision was taken

The Organization of African Unity also warned Monday that

Pitcher Hideo Nomo was signed to a minor-league contract by

the Los Angeles Dodgers and is expected to replace Orel Hershiser in the starting rotation, becoming the first Japanese-born player from the Japanese League to appear in the major leagues. (LAT)

Peter Jacobsen shot 4-under-par 68 to win the Buick Invitational in San Diego by four shots, giving him consecutive U.S. PGA

Tour victories for the first time in his 19-year pro career. (AP)

Remain Blair, soins herd to head society Canada's Susan Angele

world record of 38.69 seconds, breaking her old world mark of 38.99. Auch was clocked in 38.94. (AP)

mie Blair, going head-to-head against Canada's Susan Auch in the 500-meter World Cup race in Calgary, set a speedskating

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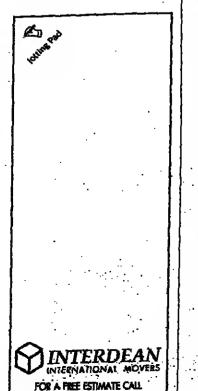
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The Beltway Bailout

WASHINGTON—I live in They maintained that most Washington—a lovely lit-parkers were voters responsible tle town on the Potomac River just inside the Capital Beltway. We are a peaceful, law-abiding community except for the rare member of Congress or cabinet officer who occasional-

ly loses his moral compass. Our only problem is that we are broke, flat busted, empty pockets and all. The solution

to this dilemma is grim — if the president makes as much effort to save Washington as he did baseball,

Buchwald we will have enough money to purchase sand for the next snowstorm. If not, the capital of the greatest and most powerful nation in the world will have to declare bankruptcy and face a fate worse than Orange County, California. Some of the wisest and most frugal men in Washington are

One of the first solutions someone came up with was to give the District of Columbia back to Maryland.

trying to find a way out.

Maryland politely refused the offer after the way the Washington Redskins played in 1994. I think the real reason it doeso't want our city is that Baltimore hopes to get another pro football team of its own. So annexing Washington would screw up the state's chances for a franchise.

parking lot to accommodate all mooey any way he can.

parkers were voters responsible for Ollie North losing his bid for the U.S. Senate.

After the neighboring states said "no thanks," Washington was offered to Vermont, Oklahoma, Montana and Nevada. Nevada was the only one interested because it was looking for a site to dump its nuclear waste. and the Department of Energy building seemed to be just the

When the trade-offs got nowhere, more imaginative solu-tions were proposed. One was to put a surcharge on Representative Bob Dornan's mouth. Every time he became rabid, he would have to put \$5 in the Treasury

Another money-raiser would be a tax on any government employee being investigated by a special prosecutor. A second value-added tax would be levied against any speaker of the House who signed a book contract with the bopes of getting a \$4.5 million advance.

Besides collecting money the city could make better use of its public buildings. A commission is already studying how to convert the Washington Monument into a motel with a restaurant on the top overlooking the metropolis. Some experts claim that the Mail is perfect for a golf course where a person could tee off from Lincoln's lap at one end and putt out at the Supreme Court on the other end.

None of the above can solve the whole problem alone, but a combination of several could be D. C. was then offered to Virthe answer. If not, the only ginia. There was some interest thing left is to make Marion because the governor wanted to Barry the head of the World turn Washington into a giant Bank and tell him to get the

the Northern Virginia residents
who commute into the city evington should go off the dollar ery day. But the rest of Virginia and start using Mexican pesos said that they were not con- to run the government. That cerned with solving Northern way President Clinton will bave Virginia's parking problems. no choice but to bail us out.

Sartre's 'Phony War': Time Capsule Surfaces

By Alan Riding
New York Times Service

PARIS — Having been sent to Alsace in September 1939 to help prevent a German invasion of France, the soldier Jean-Paul Sartre found he had ample time on his hands: time enough to revise his new book, to read the latest edition of Andre Gide's "Journal" and above all, to think and

In the 10 months before he became a German prisoner on June 21, 1940, Sartre wrote hundreds of letters - to Simone de Beauvoir, to his mistress, Wanda Kosakiewicz, and to other close friends. But as ever, be also had an eye on posterity. filling 15 note-books of a journal that be decreed should be published posthumously.

After his death in 1980 at the age of 75, only five of these notebooks — Nos. 3, 5, 11, 12 and 14 — could be found, and in 1983, they were published by his adopted daughter, Arlette Elkaim-Sartre. Now a sixth notebook has surfaced, and it has been included in a new edition of "Notebooks from the Phony War pub-lished this month by Editions Gallimard

But what, it might be asked, can still be added to knowledge about the existentialist philosopher and leftist militant that was not already revealed in his own books, in his political statements, in both his and Simone de Beauvoir's letters, in numerous biographies and in the published note-

While Sartre is clearly ont of fashion among Left Bank intellectuals today, the new 150-page notebook has stirred interest because it is the first of the "phony war" series. As such, it includes the 34-year-old writer's early reflections about life as a soldier, albeit engaged in nothing more heroic than weather forecasting.

Recalling his pacifism of the 1920s and his "stoicism" of the 1930s, for example, Sartre lamented that he had taken no stance against Nazi Germany before he joined the army. When Britain and France condoned Germany's seizure of the Sudetenland in 1938, he wrote, he lacked the "intellec-



Sartre lamented that he had taken no stance against Nazi Germany.

At the time, he said, the reality of war was still unclear to him. "All I saw was the disruption of my life, an interruption in my writing and, above all,

the bombardment of Paris," he wrote. Yet a few weeks later, be still wondered why war had been declared. "To defend democracy?" be asked. "It oo longer exists. To preserve the prewar state of affairs? It was the most complete disorder. There were no coherent parties or ideologies. Social discontent

tual courage" to take a position for or everywhere. A maneuver by capitalists? But they have nothing to gain

from this war. He recalled a cooversation with de Beauvoir - to whom he refers by her nickname, Castor - in which he said he was now ready to fight to defend
"my freedom to write against Nazi
ideology." But he seemed disturbed
by her response. "That's fine for you,"
she said, "but what does a shepherd from Cevennes have to defend?"

In truth, Sartre saw no action, although the French and German armies occasionally exchanged artillery barrages nearby. Even so, he never imagined he could be killed. "Castor

bit true. I do not intend to die."
Rather, he mused unabashedly about his destiny to become an important writer, noting that he expected to complete his "ocuvre" by the time he was 60, leaving a vacuum between "the end of my life and my death."
But for the moment, he said, "I don't have time to die and, magically, this gives me the certitude that I will not die before reaching the end of my

says I think I am immortal," he wrote on Sept. 23, 1939. "Perhaps it's a little

Much of the ootebook, which was written in September and October 1939, is dedicated to philosophizing about such concepts as dignity, pride, morality, destruction and war. "The death of a soldier is seen as nothing more than the destruction of a tool," he wrote. "Where does that lead us? To nothingness? No. To destroy is not to annihilate, but to dehumanize man and the world."

In this and subsequent notebooks, Sartre wrote surprisingly little about his daily life, once bemoaning his "loneliness without isolation" and occasionally describing fellow soldiers and meals with the family where he was first billeted. More on his mind, it seemed, was the complex personal life he had left behind, kept alive by endless exchanges of letters with women.
In a preface to the new edition, Elkaim-Sartre said that it was a partic-

a world of men. "Having lived since he finished studying surrounded by women who loved and admired him, he discovers that he does not know how to behave

ular shock for Sartre to find himself in

in a male environment," she wrote.

But this was to remain his world
until March 1941, when he was released as a prisoner of war and could rejoin de Beauvoir and other friends in a German-occupied Paris. It is not known if some notebooks were lost when he was a prisoner, but the first notebook had been in a private book collection in Paris since the 1960s, In 1991, it was acquired by the French National Library and made available for publication in this new edition by

PEOPLE

A Lot More Coleridge. Perhaps Not His Best

A researcher has found "a hell of a lot of new poems" written by Samuel Taylor Coleridge, the great Romantic poet notorious for having lost his train of thought halfway through the writing of "Kubla Khan." Jim Mays, head of the English Department at University College, Dublin, said he had found 300 poems by Coleridge (1772-1834) after a 20year search ranging from Russia to New Zealand, according to The Sunday Times of London. The poems apparently are a mixed lot: one is an elegy to a broken shaving mug. Others deal with ingrown fingernails and homosexual themes. One poem was apparently written on a piece of Coleridge's skin, apparently in blood.

Bob Geldof, the rock star best known for organizing the Live Aid concert to raise money to combat famine in Africa in 1985, announced that he and his wife, Paula Yates, "after 18 years of happiness together, will have a trial separation.
They have three children, Fift
Trixibelle, Peaches and Pixle.

The hit British comedy film "Four Weddings and a Funer-al" was nominated on Monday for 11 British Academy awards, leading the field ahead of "Pulp Fiction" and "Forrest Gumo. Its star, Hugh Grant, was nominated for a British Academy best actor award.

A Briton who spent his life a savings bringing his imperson-ation of Eivis Presley to the London stage for one night, says he is penniless but has ful-filled a lifetime's ambition. Brian Lee, who has impersonated Elvis for 10 years, spent more than £15,000 (\$23,000) on his own one-man tribute to Elvis at the London Palladium on Sunday night.

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Forecast for Wednesday through Friday, as provided by Accu-Weather.



North America Europe Rain will spread northward along the East Coest Wednesday and Imper Into Enday, it will be cold enough Iram Philadelphia to Boston for the rain to start as a per od of show. There will be some show from Colorado morthward to Wilderson. Spein eestwerd through trely. Mild air will move into Russka.

Latin America Mainly mainly dry weather is expected across the Koreen Perinsula and Japan. Temperatures from Seoul to Tokyo will be main to alightly below normal. There may be a bit of min in Telwan, Hong North America 5 18/0 PC 4/18
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POSTCARD

U.K. Magazines Go Up-Front (Overboard?) About Sex

By Nina Darnton

ONDON - A bunch of thirtysometh-Ling editors of British women's magazines think they have discovered what women want. The same thing men want, they seem to be saying; sex, plenty of itand the tackier the better.

Publications that used to attract readers with recipes for lemon meringue pie now reel them in with cheesecake — the same timeworn tabloid tactic that used to be the tation with articles aimed at women with broader interests, magazines like Marie Claire, More! and Co. have been reaching new highs in circulation by publishing just about any story with the word sex in it.

Cover lines scream out in fluorescent colors from London newsstands: "The Secrets of Women who Adore Sex," "Future Sex and Shopping," "Sex and the Psycho Girl" and "Suburban Pom Stars." That last one, in the January issue of Company, came complete with graphic photographs under the headline "Suburban Sex Scandal: Group Sex With Strangers, Masturbation, Whipping; It Could Be All Happening Next Door to You."

That article may have gone too far. After all, Company is published by National Magazine Co., a subsidiary of Hearst Corp. that puts out the British versions of Cosmopolitan and Good Housekeeping, as well as the upscale Harpers and Queen magazine.

When Company was introduced in 1978 as a kind of younger sister to Cosmopolitan, it focused on the concerns of 18- to 25year-old women: relationships, straightforward sexual advice and women's health issues. But in the past year the popular monthly has shown a preference for sensa-tionalistic articles. One issue ran a scaled inner section showing rows of close-up pictures of men's sexual organs. The point, according to the article, was to educate women about male anatomy. Educational claims were also made for January's subur-ban sex article, which photographed and described in vivid detail - employing an

impressive variety of four-letter words -scenes of group sex and sadomasochism.

Many readers were outraged. So were retailers who received angry complaints from customers. Supermarkets removed the offending issue from their stands, as did W. H. Smith and John Menzies, two of the largest news agents in Britain.

Mandi Norwood, the editor of Company, refused to answer questions about the January issue. The managing director of National Magazine, Terry Mansfield, released a written statement that said, in part: "We accept that the photographs used in the feature are not in good taste and regret that they may offend some

Mansfield, who said the company periodically conducted market surveys to determine which subjects were of interest to the magazine's readers, cited research showing that young women were less informed about sex than commonly as-

"We find that it's through magazines that young women seek this information," Mansfield said.

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